TALBOT COUNTY, MARYLAND COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Report Prepared By:

Talbot County, Maryland Finance Office



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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

GFOA CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

LIST OF ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS



TALBOT COUNTY, MARYLAND

COURT HOUSE
11 N. WASHINGTON STREET, SUITE 9
EASTON, MARYLAND 21601

December 22, 2015

FAX: 410-770-8006

TTY: 410-822-8735

To the County Council and Citizens of Talbot County, Maryland:

FINANCE OFFICE

PHONE: 410-770-8020

I am pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for Talbot County, Maryland for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 as required by both local and state statutes. These statutes require that Talbot County, Maryland annually issue financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in the United States of America by a firm of licensed certified public accountants.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the County. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for these representations, the management of the County has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the County's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the County's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The County's financial statements have been audited by TGM Group, LLC, Independent Certified Public Accountants. TGM Group, LLC issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the County's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2015. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of Talbot County, Maryland for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The County is required to undergo a federally mandated annual audit called the "Single Audit" which is designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the County's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in Talbot County's separately issued Single Audit report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements. MD&A is designed to complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the Government

Talbot County, located on the Eastern Shore of Maryland, was visited by Captain John Smith in 1608 and settled by the English 50 years later. The County was incorporated in 1661. The County has a land area of 269 square miles and more than 600 miles of waterfront. Talbot County is a predominantly rural county with a land area of 171,000 acres, of which approximately 109,000 acres are farmland.

There are five incorporated towns within Talbot County. The Town of Easton is the County seat and is centrally located. Easton is the major residential, commercial, and employment center of the County. St. Michaels is located on the shores of the Miles River. Oxford is located along the Tred Avon River. The Town of Trappe is located in the south-central portion of the County along U.S. Route 50. The Town of Queen Anne straddles the Talbot County and Queen Anne's County border along Route 404.

Form of Government

Both the executive and legislative functions of the County are vested in the elected, five-member County Council. Council members are elected on a countywide basis and serve four-year terms. The terms of the current members of the Council run to December 2018. The Council elects one Council member to serve as its President and one to serve as its Vice President.

As the result of a referendum held in November 1973, the County has adopted the Charter Home Rule form of government provided in Article XI-A of the Maryland Constitution and Sections 10-101 et. seq. of the Local Government Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland. Under this form of government, the Council has the authority to enact, amend, and repeal legislation relating to the incorporation, organization, and government of the County.

The County Manager, who is appointed by the Council, is the chief administrative officer of the County and is charged with the administration of all agencies of the County government.

The County provides a full range of municipal services including education, libraries, public safety (police, detention center, emergency medical services and volunteer fire services), recreation activities, health and social services, sanitary districts, highways and streets, airport, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

Component Units

The Talbot County Board of Education and the Talbot County Free Library Association, Inc. are reported as discretely presented component units because they are deemed to be fiscally dependent on the County. These component units are reported separately within the County's financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County. Additional information on these component units can be found in Note 2 of the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Budget Process

The annual budget serves as the foundation for Talbot County's financial planning and control. The formulation of the County's budget is the responsibility of the County Manager, who is subject to the supervision of the County Council.

All County departments and agencies seeking funding, submit requests for appropriations to the County Manager in February of each year. These requests are reviewed and amended by the County Manager (except for the budget requests of the Legislative Branch and the Board of Appeals), and a preliminary budget is drafted and introduced by the County Council in April. At least two public hearings are held on the proposed budget. The County Council may increase, decrease, or delete any items in the budget except those required by the laws of the State, and any provisions for debt service on outstanding obligations or for any estimated budget deficits from prior years. The Annual Budget and Appropriation Ordinance must be passed by the County Council on or before June 1 of each year, to be effective on the first day of the subsequent fiscal year. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, department/agency, and general classification of expenditure (personnel, operating, capital outlay, debt service, etc.). Budgetary control for all operating budgets is maintained at the general classification level and at the project level for capital projects. Transfers of appropriations between general classifications of expenditures within the same department may be authorized by the County Manager. Transfers between departments of the county government and within the same fund may be made only during the last quarter of the fiscal year and only on the recommendation of the County Manager and with the approval of the Council. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for the individual governmental funds for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. The general fund comparison is presented in the Required Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, as part of the basic financial statements for the governmental funds. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, with appropriated annual budgets, this comparison is presented in the Other Supplementary Information subsection of this report, as listed in the table of contents.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the County operates.

Local Economy. Like state and local governments across the country, Talbot County is concerned about the National economy and the far reaching effects it has had on Maryland's and Talbot County's overall economy. Of greatest concern are the impacts of continued reductions in state funding and additional costs that may be passed on to local governments, and the potential reduction of income tax revenues, primarily those derived from non-wage income. Income tax revenues increased for the past 4 fiscal years; however the County is currently projecting that the actual Income Tax revenues received in FY 2016 will be less than the amount received in FY 2015 and will be less than the amount budgeted for FY 2016. The County's housing market has stabilized, and in FY 2016 the County is optimistic that the housing market will grow. The County continues to have a healthy mix of service related businesses, agriculture, and light manufacturing. Employment is expected to remain stable and the unemployment rate should continue to mirror both the State (5.6%) and National (5.3%) rates as evidenced by the June 2015 County rate of 5.2 percent. In addition, the County has maintained favorable tax rates, including the lowest property tax rate and the second lowest income tax rate in the State. In FY 2015 and FY 2016 a total of sixteen (16) new positions (all in the Public Safety area) were added to the County workforce. Even with the addition of these positions, the County's FY 2016 full time workforce is 5.4 percent below the FY 2010 level; and any increases to the workforce will be closely monitored in the future.

The County's 600 miles of shoreline and many historic sites make it a significant tourist destination, drawing visitors from all over the region. Additionally, its abundant waterfront provides many desirable home sites. Development is purposely controlled to protect the County's beauty and the fragile environment of its shoreline and waters. More intense development is limited to the incorporated municipalities where water and wastewater treatment services are available.

Long Term Financial Planning. The FY 2016 Capital Program includes additional funding for the expansion of the County's 911 Dispatching Center. This expansion is part of the multi-year project to replace the County's emergency radio system and enhance the emergency system for County residents and visitors. The total cost of this expansion and the replacement of the emergency radio system are projected to be approximately \$12.6 -\$16.6 million. Phase 2 of the emergency radio

system project totaling \$6.8 million was funded by issuing long term debt in FY 2015. In FY 2016 and beyond the focus will be on providing for various County and school building maintenance projects, the infrastructure requirements associated with the construction of a new hospital facility, projects that will improve the water quality of the County's waterways, and park and public landing improvement projects.

Talbot County has a policy to allot a portion of the General Fund unassigned fund balance equal to 15% of actual General Fund expenditures to be used in case of fiscal emergencies. As of June 30, 2015 Talbot County's unassigned fund balance was 31.9% of actual expenditures.

The economic outlook for the County is favorable. The County has a history of conservative budgeting. This has resulted in the continued growth of the County's fund balance. In addition, Talbot County has the lowest county real property tax rate and the second lowest county income tax rate in the State. These favorable tax rates along with miles of waterfront continue to attract residents to the County.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Talbot County, Maryland for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award that recognizes conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. Talbot County, Maryland has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last fourteen consecutive years. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this comprehensive annual financial report was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Talbot County Finance Office. The Finance Office has maintained the accounting records of the County on a current and timely basis. I would like to express my appreciation to all members of the department for their conscientiousness and professionalism throughout the fiscal year.

Respectfully Submitted,

Angela Lane

Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

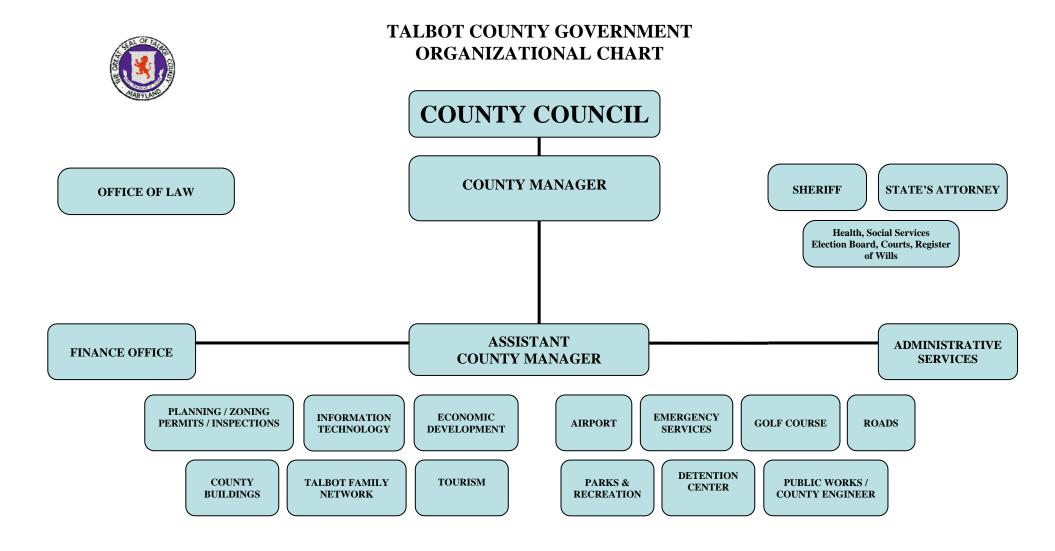
Presented to

Talbot County Maryland

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2014

Executive Director/CEO



Talbot County, Maryland

List of Elected and Appointed Officials

June 30, 2015

Elected Officials

County Council Corey W. Pack, President

Dirck K. Bartlett Chuck F. Callahan Laura E. Price Jennifer L. Williams

Joseph J. Gamble Sheriff

Scott G. Patterson State's Attorney

Appointed Officials

County Manager	R. Andrew Hollis
Attorney	Michael L. Pullen
Assistant County Manager for Administration	Jessica K. Morris
Administrative Services Director	Cheril S. Thomas
Airport Manager	Michael L. Henry
Department of Corrections Director	Douglas C. Devenyns
Economic Development Director	Paige R. Bethke
Emergency Services Director	Brian L. LeCates
Facilities Manager	Brian Moore
Finance Director	Angela Lane
Golf Course Manager	Andrew Halverson
Information Technology Director	Parker J. Durham
Parks and Recreation Director	Preston P. Peper
Planning Officer	Mary Kay Verdery
Public Works/County Engineer	Raymond P. Clarke
Roads Superintendent	Warren W. Edwards, Jr.
Tourism Director	Cassandra M. Vanhooser

FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

County Council of Talbot County, Maryland Easton, Maryland

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Talbot County, Maryland (the "County") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Board of Education of Talbot County, Maryland. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Board of Education of Talbot County, Maryland is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of

accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 15 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2015, the County adopted new accounting guidance from the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions". Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of funding progress – other post-employment benefits, Maryland State Retirement and Pension Systems – schedule of the proportionate share of the net pension liability, and Maryland State Retirement and Pension Systems – schedule of contributions, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section, other supplementary information, and statistical section, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of the other auditors, the other supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 22, 2015, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Salisbury, Maryland December 22, 2015

JAM Group LLC

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

This section of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of Talbot County, Maryland presents a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Talbot County Government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. We encourage readers to use the information presented here in conjunction with the accompanying letter of transmittal, the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes to those financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- As of June 30, 2015, the assets of Talbot County exceeded liabilities by \$134.7 million (net position), an increase of \$5.9 million, or 4.6 percent, from the prior year. Approximately 61.8 percent of net position is attributable to the County's governmental activities. Total net position is comprised of \$132.2 million invested in capital assets, net of related debt, \$94 thousand in restricted net position and \$2.5 million in unrestricted net position. The County's unrestricted net position is a small amount because the County issues debt to fund the construction projects for the Board of Education of Talbot County, a component unit, and Chesapeake College, a five county regional community college. The school buildings that are constructed through the County's financial support are assets of the Board of Education of Talbot County and Chesapeake College, and therefore are not shown as assets of Talbot County. At June 30, 2015 the County included \$27.4 million of bonds payable in liabilities for school construction projects and no corresponding capital assets.
- Income Tax revenues increased by \$1.5 million or 5.4 percent from FY 2014's actual collections. This is the fourth consecutive year that actual income tax revenues have been more than the prior year.
- As of June 30, 2015, the County's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$35.7 million, an increase of \$3.8 million, or 11.9 percent, from the prior year. Approximately 66.6 percent of the combined fund balances is available to help meet the County's future funding needs (unassigned fund balance).
- The unassigned fund balance for the General Fund (primary operating fund) was \$23.7 million at June 30, 2015. The unassigned fund balance for the General Fund of \$23.7 million is 30.1 percent of general fund revenues which is more than the Government Finance Officers Association's Best Practices recommendation that, at minimum, regardless of size, all governments maintain reserves equal to about 16 percent of revenues. The County has a policy of allotting a portion of the unassigned fund balance as a "rainy day fund". The amount allotted at June 30, 2015 for the "rainy day fund" is \$11.2 million (15 percent of the actual general fund expenditures).
- An "other post-employment" benefits (OPEB) Trust was established in FY 2011. In FY 2015 the County joined the Maryland Association of Counties Pooled OPEB Trust. To date the County has transferred \$9.0 million to the Trust to fund future OPEB obligations.
- Talbot County Government's total debt, excluding compensated absences, increased by \$3.5 million during the year ended June 30, 2015. The County borrowed \$6.7 million to fund Phase 2 of the emergency radio system replacement. See Note 6 of this report for details of the debt.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Talbot County Government's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements comprise three components:

- Government-wide financial statements (reporting on the County as a whole)
- Fund financial statements (reporting the County's most significant funds)
- Notes to the financial statements

This report contains other required and non-required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Talbot County Government's finances, in a manner similar to that of a private sector business. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases and decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses for some items reported in this statement will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave). Of particular interest is the format of this statement. The reader will notice that expenses are listed in the first column with revenues from that particular program reported to the right. The result is Net (Expense) Revenue. The purpose of this type of format is to highlight the relative financial burden of each of the functions on the County's taxpayers. It also identifies how much each function draws from the general fund revenues, or if the functions are self-supporting through fees and grants. It is important to note that all taxes are classified as general fund revenue even if restricted for a specific purpose.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, public safety, public works, health, social services, education, recreation, and conservation of natural resources. The business-type activities of the County include recreation facilities, wastewater treatment services, and an airport facility.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the operations of Talbot County Government itself (known as the primary government), but also the legally separate organizations of the Board of Education of Talbot County, Maryland and the Talbot County Free Library Association, Inc. The financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 26-29 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance–related legal requirements. All of the funds of Talbot County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, the governmental fund financial statements focus on near term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for the governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund Balance Sheet and the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Talbot County, Maryland maintains three types of governmental funds: general, capital projects and special revenue. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund Balance Sheet and in the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for all three types of governmental funds.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 32-35 of this report.

Proprietary Funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the fund financial statements and generally report services for which the County charges customers a fee. Proprietary funds include internal service funds and enterprise funds. An internal service fund is an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions. Talbot County does not maintain any internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for its wastewater treatment services, recreation facilities, and airport.

Proprietary fund schedules provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 36-41 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for the proprietary funds. The County has one trust fund which is the Talbot County OPEB Trust.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 42-43 of this report.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements are part of the basic financial statements and provide additional information that is essential to creating a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The Notes to the Financial Statements can be found on pages 46-81 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain supplementary information and disclosures that are not considered part of the basic financial statements. Required supplementary information includes a budgetary comparison for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with the annually adopted budget. Other supplementary information includes budgetary comparisons for the Capital Projects, Other Governmental, and Enterprise Funds, and combining statements for Other Governmental Funds. These reports are located immediately following the notes to the financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's overall financial condition and position. In Talbot County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$134.7 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year, as shown in the schedule of net position below. Talbot County's net position is divided into three categories, *invested in capital assets*, (net of related debt), *restricted* and *unrestricted*. The largest portion of the County's net position reflects its investment in capital assets net of depreciation (e.g., land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery and equipment) less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The County uses capital assets to provide services to its citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in capital assets is reported net of outstanding debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

It is important to note that although counties in the State of Maryland issue debt for the construction of schools, school buildings are owned by each County's Public School System. Ownership reverts to the County if the local board determines that a building is no longer needed. Therefore, while the County's financial statements include this outstanding debt; they do not include the capital assets funded by the debt. The small amount of unrestricted net position in governmental activities of \$3.0 million reflects the imbalance of liabilities without corresponding assets.

Restricted net position of \$94 thousand represents 0.1 percent of total net position. Restricted net position resources are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Unrestricted net position of the total government is \$2.5 million. See Note 14 for additional information on the County's unrestricted net position.

Below is a condensed statement of net position with comparative amounts from the previous fiscal year.

Talbot County Government's Net Position

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	T	otal
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Current and Other Assets	\$ 49,329,977	\$ 44,813,438	\$ 394,088	\$ 1,075,142	\$ 49,724,065	\$ 45,888,580
Capital Assets	87,524,692	81,110,954	61,885,388	62,537,445	149,410,080	143,648,399
Total Assets	136,854,669	125,924,392	62,279,476	63,612,587	199,134,145	189,536,979
Deferred Outflow of Resources	1,213,555	1,072,261	-	<u>-</u>	1,213,555	1,072,261
Non Current Liabilities	40,586,999	38,151,603	9,001,631	9,700,435	49,588,630	47,852,038
Other Liabilities	13,386,437	11,877,918	1,748,633	2,028,873	15,135,070	13,906,791
Total Liabilities	53,973,436	50,029,521	10,750,264	11,729,308	64,723,700	61,758,829
Deferred Inflow of Resources	893,794	-	-	-	893,794	-
Net Position:						
Invested in Capital Assets,						
Net of Related Debt	80,132,665	80,625,199	52,050,922	51,985,231	132,183,587	132,610,430
Restricted	94,369	94,239	-	-	94,369	94,239
Unrestricted	2,973,933	(3,752,306)	(521,710)	(101,952)	2,452,223	(3,854,258)
Total Net Position	\$ 83,200,994	\$ 76,967,132	\$ 51,529,212	\$ 51,883,279	\$134,730,206	\$ 128,850,411

At the end of the current fiscal year, the governmental activities shows a positive balance in all categories of net position and business-type activities show a positive balance in one category of net position.

Talbot County's net position increased by \$5.9 million during the current fiscal year as the result of a \$6.2 million increase in governmental activities and a \$.3 million decrease in business-type activities. The governmental activities increase is primarily due to increases in property, local, and other tax revenues. The business-type activities decrease is the result of expenditures (primarily depreciation) being more than revenues received through charges for services.

Talbot County Government's Changes in Net Position

	Government	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	T	otal
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services	\$ 3,324,942	\$ 3,015,278	\$ 6,986,424	\$ 7,206,426	\$ 10,311,366	\$ 10,221,704
Operating Grants and	φ 2,22.,5.2	\$\tau_{0,010,270}\$	\$ 0,700,12.	ŷ /,200, .20	Ψ 10,011,000	Ψ 10, 22 1,70.
Contributions	5,444,857	5,413,274	739,049	776,126	6,183,906	6,189,400
Capital Grants and	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-, -, -	,	,	-,,-	, , , , , ,
Contributions	368,625	227,346	2,359,600	539,479	2,728,225	766,825
General Revenues:						
Property Taxes	34,726,851	33,660,872	-	-	34,726,851	33,660,872
Local Income Tax	28,562,934	27,108,102	-	-	28,562,934	27,108,102
Other Local Taxes	10,706,846	9,522,629	-	-	10,706,846	9,522,629
Investment Income	91,344	94,004	6,195	6,500	97,539	100,504
Miscellaneous	514,997	2,306,687	4,500	10,500	519,497	2,317,187
Total Revenues	83,741,396	81,348,192	10,095,768	8,539,031	93,837,164	89,887,223
Expenses:						
General Government	10,360,176	9,551,119	_	_	10,360,176	9,551,119
Public Safety	14,798,173	16,071,849	_	_	14,798,173	16,071,849
Public Works	5,919,975	3,788,820	_	_	5,919,975	3,788,820
Health	4,394,559	4,099,374	_	_	4,394,559	4,099,374
Social Services	936,371	857,752	_	_	936,371	857,752
Education	39,518,549	41,640,092	_	_	39,518,549	41,640,092
Recreation	541,540	632,538	_	_	541,540	632,538
Conservation of Natural	,-	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			,-	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Resources	242,700	252,375	-	-	242,700	252,375
Interest Charges	173,141	13,439	-	-	173,141	13,439
Recreation Facilities	· -	-	2,647,744	2,652,143	2,647,744	2,652,143
Sanitary District	-	-	3,710,861	3,430,264	3,710,861	3,430,264
Airport	-	-	4,464,150	4,837,671	4,464,150	4,837,671
Pools	-	-	249,430	215,301	249,430	215,301
Total Expenses	76,885,184	76,907,358	11,072,185	11,135,379	87,957,369	88,042,737
Increase (Decrease) in Net						
Position before transfers	6,856,212	4,440,834	(976,417)	(2,596,348)	5,879,795	1,844,486
Transfers In (Out)	(622,350)	(598,850)	622,350	598,850	_	_
Prior Period Restatement	(022,330)	(370,030)	022,330	570,050	-	-
(See Note 15)	_	(7,930,509)	_	_	_	(7,930,509)
Increase (Decrease) in	-	(1,730,309)	-	-	-	(1,330,309)
Net Position	6,233,862	(4,088,525)	(354,067)	(1,997,498)	5,879,795	(6,086,023)
Net Position – Beginning	76,967,132	81,055,657	51,883,279	53,880,777	128,850,411	134,936,434
Net Position - Ending	\$ 83,200,994	\$ 76,967,132	\$ 51,529,212	\$ 51,883,279	\$134,730,206	\$ 128,850,411

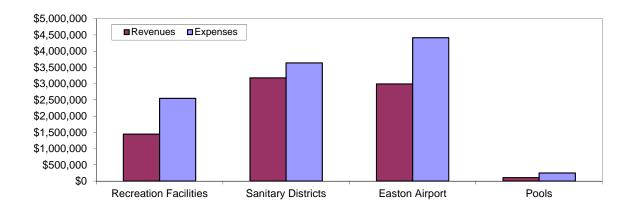
Governmental Activities. Governmental activities increased the County's net position after transfers by \$6.2 million. Key elements of the increase in the net position of governmental activities are as follows:

- Income Tax revenues increased by \$1.5 million, a 5.4 percent increase from the prior year actual and were \$2.0 million more than originally budgeted for FY 2015.
- Property tax revenues increased by \$1.1 million, a 3.2 percent increase from the prior fiscal year and were \$549 thousand more than originally budgeted.
- Transfer and recordation taxes increased by \$1.1 million, a 13.4 percent increase from the prior
 fiscal year actual collections and were \$1.6 million more than originally budgeted for FY 2015.
 These revenues indicate a stabilization of the local housing market, but the housing market is
 not expanding or growing yet.
- Miscellaneous revenues decreased by \$1.8 million from the prior year actual.
- Governmental activities also included the transfer of \$622 thousand to various business-type activities, primarily for the operations of recreation facilities.

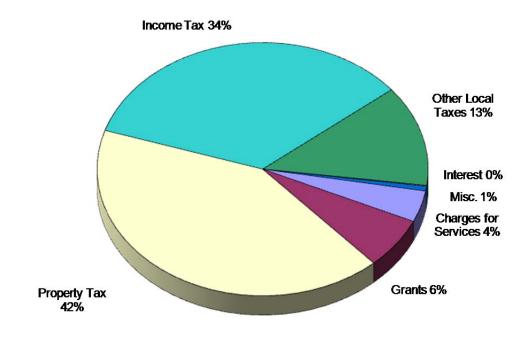
Business–type Activities. Business-type activities decreased Talbot County's net position after transfers by \$.3 million. The decrease is primarily attributable to expenditures (primarily depreciation) being more than revenues received through charges for services

Fiscal year 2015 revenues and expenses for both the business-type and governmental activities are summarized in the charts on the following pages.

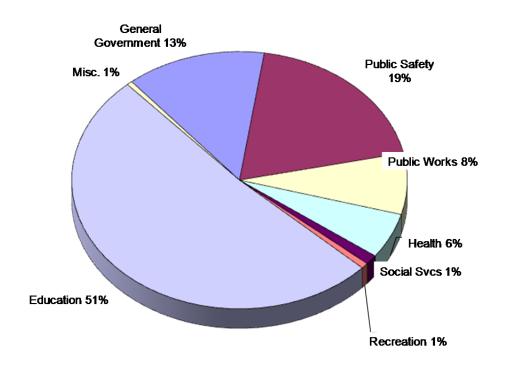
Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-Type Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2015



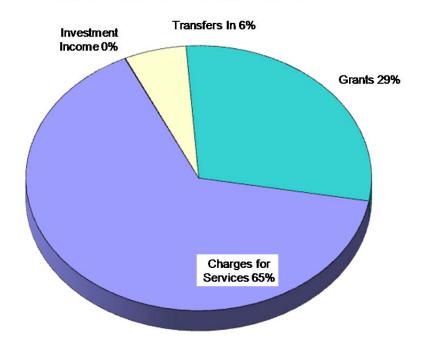
Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2015



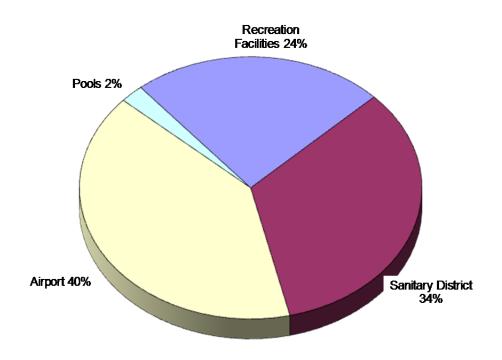
Expenses - Governmental Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2015



Revenues by Source - Business-Type Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2015



Expenses - Business-Type Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2015



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, the unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$35.7 million. Approximately 66.6 percent of this total (\$23.7 million) constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the County's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is either nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been classified to fund other purposes. Capital projects account for the vast majority of committed funds.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the Talbot County Government. At the end of the current fiscal year, the total fund balance was \$25.2 million, and the unassigned fund balance was \$23.7 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 31.9 percent of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 33.9 percent of total general fund expenditures.

The fund balance of Talbot County's General Fund increased by \$4.4 million during FY 2015. This increase is due primarily to increases in local (property, income, recordation and transfer) tax revenues.

The fund balance of the County's Capital Projects Fund decreased by \$911 thousand during FY 2015. This decrease was due to spending funds on approved capital projects.

Proprietary Funds. Talbot County's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The total net position of the proprietary funds at the end of the year totaled \$51.5 million. There is a deficit balance of \$522 thousand in unrestricted net position.

Fiduciary Funds. Talbot County's fiduciary fund statements provide information regarding the County's Other Post- Employment Benefits (OPEB) Trust. Total assets held in trust for the OPEB plan totaled \$9.0 million at June 30, 2015.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Differences between the final budget and the final actual results for the County totaled \$4.4 million. Revenues received were \$4.2 million more than final budgeted estimates and operating expenditures were \$144 thousand less than final budgeted estimates. The major variances can be summarized as follows:

• **Revenues.** Revenues were \$4.2 million more than originally budgeted for the year. As discussed earlier, the major differences between the budgeted amounts and the actual revenues are as follows:

- Local Tax revenues received were \$4.1 million more than budgeted. This total includes \$2.0 million in income tax revenues, \$1.6 million in recordation and transfer taxes, \$549 thousand in property tax revenues.
- **Expenditures.** Expenditures were \$144 thousand less than budgeted for the year.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. Talbot County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2015 totals \$149.4 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure. The total increase in the County's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year is \$5.8 million or 4.0 percent.

Capital assets are summarized as follows:

Talbot County Government's Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation)

	Governmental Activities					Business-Type Activities				Total			
		2015		2014		2015		2014	_	2015		2014	
Land	\$	12,436,837	\$	12,436,837	\$	3,499,479	\$	3,499,479	\$	15,936,316	\$	15,936,316	
Construction in progress		9,667,756		2,420,089		3,519,365		1,900,541		13,187,121		4,320,630	
Buildings and improvements		25,660,475		26,791,363		50,808,134		53,154,379		76,468,609		79,945,742	
Non-deprec. infrastructure		25,449,891		25,449,891		-		-		25,449,891		25,449,891	
Infrastructure		8,763,424		8,808,549		-		-		8,763,424		8,808,549	
Furniture and equipment		5,546,309		5,204,225		4,058,410		3,983,046		9,604,719		9,187,271	
Total	\$	87,524,692	\$	81,110,954	\$	61,885,388	\$	62,537,445	\$	149,410,080	\$	143,648,399	

See Note 5 of this report for additional information on Talbot County's capital assets.

Long-term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, Talbot County had total long term debt outstanding of \$44.6 million, an increase of approximately \$3.5 million. The full faith and credit and unlimited taxing power of the County are irrevocably pledged to the levy and collection of taxes in order to provide for the payment of principal and interest due on the bonds. Of this amount, \$9.8 million is considered self-supporting bonds, funded through various charges and assessments related to the enterprise operations of the County.

Talbot County Government's Outstanding Debt

	Governmental Activities			Business-Ty	ctivities	Total						
	2015	2014		2015 2014		2015		2014		2015		2014
		<u> </u>				_				_		
General Debt	\$ 34,773,062	\$ 30,585,558	\$	9,834,466	\$	10,552,214	\$	44,607,528	\$	41,137,772		

The County's most recent bond ratings from Moody's Investors Service and Fitch Ratings are Aa2 (June 2015) and AAA (July 2015), respectively.

See Note 6 of this report for additional information on Talbot County's long-term debt.

The County's Charter limits the amount of general obligation debt the County may issue to no more than 15 percent of the County's assessable property tax base. See Schedule 16 in the Statistical Section of this report for additional information on the computation of the legal debt margin.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

- The FY 2016 approved budget for the General Fund is \$78,640,000 representing an increase of \$4.0 million or 5.38 percent from the FY 2015 original approved budget.
- Real Property tax revenue is expected to generate \$198 thousand more than the FY 2015 actual collections.
- Income tax revenue in FY 2016 is budgeted to be slightly less than the FY 2015 actual collections. However, the County is projecting that the actual FY 2016 Income tax revenues will be less than the amount budgeted.
- Fund balance of \$1.3 million is used to balance the FY 2016 General Fund budget.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the County's budget for FY 2016. The County is cognizant of the economic struggles of the past several years and will continue to carefully monitor expenditures.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of Talbot County Government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Director, Talbot County Courthouse, 11 North Washington Street, Suite 9, Easton, Maryland 21601. This report can also be found on the County's website: www.talbotcountymd.gov.

The County's component units issue their own separately audited financial statements. These statements may be obtained from the component unit. Contact information can be found in Note 2 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

TALBOT COUNTY, MARYLAND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PRIMARY GOVERNMENT AS OF JUNE 30, 2015 COMPONENT UNITS AS OF JUNE 30, 2015

	Primary Government						
	G	overnmental	В	usiness-Type			
		<u>Activities</u>		<u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>		
ASSETS							
Cash and short-term investments	\$	32,272,742	\$	6,964,989 \$	39,237,731		
Investments		-		-	-		
Receivables:							
Accounts receivable		556,019		226,313	782,332		
Other		-		-	-		
Intergovernmental:							
State		3,728,312		316,404	4,044,716		
Federal		993,388		169,846	1,163,234		
Local		-		-	-		
Prepaid items		205,551		8,038	213,589		
Prepaid OPEB		4,072,166		-	4,072,166		
Internal balances		7,062,507		(7,062,507)	-		
Inventories		-		210,297	210,297		
Advances to (from) other funds		439,292		(439,292)	-		
Other assets		_		-	-		
Nondepreciable capital assets		47,554,484		7,018,844	54,573,328		
Depreciable capital assets, net		39,970,208		54,866,544	94,836,752		
TOTAL ASSETS		136,854,669		62,279,476	199,134,145		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Pensions (See Note 7)		1,213,555			1,213,555		
Tensions (See Note 1)		1,213,333			1,213,333		
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		3,073,744		723,000	3,796,744		
Other payables		2,405,649		-	2,405,649		
Unearned revenue		4,123,094		72,241	4,195,335		
Long-term liabilities, due within one year							
Compensated absences		391,382		38,115	429,497		
Bonds and notes payable		3,392,568		915,277	4,307,845		
Obligations under state retirement system		-		-	-		
Long-term liabilities, due in more than one year							
Compensated absences		446,019		82,442	528,461		
Bonds and notes payable		31,975,238		8,919,189	40,894,427		
Obligations under state retirement system		-		-	-		
Pension liability		8,165,742		-	8,165,742		
Other post-employment benefit obligation		_		_	_		
TOTAL LIABILITIES		53,973,436		10,750,264	64,723,700		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		<u></u>					
Pensions (See Note 7)		893,794		-	893,794		
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets		80,132,665		52,050,922	132,183,587		
Restricted for:		23,122,002		,,- <u></u>	102,100,007		
Social services (Talbot Family Network)		94,396		_	94,396		
Food services				_			
Programs				_	_		
Unrestricted (deficit)		2,973,933		(521,710)	2,452,223		
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	83,200,994	\$	51,529,212 \$	134,730,206		

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

	Compon	ent	Units
Boar	rd of		
Educ	ation		<u>Library</u>
\$ 5,	977,473	\$	91,073
φ 5,	911,413	φ	
	-		1,850,212
			36,601
	-		30,001
	62,867		-
	57 17 <u>5</u>		
	57,175		-
	383,022		-
	750		-
	_		1,715
	_		, _
	-		-
	57,576		-
	-		-
	-		122,642
	409,547		51,801
	280,688		704,512
	200,000		704,312
66,	229,098		2,858,556
	570,179		-
	·		
4	083,566		43,143
.,	69,372		122,642
	951,738		3,714
	200,363		-
	263,506		_
	35,651		_
	55,051		
	134,245		-
	436,140		-
	527,207		-
3	978,041		_
	091,425		712,219
36,	771,254		881,718
	105 105		
	435,423		<u>-</u>
_			
58,	990,589		756,313
	_		-
	235,612		
	233,012		1 710 225
	-		1,718,225
(29,	633,601)		(497,700)
\$ 29,	592,600	\$	1,976,838

TALBOT COUNTY, MARYLAND STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

					Pro	ogram Revenues		
					Op	erating Grants,	Caj	pital Grants,
				Charges for	(Contributions,	Contributions,	
Function/Program		Expenses		Services		and Interest	and Interest	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES								
Current:								
General government	\$	10,360,176	\$	2,569,426	\$	583,094	\$	-
Public safety		14,798,173		26,450		920,405		-
Public works		5,919,975		416,507		1,467,987		368,625
Health and hospitals		4,394,559		115,961		1,975,624		-
Social services		936,371		-		497,747		-
Education		39,518,549		99,143		-		-
Recreation		541,540		97,455		-		-
Conservation of natural resources		242,700		-		-		-
Interest on long-term debt		173,141		-		-		
Total Governmental Activities		76,885,184		3,324,942		5,444,857		368,625
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES								
Recreation facilities		2,647,744		1,445,070		-		101,185
Sanitary district		3,710,861		2,440,190		739,049		287,629
Easton airport		4,464,150		2,992,658		-		1,970,786
Pool		249,430		108,506				
Total Business-Type Activities		11,072,185		6,986,424		739,049		2,359,600
Total Primary Government	\$	87,957,369	\$	10,311,366	\$	6,183,906	\$	2,728,225
COMPONENT LINETS								
COMPONENT UNITS	Φ.	67.062.116	Φ	(16.006	Φ	60 676 000	Ф	202 470
Board of Education	\$	67,962,116	\$	616,826	\$	60,676,080	\$	292,478
Talbot County Free Library		1,843,915		-		1,617,895		
Total Component Units	\$	69,806,031	\$	616,826	\$	62,293,975	\$	292,478

General Revenues

Taxes:

Property

Local income

Other

Admissions and amusements

Recordation

Transfer

Public accommodations

Mobile manufactured homes

Interest

Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position, beginning of year, as restated (see Note 15)

Net position, end of year

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

]		ry Government		enue and Change		Compone	ent U	Jnits
G	overnmental	Bı	ısiness-Type				Board of		
	Activities		Activities		Total		Education		Library
\$	(7,207,656)	\$	_	\$	(7,207,656)	\$	_	\$	_
	(13,851,318)		_		(13,851,318)		-		-
	(3,666,856)		-		(3,666,856)		-		-
	(2,302,974)		-		(2,302,974)		-		-
	(438,624)		-		(438,624)		-		-
	(39,419,406)		-		(39,419,406)		-		-
	(444,085)		-		(444,085)		-		-
	(242,700)		-		(242,700)		-		-
	(173,141)		-		(173,141)		-		-
	(67,746,760)		-		(67,746,760)				
	_		(1,101,489)		(1,101,489)		_		_
	_		(243,993)		(243,993)		_		_
	-		499,294		499,294		-		_
	-		(140,924)		(140,924)		-		_
	-		(987,112)		(987,112)		-		-
\$	(67,746,760)	\$	(987,112)	\$	(68,733,872)	\$	-	\$	-
\$		\$		\$		\$	(6 276 722)	\$	
Þ		Ф	-	Ф	<u>-</u>	—	(6,376,732)	Þ	(226,020)
\$	-	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	(6,376,732)	\$	(226,020)
\$	34,726,851 28,562,934	\$	-	\$	34,726,851 28,562,934	\$	-	\$	-
	36,065		_		36,065		_		_
	5,887,703		_		5,887,703		_		_
	3,505,646		-		3,505,646		-		-
	1,215,271		-		1,215,271		-		-
	62,161		-		62,161		-		-
	91,344		6,195		97,539		8,501		-
	514,997		4,500		519,497		20,752		-
	74,602,972		10,695		74,613,667		29,253		-
	(622,350)		622,350		-		-		-
	73,980,622		633,045		74,613,667		29,253		-
	6,233,862		(354,067)		5,879,795		(6,347,479)		(226,020)
	76,967,132		51,883,279		128,850,411		35,940,079		2,202,858
\$	83,200,994	\$	51,529,212	\$	134,730,206	\$	29,592,600	\$	1,976,838

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Fund Financial Statements

TALBOT COUNTY, MARYLAND BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2015

		General <u>Fund</u>		Capital Projects	G	Other overnmental <u>Funds</u>		<u>Total</u>
ASSETS	ф	22 246 622	Φ	0.005.040	ф	1 220 062	Φ	22 272 742
Cash and short-term investments	\$	22,246,632	\$	8,805,248	\$	1,220,862	\$	32,272,742
Receivables:		421 502		122 014		1 412		55 6 010
Accounts receivable		431,592		123,014		1,413		556,019
Intergovernmental: State		2,992,809		351,042		384,461		2 729 212
Federal		2,992,809		331,042		948,669		3,728,312 993,388
		205,551		-		948,009		205,551
Prepaid items Due from other funds		7,611,909		-		-		7,611,909
				-		-		
Advances to other funds		439,292		<u> </u>				439,292
Total Assets	\$	33,972,504	\$	9,279,304	\$	2,555,405	\$	45,807,213
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	2,412,115	\$	72,818	\$	588,811	\$	3,073,744
Other payables		2,405,649		-		-		2,405,649
Due to other funds		-		-		549,402		549,402
Unearned revenue		3,914,965		-		208,129		4,123,094
Total Liabilities		8,732,729		72,818		1,346,342		10,151,889
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		205,551		_		_		205,551
Restricted for:		203,331						203,331
Social Services		_		_		94,396		94,396
Committed for:						3 1,030		31,030
Capital projects		_		9,206,486		676,717		9,883,203
Assigned for:				3, 2 00,100		0,0,,11		,,000, <u>,2</u> 00
Future budget		1,290,000		_		437,950		1,727,950
Unassigned		23,744,224		_		-		23,744,224
Total Fund Balances		25,239,775		9,206,486		1,209,063		35,655,324
	_			0.0=0.0=:				47.007.045
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	33,972,504	\$	9,279,304	\$	2,555,405	\$	45,807,213

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

TALBOT COUNTY, MARYLAND RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2015

Total Governmental Funds Balances		\$ 35,655,324
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Prepayment of post retirement benefits		4,072,166
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions (see Note 7)		1,213,555
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds		87,524,692
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds Bonds, notes payable and bond premiums Net pension liability Compensated absences	(35,367,806) (8,165,742) (837,401)	(44,370,949)
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions (see Note 7)		 (893,794)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 83,200,994

TALBOT COUNTY, MARYLAND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

			Other		Total
	General	Capital	Governmental	G	overnmental
	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Projects</u>	<u>Funds</u>		<u>Funds</u>
REVENUES					
Real property taxes	\$ 34,726,851	\$ -	\$ -	\$	34,726,851
Local income taxes	28,562,934	-	-		28,562,934
Other local taxes	10,706,846	-	-		10,706,846
Licenses and permits	595,332	-	602,052		1,197,384
Intergovernmental:					
Federal	186,931	-	2,524,931		2,711,862
State	1,567,638	368,625	1,159,957		3,096,220
Other grants	-	5,400	-		5,400
Service charges	2,124,798	-	-		2,124,798
Fines and forfeitures	2,760	-	-		2,760
Miscellaneous	317,907	-	197,090		514,997
Interest	82,007	7,515	1,822		91,344
Total Revenues	78,874,004	381,540	4,485,852		83,741,396
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government	6,017,033	3,112	330,595		6,350,740
Public safety	13,188,860	7,039,084	49,521		20,277,465
Public works	4,071,579	726,168	1,035,730		5,833,477
Health and hospitals	2,422,530	-	1,993,595		4,416,125
Social services	498,241	-	438,130		936,371
Education	41,665,005	393,624	1,611		42,060,240
Recreation	277,546	181,014	31,507		490,067
Conservation of natural resources	242,700	-	-		242,700
Employee benefits	4,038,964	-	-		4,038,964
Miscellaneous	101,568	-	-		101,568
Intergovernmental	1,068,923	-	-		1,068,923
Debt service interest	173,141	-	-		173,141
Debt service principal	50,680	-	-		50,680
Contingencies	 41,972	-	-		41,972
Total Expenditures	 73,858,742	8,343,002	3,880,689		86,082,433
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 5,015,262	(7,961,462)	605,163		(2,341,037)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in (out) to other funds:					
Pool - operating appropriation	(107,950)	-	-		(107,950)
Recreation - operating appropriation	(514,400)	-	-		(514,400)
Capital projects	=	300,000	(300,000)	1	-
Note issued - Motorola	-	6,716,277	-		6,716,277
Note issued - DNR	 -	33,932	-		33,932
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (622,350)	7,050,209	(300,000)	1	6,127,859
Net Change in Fund Balances	4,392,912	(911,253)	305,163		3,786,822
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	 20,846,863	10,117,739	903,900		31,868,502
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 25,239,775	\$ 9,206,486	\$ 1,209,063	\$	35,655,324

TALBOT COUNTY, MARYLAND

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Net change in fund balances - total Governmental Funds	\$ 3,786,822
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.	
Capital outlays 10,214,790 Current year depreciation (3,681,393)	
Total	6,533,397
Loss on disposal	(119,659)
Loan proceeds provide current financial resources to the governmental funds; however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	
Long-term debt issuance	(6,750,209)
Repayment of debt obligations is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	
Principal payments on long-term debt	2,562,705
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Change in unamortized bond premium	77,324
Change in other post-employment benefits, asset	57,902
Change in pension expense Change in compensated absences	84,528 1,052
Change in net position of Governmental Activities	\$ 6,233,862

TALBOT COUNTY, MARYLAND STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES June 30, 2015

June 30, 2013					
		Major Funds		Nonmajor Fund	
	Recreation	Sanitary	Easton		
	<u>Facilities</u>	District	<u>Airport</u>	<u>Pool</u>	<u>Totals</u>
ASSETS CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash and short-term investments	\$ 7,875	\$ 822,133	\$ 426,367	\$ - 5	1,256,375
Cash and short-term investments -		•	,		
capital projects	5,708,614	-	-	-	5,708,614
Accounts receivable:					
Accounts receivable, customers	11,035	151,240	60,635	3,403	226,313
Intergovernmental:					
State	-	198,862	117,542	-	316,404
Federal	-	-	169,846	-	169,846
Prepaid items	3,262	2,197	2,211	368	8,038
Inventories	48,422		161,875		210,297
Total Current Assets	5,779,208	1,174,432	938,476	3,771	7,895,887
NONCURRENT ASSETS					
Land	450,000	2,463,801	585,678	-	3,499,479
Construction in progress	404,540	229,790	2,885,035	-	3,519,365
Buildings and improvements	15,877,334	41,862,247	39,210,581	1,660,648	98,610,810
Furniture and equipment	1,880,206	4,157,536	1,587,929	140,700	7,766,371
Less: accumulated depreciation	(10,329,982)	(18,021,946)	(21,816,625)	(1,342,084)	(51,510,637)
Total Noncurrent Assets	8,282,098	30,691,428	22,452,598	459,264	61,885,388
Total Assets	14,061,306	31,865,860	23,391,074	463,035	69,781,275
<u>LIABILITIES</u>					
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	169,314	162,554	379,357	11,775	723,000
Compensated absences	9,826	17,875	10,414	-	38,115
Due to other funds	4,131,952	2,747,576	10.050	182,979	7,062,507
Unearned revenues	30,843	21,500	19,850	48	72,241
Advances from other funds	220.462	-	439,292	-	439,292
Current maturities of long-term debt	220,463	567,727	127,087	-	915,277
Total Current Liabilities	4,562,398	3,517,232	976,000	194,802	9,250,432
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES					
Compensated absences	33,925	32,507	16,010	-	82,442
Long-term debt, less current maturities	2,072,929	5,919,745	926,515		8,919,189
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	2,106,854	5,952,252	942,525		9,001,631
Total Liabilities	6,669,252	9,469,484	1,918,525	194,802	18,252,063
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	5,988,706	24,203,956	21,398,996	459,264	52,050,922
Unrestricted (deficit)	1,403,348	(1,807,580)	73,553	(191,031)	(521,710)
Total Net Position	\$ 7,392,054	\$ 22,396,376	\$ 21,472,549	\$ 268,233	51,529,212

TALBOT COUNTY, MARYLAND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	For the Year F		Nonmajor		
	D	Major Funds	F4	Fund	
	Recreation Facilities	Sanitary <u>District</u>	Easton <u>Airport</u>	<u>Pool</u>	<u>Totals</u>
OPERATING REVENUES					
Airport - operations	\$ - :	\$ -	\$ 321,641	\$ - \$	321,641
Airport - fuel facility	-	-	2,078,863	-	2,078,863
Airport - hangars	-	2 015 210	575,058	-	575,058
Sewer service charges	-	2,015,310	-	-	2,015,310
Sewer connection charges Residential benefit charges	-	282,486 20,355	-	-	282,486 20,355
Wind/solar renewable energy	-	119,447	-	_	119,447
Admissions	132,873	112,447	_	44,873	177,746
Room rents	62,241	-	_	-	62,241
Ice revenue	233,563	-	-	-	233,563
Pro shop and concessions	269,774	-	-	-	269,774
Cart rentals	31,041	-	-	-	31,041
Greens fees	681,570	-	-	-	681,570
Other operating	34,008	2,592	17,096	63,633	117,329
Total Operating Revenues	1,445,070	2,440,190	2,992,658	108,506	6,986,424
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Salaries and related expenses	969,769	851,010	342,014	101,358	2,264,151
Cost of sales - fuel	-	-	1,957,123	-	1,957,123
Professional fees	21,959	2,199	38,705	1,985	64,848
Office	49,092	16,955	21,674	276	87,997
Insurance Contracted services	16,513	17,664	15,386	1,519	51,082
Repairs and maintenance	227,218	1,097,848 319,643	109,647	24,196	1,097,848 680,704
Utilities	190,665	319,043	53,306	10,373	254,344
Supplies and equipment	70,328	_	208	24,003	94,539
Lessons and programs	85,617	_	-	-	85,617
Concessions	187,081	_	_	_	187,081
Depreciation	693,849	1,252,343	1,861,511	78,373	3,886,076
Other operating	37,052	79,616	13,528	7,347	137,543
Total Operating Expenses	2,549,143	3,637,278	4,413,102	249,430	10,848,953
Operating Income (Loss)	(1,104,073)	(1,197,088)	(1,420,444)	(140,924)	(3,862,529)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSI	ES)				
Intergovernmental revenues	-	739,049	-	-	739,049
Gain on disposal of capital assets	4,500	-	-	-	4,500
Interest income	-	5,378	817	-	6,195
Interest expense	(98,601)	(73,583)	(51,048)		(223,232)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	(94,101)	670,844	(50,231)		526,512
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS					
Intergovernmental revenues	-	287,629	1,970,786	-	2,258,415
Contributions	101,185	-			101,185
Total Capital Contributions	101,185	287,629	1,970,786		2,359,600
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	(1,096,989)	(238,615)	500,111	(140,924)	(976,417)
Transfers In	514,400	-		107,950	622,350
Change in Net Position	(582,589)	(238,615)	500,111	(32,974)	(354,067)
Net Position, Beginning of Year	7,974,643	22,634,991	20,972,438	301,207	51,883,279
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 7,392,054	\$ 22,396,376	\$ 21,472,549	\$ 268,233 \$	51,529,212

TALBOT COUNTY, MARYLAND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Major Funds						
	Recreation		Sanitary			Easton	
	<u>Facilities</u>		<u>District</u>			<u>Airport</u>	
Cash flows from operating activities:							
Cash received from customers	\$	1,456,370	\$	2,434,227	\$	3,020,044	
Cash received from other revenues		34,008		2,592		17,096	
Cash payments for salaries and related expenses	(956,139)			(842,781)		(341,559)	
Cash payments to suppliers		(869,895)		(842,049)		(2,028,054)	
Cash payments for contracted services		-		(1,097,848)		-	
Other receipts (payments)		218,006		682,896			
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(117,650)		337,037		667,527	
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:							
Transfers from other funds		514,400		-		-	
Intergovernmental revenues		<u> </u>		1,131,358			
Net cash provided by							
noncapital financing activities		514,400		1,131,358			
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:							
Intergovernmental revenues		_		287,629		1,730,728	
Capital contributions		101,185		-		_	
Issuance of long-term debt		230,800		-		-	
Principal paid on long-term notes and bonds		(258,416)		(564,987)		(125, 145)	
Interest paid on long-term notes and bonds		(98,601)		(73,583)		(51,048)	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		4,500		_		-	
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(373,818)		(728,514)		(2,131,687)	
Net cash used by capital							
and related financing activities		(394,350)		(1,079,455)		(577,152)	
Cash flows from investing activities:							
Interest income on investments		-		5,378		817	
Repayment of advances from other funds		-		-		(72,393)	
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		-		5,378		(71,576)	
Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		2,400		394,318		18,799	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		5,714,089		427,815		407,568	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	5,716,489	\$	822,133	\$	426,367	

1	Nonmajor	
	Fund	
	<u>Pool</u>	<u>Totals</u>
\$	24,867	\$ 6,935,508
	63,633	117,329
	(101,358)	(2,241,837)
	(68,902)	(3,808,900)
	-	(1,097,848)
	(26,190)	874,712
	(107,950)	778,964
	107,950	622,350
	-	1,131,358
		, , ,
	107,950	1,753,708
	-	2,018,357
	-	101,185
	-	230,800
	-	(948, 548)
	-	(223,232)
	-	4,500
	-	(3,234,019)
		(2.050.057)
	-	(2,050,957)
		6 105
	-	6,195
	-	(72,393)
	-	(66,198)
	-	415,517
	-	6,549,472
\$	-	\$ 6,964,989

TALBOT COUNTY, MARYLAND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015 (continued)

	Major Funds			
	Recreation		Sanitary	Easton
		<u>Facilities</u>	<u>District</u>	<u>Airport</u>
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:				
Operating loss	\$	(1,104,073) \$	(1,197,088) \$	(1,420,444)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss				
to net cash provided (used) by operating activities				
Depreciation		693,849	1,252,343	1,861,511
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable, customers		22,713	(3,371)	55,869
Decrease (increase) in prepaid		914	(2,197)	(907)
Decrease in inventories		3,307	-	62,516
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		11,409	(403,775)	119,914
Increase in compensated absences		13,630	8,229	455
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		218,006	682,896	-
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue		22,595	-	(11,387)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(117,650) \$	337,037 \$	667,527

 Vonmajor Fund	
Pool	<u>Totals</u>
\$ (140,924) \$	(3,862,529)
78,373	3,886,076
3,525 (368) - 1,165 - (26,190) (23,531)	78,736 (2,558) 65,823 (271,287) 22,314 874,712 (12,323)
\$ (107,950) \$	778,964

TALBOT COUNTY, MARYLAND

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND June 30, 2015

		Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,967,958	
Other assets		2,973,340	
Total Assets		8,941,298	
NET POSITION Held in trust for other post-employment benefits	_\$	8,941,298	

TALBOT COUNTY, MARYLAND

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund		
ADDITIONS:			
Contributions			
Investment income	\$	5,979	
Total additions		5,979	
DEDUCTIONS:			
Net depreciation in fair value of investments		15,094	
Administrative and investment expenses		21,417	
Total deductions		36,511	
Change in net position		(30,532)	
Net position held in trust for other post-employment benefits beginning of year		8,971,830	
Net position held in trust for other post-employment benefits end of year	\$	8,941,298	

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Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Reporting Entity

Talbot County, Maryland (the "County") is governed by a County Council; its offices are located in Easton, Maryland. The County directly provides all basic local governmental services.

The financial statements of the County are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative literature. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Financial Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements of the County are not misleading. The primary government of the County consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the County.

The component unit columns contain the financial data of the County's two discretely presented component units – the Board of Education of Talbot County and the Talbot County Free Library. They are reported in separate columns to emphasize that they are legally separate from the County. Although these organizations are legally separate entities and have separately elected or appointed governing boards, they are included in the financial statements of the County because the County is financially accountable for each organization. Separately issued financial statements can be obtained from the following:

Board of Education of Talbot County

Talbot County Free Library Association, Inc.

12 Magnolia Street

Easton, MD 21601

Talbot County Free Library Association, Inc.

100 W. Dover Street

Easton, MD 21601

The Board of Education of Talbot County (BOE) is a separately elected body that administers the public school system in the County. The BOE is organized as a separate legal entity, but does not have the power to levy taxes or issue bonds. The BOE's budget is subject to approval by the County Council, and the BOE receives a significant portion of its operational and capital project funding from the County.

The *Talbot County Free Library Association, Inc. (TCFL)* is a separately appointed body that administers the public library system in the County. The TCFL is organized as a separate legal entity, but does not have the power to levy taxes or issue bonds. The County owns and/or maintains most TCFL facilities and provides a significant portion of its operational funding.

GASB 62 Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements, eliminates a previous election that allowed financial statements for enterprise funds and business-type activities to apply post-November 30, 1989 FASB Statements and Interpretations for the financial statements to the extent that the FASB Statements and Interpretations did not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The County has elected not to follow any other FASB guidance.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Basis of Presentation

The County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the County as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government. The statements distinguish between those activities of the County that are governmental in nature and those that are considered business-type activities. Fiduciary funds are not included within the government-wide financial statements.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the County at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the County's governmental activities and business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the County, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental program or business activity is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the County.

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the County segregates transactions related to certain County functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the County at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

C. Fund Accounting

The County uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The County maintains three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purpose for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the County's major governmental funds:

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Governmental Fund Types (continued)

<u>General Fund</u>: The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. All financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund, are accounted for in the General Fund.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>: The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, which are not financed by proprietary funds.

In addition, the County has three non-major governmental funds, the Developmental Impact Fund, Grants Fund and the Talbot Family Network.

Proprietary Fund Types

Proprietary funds focus on the determination of changes in net position, financial position and cash flows and are classified as enterprise.

Enterprise Funds are established to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent is that costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The following are the County's major enterprise funds:

<u>Recreation Fund:</u> The Recreation Fund is used to account for the operations of the County owned golf course and community center.

<u>Sanitary District Fund:</u> The Sanitary District Fund is used to account for the operations of the County's wastewater treatment plants, onsite sewage disposal systems, and bio-solids utilization facilities.

<u>Easton Airport Fund</u>: The Easton Airport Fund is used to account for the operations of the County owned airport.

In addition, the County has one non-major enterprise fund, the pool fund.

Fiduciary Fund Types

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity for others and therefore are not available to support County programs.

Other Post-Employment Benefits ("OPEB") Trust Fund: The OPEB Trust Fund is used to account for assets that are required to be held in trust for the members and beneficiaries of the postemployment benefit plan.

D. Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the County are included on the statement of net position.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fund Financial Statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance reflects the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the fund financial statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide financial statements, the enterprise funds are accounted for using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of changes in revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position. The statement of cash flows reflects how the County finances and meets the cash flow needs of its enterprise activities.

E. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of unearned revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions – Revenue resulting from exchange transactions in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the County, available is defined as collected within 30 days of the fiscal year end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the County receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include primarily grants. Revenue from grants is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the County must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the County on a reimbursable basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, the following revenue sources are considered both measurable and available at year end: local and state-shared taxes, special assessments, intergovernmental revenues, interest revenue, and charges for services. Licenses and permit revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

Unearned Revenue - Unearned revenues arise when assets are received before the revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

E. Basis of Accounting (continued)

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus on governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

F. Budgetary Process

The County and Board of Education follow these procedures in establishing the budgetary data:

- (1) The County Manager and the Board of Education submit a proposed operating budget for their respective general and capital projects funds annually to the County Council.
- (2) A minimum of two public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- (3) On or before June 1, the County's budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance by the County Council. The budget is required to be balanced as to proposed revenues and expenditures.
- (4) The County's legal level of budgetary control is at the general classification of expenditure level (personnel, operating, capital outlay, debt service, etc.). The County Manager is authorized to make transfers between general classifications of expenditures within the same department and fund. Transfers between departments can be made only with the approval of the County Council. All unexpended and unencumbered appropriations in the general fund lapse at the end of the fiscal year. However, no appropriation for a capital project may lapse until the purpose for which the appropriation was made is accomplished or abandoned. A capital project is abandoned if three fiscal years elapse without any expenditure.
- (5) Formal budgets are employed as a management control device during the year for the general, capital projects, special revenue, and enterprise funds. Annual budgets are legally adopted and presented in the combined statement of revenues and expenditures budget and actual for the general fund, capital projects fund and special revenue funds of the Primary Government.
- (6) Budgets are prepared and adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.
- (7) The general fund, capital projects fund, and special revenue fund budgeted amounts reflect the originally adopted and approved budget and the revised budget by the County Council. The budgeted amounts for the Board of Education and Library are not presented in these financial statements.
- (8) There were no supplemental appropriations for the County.

G. Cash and Short-Term Investments

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, overnight investment accounts, stated at cost, and certificates of deposit maturing in three months or less, are considered to be cash equivalents.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

H. Property Tax

Taxes are levied annually on July 1 and are due in full by September 30 for non-owner occupied and non-small business properties. Owner occupied and small business property taxes are due in two equal semi-annual installments on September 30 and December 31, respectively. Property taxes are attached as an enforceable lien and are in arrears on October 1 for non-owner occupied and non-small business properties and January 1 for owner occupied and small business properties. The County bills and collects its own taxes. County property tax revenues are recognized when collected.

I. Inventory and Prepaid Items

Board of Education inventories, consisting of expendable items held for consumption, are stated at the lower of cost or market. The cost is recorded as an expenditure item at the time the individual inventory items are used. Inventories of the enterprise funds are stated at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future periods and are recorded by the purchase method as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

J. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical costs) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The County maintains a capitalization threshold of three hundred dollars. Public domain (infrastructure) general governmental capital assets such as roads surface, bridges, streets and sidewalks are capitalized and depreciated. Road base infrastructure is not depreciated. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add value to the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except land, road base infrastructure, and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over estimated useful asset lives, which are as follows:

Buildings and infrastructure 7 - 40 years Sewer plants, lines, and improvements 10 - 50 years Equipment 3 - 15 years

K. Compensated Absences

County employees earn annual leave based on length of service. Annual leave accumulates, and any unused portion is paid upon termination. County employees may accumulate a maximum of 30 days of annual leave. Twelve-month employees of the Board of Education earn annual leave at varying rates dependent upon position and length of service. Annual leave generally must be taken by June 30 each year. For support staff, up to ten days may be transferred to the next fiscal year. For administrative staff, up to 20 days may be transferred to the next fiscal year.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

K. Compensated Absences (continued)

Sick leave for all County employees is earned at a rate of ten days per year. Board of Education employees earn sick leave at varying rates depending upon position and utilization. There is no limit on accumulated sick leave. At termination, employees are not paid for accumulated sick leave; however, at retirement, a portion may be used as additional credited service under the retirement plan.

The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. On governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as a liability and expenditure to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. For enterprise funds, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that once incurred are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year.

M. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets plus deferred inflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred outflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by grantors, creditors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The County applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

N. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that period. The County has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. The County recognizes a deferred outflow of resources related to its pension obligation (Note 7) for changes in assumptions and contributions subsequent to the measurement date. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an outflow from resources in the period that the amounts become available.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. The County recognizes a deferred inflow of resources related to its pension obligation (Note 7) for the net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments. This item is deferred and recognized as an inflow from resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

N. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources (continued)

The deferred outflows and inflows of resources represent reconciling items between the governmental fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements.

O. Fund Balance Reserves

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> – Amounts that can only be spent for specific purposes because of the County charter or code, state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.

<u>Committed</u> – Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes imposed by the Council. The Council may establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment by voting on a motion made by any Council Member and approved by the majority of the Council Members at a County Council meeting.

<u>Assigned</u> – Amounts designated by the County Council to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Section 202 of the Talbot County Charter outlines the specific powers delegated to the Council.

Unassigned - Amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

Nonspendable fund balances consist of prepaid amounts.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the County's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

P. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the County, these revenues are charges for services for recreational activities, sewer, airport, and pool activities. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund. Revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as non-operating.

Q. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

R. Interfund Receivables/Payables

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans or interfund services provided and used are classified as "Interfund Receivables/Payables." Interfund balances within governmental activities and within business-type activities are eliminated on the government-wide statement of net position. The only interfund balances which remain on the government-wide statement of net position are those between governmental and business-type activities. These amounts are reflected as "Internal Balances."

Note 3. Deposits and Investments

A. Deposits

Primary Government

Deposits are maintained in a variety of financial institutions. Statutes authorized the County Council to invest unexpended revenues from taxation, bond sales, lawful distributions to it of funds from other governmental agencies, or any other funds properly received by it, until it determines the funds are needed for proper public purpose, in United States Government bonds or evidence of indebtedness, the Maryland Local Government Investment Pool, or to invest in federally insured banking institutions which pledge United States Treasury bills, notes or other obligations to secure such deposits.

At June 30, 2015, the County Primary Government had deposits of \$21,760,734 with local banks (carrying value \$21,237,731). Of those deposits, \$250,000 was insured by federal depository insurance (FDIC). As required by law, a depository is required to pledge securities, in addition to FDIC insurance, at least equal to the amount on deposit at all times. At June 30, 2015, all deposits were fully insured or collateralized with securities pledged in the County's name. Petty cash totaled \$19,515 as of June 30, 2015.

Board of Education

At June 30, 2015, the reported amount of the Board's bank deposits was \$7,161,119 and the bank balance was \$8,607,714. These balances include \$986,485 of trust and agency cash and MLGIP of \$4,504,578 reported below. The cash in the bank was covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the pledging bank's trust department in the Board's name.

Library

At June 30, 2015, the Library had deposits totaling \$112,268 (carrying value \$91,073), which were fully insured by federal depository insurance issued by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

B. Investments

Primary Government

The County is a participant in the Maryland Local Government Investment Pool (MLGIP), which provides all local government units of the State a safe investment vehicle for short-term investment of funds. The State Legislature created MLGIP with the passage of Article 95 §22G of the Annotated Code of Maryland. The MLGIP is managed by PNC Capital Advisors, LLC and custodied by PNC Bank, N.A., which is under administrative control of the State Treasurer. A MLGIP Advisory Committee of current participants has been formed to review the activities of the Fund on a semi-annual basis and provide suggestions to enhance the pool. The MLGIP portfolio is managed in a manner consistent with the Securities and Exchange Commission's Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The MLGIP is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The fair value of the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. At June 30, 2015, the County had investments in MLGIP of \$18,000,000, which are recorded at cost, which approximates fair value.

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The County's exposure to credit risk on deposits is minimal, as all deposits are in the form of cash fully insured by the FDIC or collateralized by securities pledged in the County's name. The County minimizes its exposure to credit risk on investments by limiting its investments to U.S. Treasury obligations and MLGIP.

Note 3. Deposits and Investments (continued)

B. Investments (continued)

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The County does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. However, the County manages its investment time horizons by averaging investment maturities and chooses to disclose its exposure to interest rate changes using the weighted average maturity method. Generally, the County limits its weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to less than 12 months.

At June 30, 2015, the County had the following investments:

		Weighted	
	Fair	Average	
Investment Type	 Value	Maturity (months)	
MLGIP	\$ 18,000,000	< 2	

Board of Education

The Board is also authorized to invest in the Maryland Local Government Investment Pool (MLGIP), where deposits are recorded at cost. Due to the nature of the MLGIP investment it is considered a cash equivalent. MLGIP is not covered by FDIC, but it is collateralized by United States Treasury instruments. The Maryland State Treasurer oversees the MLGIP. At June 30, 2015, the Board had investments in MLGIP of \$4,504,578.

Note 4. Interfund Receivables and Payables

As a result of its operations, the County affects a variety of transactions between funds to finance operations, service debt, etc. Accordingly, to the extent that certain interfund transactions have not been paid or received as of June 30, 2015, appropriate due from/to other funds have been established.

Interfund transactions are classified as follows:

- 1. Transfers to support the operations of other funds are recorded as "Transfers in (out) to other funds" and classified as "Other Financing Sources (Uses)" in the fund statements. Transfers between governmental and proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation of the Government-wide financial statements.
- Loans between funds are classified as Interfund loans receivable and payable or as advances to and from other funds in the fund statements. Loans and advances are netted as part of the reconciliation of the Government-wide financial statements.

Note 4. Interfund Receivables and Payables (continued)

Due from/to other funds balances as of June 30, 2015 were as follows:

		Due from			Due to
		C	ther Funds		Other Funds
Primary Government	Purpose				
General Fund	Transfers	\$	7,611,909	\$	-
Special Revenue Fund - Grants Fund	Transfers		-		549,402
Enterprise Fund - Recreation Facilities	Transfers		-		4,131,952
Enterprise Fund - Sanitary District	Transfers		-		2,747,576
Enterprise Fund - Pool	Transfers		-		182,979
		\$	7,611,909	\$	7,611,909

The amounts payable from the Special Revenue Fund – Grants Fund and all Enterprise Funds to the General Fund are to cover temporary cash shortages.

Advances to/from other funds balances as of June 30, 2015 were as follows:

		Advances to		A	dvances from
		Otl	her Funds	(Other Funds
Primary Government	Purpose				
General Fund	Construction projects	\$	439,292	\$	-
Enterprise Fund - Airport	Construction projects		-		439,292
		\$	439,292	\$	439,292

During fiscal year 2007, the County transferred approximately \$2.5 million to the Airport from the General Fund for construction of an airport control tower. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2015 was \$439,292.

Note 5. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015 is as follows:

	Balance		Transfers and	Balance
	June 30, 2014	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2015
Primary Government				_
Governmental Activities:				
Nondepreciable Capital Assets:				
Land	\$ 12,436,837	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,436,837
Infrastructure - road base	25,449,891	-	-	25,449,891
Construction in progress	2,420,089	7,914,620	(666,953)	9,667,756
Total Nondepreciable Capital Assets	40,306,817	7,914,620	(666,953)	47,554,484
Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Buildings and improvements	41,337,839	29,891	175,119	41,542,849
Infrastructure	15,659,776	424,611	(197,625)	
Furniture and equipment	22,139,075	1,845,668	(490,920)	
Total capital assets being depreciated	79,136,690	2,300,170	(513,426)	80,923,434
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	14,546,476	1,335,898	-	15,882,374
Infrastructure	6,851,227	841,911	(569,800)	
Furniture and equipment	16,934,850	1,503,584	(490,920)	
Total accumulated depreciation	38,332,553	3,681,393	(1,060,720)	40,953,226
Total Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	40,804,137	(1,381,223)	547,294	39,970,208
Total Governmental Activities, Net	\$ 81,110,954	\$ 6,533,397	\$ (119,659)	\$ 87,524,692
	Balance		Transfers and	Balance
	June 30, 2014	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2015
Business-Type Activities:				
Nondepreciable Capital Assets:				
Land	\$ 3,499,479	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,499,479
Construction in progress	1,900,541	2,566,343	(947,519)	3,519,365
Total Nondepreciable Capital Assets	5,400,020	2,566,343	(947,519)	7,018,844
Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Buildings and improvements	97,476,900	186,391	947,519	98,610,810
Furniture and equipment	7,317,713	481,285	(32,627)	7,766,371
Total Depreciable Capital Assets	104,794,613	667,676	914,892	106,377,181
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	44,322,521	3,480,155	-	47,802,676
Furniture and equipment	3,334,667	405,921	(32,627)	3,707,961
Total accumulated depreciation	47,657,188	3,886,076	(32,627)	51,510,637
Total Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	57,137,425	(3,218,400)	947,519	54,866,544
Total Business-Type Activities, Net	\$ 62,537,445	\$ (652,057)	\$ -	\$ 61,885,388

Note 5. Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General Government	\$ 900,632
Public Safety	1,142,348
Public Works	1,402,045
Health & Hospitals	6,260
Recreation	230,108
Total Depreciation Expense-Governmental Activities	\$ 3,681,393

A summary of changes in capital assets for the component units at June 30, 2015 is as follows:

		Balance				ransfers and	_	Balance
	Jur	ie 30, 2014		Additions	J	Reductions	Ju	ne 30, 2015
Component Units								
Board of Education								
Nondepreciable Capital Assets:			Φ		Φ		Φ	277 446
Land	\$	377,446	\$	-	\$	-	\$	377,446
Construction in progress	-	-		32,101				32,101
Total Nondepreciable Capital Assets		377,446		32,101		-		409,547
Depreciable Capital Assets:								
Buildings and improvements		94,415,041		-		-		94,415,041
Furniture and equipment		25,144,592		1,292,261		(2,555,080)		23,881,773
Total capital assets being depreciated	1	19,559,633		1,292,261		(2,555,080)	1	18,296,814
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements	:	36,913,184		2,130,571		-		39,043,755
Furniture and equipment		21,004,134		1,518,615		(2,550,378)		19,972,371
Total accumulated depreciation	:	57,917,318		3,649,186		(2,550,378)		59,016,126
Total Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	\$ (61,642,315	\$	(2,356,925)	\$	(4,702)	\$	59,280,688
Library								
Nondepreciable Capital Assets:								
Land	\$	49,921	\$	-	\$	-	\$	49,921
Construction in progress		1,880		=		-		1,880
Total Nondepreciable Capital Assets		51,801		-		-		51,801
Depreciable Capital Assets:								
Buildings and improvements		559,721		-		-		559,721
Furniture and equipment		1,494,001		107,361		(151,081)		1,450,281
Total capital assets being depreciated		2,053,722		107,361		(151,081)		2,010,002
Less accumulated depreciation		1,222,255		234,316		(151,081)		1,305,490
Total Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	\$	831,467	\$	(126,955)	\$	-	\$	704,512

Note 6. Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of long-term debt at June 30, 2015:

	Balance at June 30, 2014	Additions	Reductions	Balance at June 30, 2015	Amount Due in One Year
Primary Government Governmental Activities: Public Improvement Bonds of 2008; original issue \$25,020,000, payable annually in principal payments ranging from \$810,000 to \$1,820,000 through December 15, 2027; interest payable semi-annually at rates from 3.5% to 4.0%.	\$18,490,000	\$ -	\$1,045,000	\$17,445,000	\$1,090,000
Shore Erosion (Black Walnut Point); total authorized borrowing \$160,000, to be repaid in 15 annual payments of \$9,100, no interest, beginning July 1, 2011.	109,200	-	9,100	100,100	9,100
Chesapeake College Bond of 2003; original issue \$180,000, a contractual liability payable to Queen Anne's County, the registered owner, payable in annual principal installments from \$5,559 to \$13,434; interest payable annually at rates from 4.83% to 5.4%.	100,125	-	9,066	91,059	9,529
Chesapeake College Bond of 2000; original issue \$620,000, a contractual liability payable to Queen Anne's County, the registered owner, payable annually in principal payments ranging from \$20,000 to \$50,000 through January 15, 2020; interest payable semi-annually at rates from 5.10% to 5.75%.	255,000	-	35,000	220,000	40,000
Public Improvement and Refunding Bonds of 2006; original issue \$2,325,000, payable annually in principal payments ranging from \$90,000 to \$175,000 through February 1, 2024; interest payable semi-annually at rates from 4% to 4.3%.	1,485,000	-	125,000	1,360,000	130,000
Public Improvement and Refunding Bonds of 2010; original issue \$12,157,771, payable annually in principal payments ranging from \$587,000 to \$1,318,000 through May 2022; interest payable semi-annually at rates from 2% to 5%.	8,131,832	-	1,230,175	6,901,657	1,247,803

Note 6. Long-Term Debt (continued)

Primary Covernment Continued Covernment Activities (continued): Exavation equipment financing agreement; original amount of \$287,000, payble in monthly payments of \$4.338 which include principal and interest at a net of 1.98% with one final payment of \$43,050 through August 15.2018. \$23,661 \$33,932 \$36,000 \$46,600 \$36,000 \$46,600 \$36,000 \$46,600 \$36,00		Balance at June 30, 2014	Additions	Reductions	Balance at June 30, 2015	Amount Due in One Year
Decreasing of 882,032, to be repaid in 10 equal annual payments, no interest, beginning in 2015 after completion of the project. 1,760,000 1,698,204 1,698,204 1,313 1,315	Governmental Activities (continued): Excavation equipment financing agreement; original amount of \$287,000, payable in monthly payments of \$4,338 which include principal and interest at a rate of 1.98% with one		_		,	
Not provided to the parable in annual principal installments from \$61,313 to \$124,198 through April 1, 2034; interest payable semi-annually arrates from \$61,313 to \$124,198 through April 1, 2034; interest payable semi-annually arrates from \$61,313 to \$124,198 through April 1, 2034; interest payable semi-annually arrates from \$61,313 to \$124,198 through April 1, 2034; interest payable semi-annually arrates from \$987,815 which include principal and interest at a rate of \$3.273% through October 1, 2022. Note	borrowing of \$82,032, to be repaid in 10 equal annual payments, no interest, beginning in 2015 after completion of		33,932	-	44,672	8,203
original amount of \$6,716,277, to be repaid in eight annual payments of \$967,815 which include principal and interest at a rate of 3.273% through October 1, 2022. 6,716,277 748,010 748,010 748,010 748,010 748,010 748,010 30,585,588 6,750,209 2,562,705 34,773,062 3,932,568 3,932,568 77,324 837,401 391,385 3,932,568 77,324 837,401 391,385 3,732,909 77,324 837,401 391,385 3,733,950 3,747,899 3,3368,771 36,205,207 3,783,950 3,783,950 3,747,899 3,3368,771 36,205,207 3,783,950 3,783,950 3,747,899 3,3368,771 36,205,207 3,783,950 3,783,950 3,747,899 3,3368,771 36,205,207 3,783,950 3,783,950 3,748,999 3,3368,771 36,205,207 3,783,950 3,783,950 3,783,950 3,748,999 3,3368,771 36,205,207 3,783,950 3,783,950 3,748,999 3,3368,771 36,205,207 3,783,950 3,783,950 3,783,950 3,783,950 3,783,950 3,783,950 3,783,950 3,783,950 3,783,950 3,783,950 <	\$1,760,000, a contractual liability payable to Queen Anne's County, the registered owner; payable in annual principal installments from \$61,313 to \$124,198 through April 1,	1,760,000	-	61,706	1,698,294	61,313
Namortized bond premium	original amount of \$6,716,277, to be repaid in eight annual					
Compensated absences 672,068 838,453 727,690 728,742 837,401 391,382 Compensated absences 838,453 727,690 728,742 837,401 391,382 Compensated absences 832,096,079 \$7,477,899 \$3,368,771 \$36,205,207 \$3,783,950 Compensated absences 832,096,079 \$7,477,899 \$3,368,771 \$36,205,207 \$7,008,790 Compensated absences 838,453 \$727,699 \$3,368,771 \$36,205,207 \$3,783,950 Compensated absences 838,453 \$727,699 \$3,368,771 \$36,205,207 \$3,783,950 Compensated absences 838,453 \$7,477,899 \$3,368,771 \$36,205,207 \$3,783,950 Compensated absences 838,453 \$7,477,899 \$3,368,771 \$36,205,207 \$3,783,950 Compensated absences 838,690,790 \$3,400,000 \$1,000	at a rate of 3.273% through October 1, 2022.			-		
Restriction						3,392,568
Salance at June 30, 2014 Additions Reductions June 30, 2015 in One Year	-					301 382
Business-type Activities: Recreation Facilities Public Improvement and Refunding Bonds of 2006; original issue \$2,545,000, payable annually in principal payments ranging from \$90,000 to \$180,000 through February 1, 2026; interest payable semi-annually at rates from 4% to 4.375%. Public Improvement and Refunding Bonds of 2010; original issue \$630,945, payable annually in principal payments ranging from \$5,590 to \$72,300 through May 2022; interest payable semi-annually at rates from 2% to 5%. Golf course equipment capital lease; original issue of \$181,322, payable monthly in principal and interest payments of approximately \$4,176 through June 2015, interest at 4.8%. 48,875 48,875 230,800, payable in monthly payments of \$4,222 which include principal and interest at a rate of 5.104% with one final payment of \$57,710 through August 30, 2018. Balance at Amount Due Reductions Padditions (Padditions) Pathology (Padditions) Padditions (Padditions) Paddit	Compensated absences	656,455	121,090	120,142	037,401	371,362
Business-type Activities: Recreation Facilities Public Improvement and Refunding Bonds of 2006; original issue \$2,545,000, payable annually in principal payments ranging from \$90,000 to \$180,000 through February 1, 2026; interest payable semi-annually at rates from 4% to 4.375%. Public Improvement and Refunding Bonds of 2010; original issue \$630,945, payable annually in principal payments ranging from \$5,590 to \$72,300 through May 2022; interest payable semi-annually at rates from 2% to 5%. Solf course equipment capital lease; original issue of \$181,322, payable monthly in principal and interest payments of approximately \$4,176 through June 2015, interest at 4.8%. Solf course equipment capital lease; original issue of \$230,800, payable in monthly payments of \$4,222 which include principal and interest at a rate of 5.104% with one final payment of \$5,7,710 through August 30, 2018.	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$32,096,079	\$7,477,899	\$3,368,771	\$36,205,207	\$3,783,950
Recreation Facilities Public Improvement and Refunding Bonds of 2006; original issue \$2,545,000, payable annually in principal payments ranging from \$90,000 to \$180,000 through February 1, 2026; interest payable semi-annually at rates from 4% to 4.375%. \$ 1,755,000 \$ - \$ 115,000 \$ 1,640,000 \$ 120,000 \$ 120,000 \$ 100,000 \$ 120,000 \$			Additions	Reductions		
original issue \$630,945, payable annually in principal payments ranging from \$5,590 to \$72,300 through May 2022; interest payable semi-annually at rates from 2% to 5%. 517,133 57,105 460,028 58,700 Golf course equipment capital lease; original issue of \$181,322, payable monthly in principal and interest payments of approximately \$4,176 through June 2015, interest at 4.8%. 48,875 48,875 48,875 - Golf course equipment capital lease; original issue of \$230,800, payable in monthly payments of \$4,222 which include principal and interest at a rate of 5.104% with one final payment of \$57,710 through August 30, 2018. - 230,800 37,436 193,364 41,763	Recreation Facilities Public Improvement and Refunding Bonds of 2006; original issue \$2,545,000, payable annually in principal payments ranging from \$90,000 to \$180,000 through February 1, 2026; interest payable semi-annually at rates	\$ 1,755,000	\$ -	\$ 115,000	\$ 1,640,000	\$ 120,000
\$181,322, payable monthly in principal and interest payments of approximately \$4,176 through June 2015, interest at 4.8%. 48,875 - 48,875 Golf course equipment capital lease; original issue of \$230,800, payable in monthly payments of \$4,222 which include principal and interest at a rate of 5.104% with one final payment of \$57,710 through August 30, 2018. - 230,800 37,436 193,364 41,763	original issue \$630,945, payable annually in principal payments ranging from \$5,590 to \$72,300 through May 2022; interest payable semi-annually at rates from 2% to	517,133	-	57,105	460,028	58,700
\$230,800, payable in monthly payments of \$4,222 which include principal and interest at a rate of 5.104% with one final payment of \$57,710 through August 30, 2018 230,800 37,436 193,364 41,763	\$181,322, payable monthly in principal and interest payments of approximately \$4,176 through June 2015,	48,875	-	48,875	-	-
Total Recreation Facilities \$ 2,321,008 \$ 230,800 \$ 258,416 \$ 2,293,392 \$ 220,463	\$230,800, payable in monthly payments of \$4,222 which include principal and interest at a rate of 5.104% with one final payment of \$57,710 through August 30, 2018.					
	Total Recreation Facilities	\$ 2,321,008	\$ 230,800	\$ 258,416	\$ 2,293,392	\$ 220,463

Note 6. Long-Term Debt (continued)

	Balance at				Balance at	Amount Due
	June 30, 2014	Additions	Re	ductions	June 30, 2015	in One Year
Business-type Activities (continued):						
Sanitary District						
Public Improvement and Refunding Bonds of 2006;						
original issue \$390,000, payable annually in principal						
payments ranging from \$20,000 to \$35,000 through						
February 1, 2019; interest payable semi-annually at rates						
from 4% to 4.2%.	\$ 155,000	\$ -	\$	30,000	\$ 125,000	\$ 30,000
Water Quality Bonds of 2006; Total authorized borrowing	g					
of \$10,212,981; \$9,975,333 borrowed to date, loan to						
be repaid in level principal and interest payments over 20						
years beginning February 2008; interest at 0.4%.	6,493,162	-		505,444	5,987,718	507,466
Farmers Home Administration Bond; Royal Oak,						
Newcomb Wastewater System; original issue \$571,000,						
payable quarterly in payments of \$9,479 through March						
2024, including interest at 5.25%.	275,601	-		23,910	251,691	24,373
Farmers Home Administration Bond; Unionville/Tunis						
Mills/Copperville Wastewater System Bond of 2001;						
original issue \$186,000, payable quarterly in payments of	f					
\$2,833 through May 2030, including interest at 4.5%.	128,696	-		5,633	123,063	5,888
Total Sanitary District	\$ 7,052,459	\$ -	\$	564,987	\$ 6,487,472	\$ 567,727

Note 6. Long-Term Debt (continued)

	Balance at June 30, 2014	Additions	Reductions	Balance at June 30, 2015	Amount Due in One Year
Business-type Activities (continued):				,	
Easton Airport					
Public Facilities and Refunding Bonds of 2006; original issue \$100,000, payable annually in principal payments ranging from \$5,000 to \$10,000 through February 1, 2019; interest					
payable semi-annually at rates from 4% to 4.2% .	\$ 50,000	\$ -	\$ 10,000	\$ 40,000	\$ 10,000
Public Facilities and Refunding Bonds of 2006; original issue \$440,000, payable annually in principal payments ranging from \$30,000 to \$40,000 through February 1, 2019; interest payable semi-annually at rates from 4% to 4.2%.	190,000	-	35,000	155,000	35,000
	,		ŕ	,	
Public Facilities Bonds of 2002; original issue \$1,055,000, payable annually in principal payments ranging from \$30,000 to \$77,000 through March 15, 2022; interest payable semi-annually at rates from 3.0% to 5.37%.	295,001	-	30,000	265,001	30,000
Public Improvement and Refunding Bonds of 2010; original issue \$306,284, payable annually in principal payments ranging from \$13,000 to \$35,000 through May 2022; interest payable semi-annually at rates from 2% to 5%.	251,035		27,720	223,315	28,497
Department of Natural Resources Hangar; original issue \$300,000, payable monthly in principal and interest payments of \$2,030 through October 10, 2020; interest is payable at 5.3% per annum.	129,939	-	17,857	112,082	18,827
Consolidated Public Improvement Bonds, Series 2013; original issue \$265,000, payable monthly in principal and interest payments of \$1,304 through December 4, 2042;					
interest is payable at 4.25% per annum.	262,772	-	4,568	258,204	4,763
Total Easton Airport	1,178,747	-	125,145	1,053,602	127,087
Commonweated absences	10,552,214	230,800	948,548	9,834,466	915,277
Compensated absences	98,243	80,207	57,893	120,557	38,115
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	\$10,650,457	\$ 311,007	\$1,006,441	\$ 9,955,023	\$ 953,392

The bonds outstanding at June 30, 2015 for the primary government's governmental activities and business-type activities are general obligation bonds.

Note 6. Long-Term Debt (continued)

The County has entered into leases for the acquisition of various equipment items, which transfer ownership at the end of the lease. Accordingly, the present value of future minimum lease payments and the related assets have been recorded in the appropriate fund.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

Business-Type Activities

Equipment	\$ 230,800
Less: accumulated depreciation	(9,617)
Total	\$ 221,183

The following is a summary of the future minimum lease payments on the capital leases:

Business-Type Activities

Year Ending June 30	
2016	\$ 50,664
2017	50,664
2018	50,664
2019	61,922
Less amounts representing interest	 (20,550)
Present value of future minimum lease payments	\$ 193,364

Funds Used For Debt Service and Liquidation of Compensated Absences

Payments on bonds and notes payable that pertain to the County's governmental activities are made by the general fund. Payments on bonds and notes payable that pertain to the County's business-type activities are made by the fund in which the liability exists. The compensated absences liability attributable to the governmental activities will be liquidated by the County's general fund. The compensated absences liability attributable to business-type activities will be liquidated by the fund in which the liability exists.

Other Obligations

As part of the acquisition agreement between the County and the Martingham Utilities Cooperative for the wastewater treatment facility, the County is obligated to collect fees for use of the Martingham facilities from its customers and remit a portion of those proceeds to service debt related to the entire Martingham facility. The debt is in the name of the Martingham Utilities Cooperative and is not reported on the balance sheet of the County.

Note 6. Long-Term Debt (continued)

Other Obligations (continued)

The County, on behalf of the Edge Creek Waterway Improvement District, entered into a loan agreement with the State of Maryland, Department of Natural Resources for a 20 year interest-free Waterway Improvement Loan in the amount of \$304,699. The proceeds of this loan were used to dredge Edge Creek and pay the expenses associated with the dredging. This loan is payable from the proceeds of a special assessment levied on parcels within the district and is not backed by the County's full faith and credit. This loan does not appear on the balance sheet of the County. The County acts only as a fiduciary in collecting the assessments and servicing the debt. The balance outstanding as of June 30, 2015 is \$213,289.

	В	alance at					В	alance at
	June	30, 2014	F	Additions	R	eductions	Jun	e 30, 2015
Component Units <u>Roard of Education</u>								
Note payable to Bank of America principal and interest payments of \$7,372 are payable monthly through September 29, 2016; interest payable at 1.72% per annum; collateralized by school buses.	\$	195,118	\$	-	\$	85,788	\$	109,330
Note payable to Branch Bank & Trust Co. principal and interest payments of \$2,009 are payable monthly through September 5, 2017; interest payable at 2.11% per annum; collateralized by school bus.		75,646		-		22,726		52,920
Note payable to Suntrust Equipment Finance & Leasing Corp. principal and interest payments of \$8,638 are payable monthly through September 1, 2018; interest payable at 1.597% per annum; collateralized by school buses.		409,514		-		89,623		319,891
Note payable to Suntrust Equipment Finance & Leasing Corp. principal and interest payments of \$56,321 are payable annually through September 1, 2018; interest payable at 1.58% per annum; collateralized by school buses.		<u>-</u>		258,724		41,219		217,505
TOTAL BOARD OF EDUCATION	\$	680,278	\$	258,724	\$	239,356	\$	699,646

Note 6. Long-Term Debt (continued)

A summary of debt service requirements to maturity (excluding compensated absences and capital lease payments) by years is approximately as follows:

Primary	Government

Primary Government		Principal		Interest		Total
Governmental Activities		Timeipai		micresi		Total
Fiscal year Ending June 30,						
2016	\$	3,392,568	\$	1,276,018	\$	4,668,586
2017	Ψ	3,521,334	Ψ	1,173,919	Ψ	4,695,253
2018		3,634,104		1,061,975		4,696,079
2019		3,079,363		924,910		4,004,273
2020		3,239,476		818,912		4,058,388
2021 - 2025		12,811,152		2,366,129		15,177,281
2026 - 2030		4,625,784		473,291		5,099,075
2031 - 2035		469,281		47,840		517,121
Total Governmental Activities	\$	34,773,062	\$	8,142,994	\$	42,916,056
Enterprise Fund - Recreational Facilities (exclu	ding	capital leases)			
Fiscal year Ending June 30,	ф	150 500	Φ.	0.4.500	Ф	262.202
2016	\$	178,700	\$	84,592	\$	263,292
2017		187,295		77,230		264,525
2018		193,495		70,820		264,315
2019		200,890		62,918		263,808
2020		207,485		55,600		263,085
2021 - 2025		952,163		153,664		1,105,827
2026 - 2030		180,000		7,875		187,875
Total Recreational Facilities	\$	2,100,028	\$	512,699	\$	2,612,727
Enterprise Fund - Sanitary District						
Fiscal year Ending June 30,						
2016	\$	567,727	\$	48,117	\$	615,844
2017		571,306		43,301		614,607
2018		574,973		38,397		613,370
2019		583,731		33,401		617,132
2020		552,585		28,077		580,662
2021 - 2025		2,747,996		83,366		2,831,362
2026 - 2030		889,154		11,505		900,659
Total Sanitary District	\$	6,487,472	\$	286,164	\$	6,773,636

Note 6. Long-Term Debt (continued)

Primary Government (continued)

	 Principal	Interest	Total
Enterprise Fund - Easton Airport			_
Fiscal year Ending June 30,			
2016	\$ 127,087	\$ 43,438	\$ 170,525
2017	140,059	40,562	180,621
2018	141,935	34,707	176,642
2019	149,461	28,090	177,551
2020	101,668	21,517	123,185
2021 - 2025	192,796	56,682	249,478
2026 - 2030	39,696	38,533	78,229
2031 - 2035	49,521	28,710	78,231
2036 - 2040	60,670	17,557	78,227
2041 - 2043	 50,709	3,947	54,656
Total Easton Airport	\$ 1,053,602	\$ 313,743	\$ 1,367,345
Component Units Board of Education			
Fiscal year Ending June 30,			
2016	\$ 263,506	\$ 9,050	\$ 272,556
2017	200,369	5,836	206,205
2018	163,084	2,920	166,004
2019	 72,687	909	73,596

Obligations Under State Retirement System

Component Unit - Board of Education

State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland Payable annually through December 2035.

Total Board of Education

\$ 562,858

18,715

718,361

699,646

Note 6. Long-Term Debt (continued)

Obligations Under State Retirement System (continued)

Component Unit - Board of Education (continued)

The remaining deficit reduction payment schedule authorized by House Bill 430 is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	
2016	\$ 35,651
2017	37,434
2018	39,305
2019	41,270
2020	43,334
2021 - 2025	251,421
2026 - 2030	320,883
2031 - 2035	409,537
2036	94,593
Sub-Total	1,273,428
Less amounts representing interest	(710,570)
Liability as of June 30, 2015	\$ 562,858

The Board of Education obligation to the State Retirement System was \$549,786 at June 30, 2014. There was an increase of \$47,025 and payments of \$33,953 during fiscal year 2015. The increase is related to an actuarial valuation that produced updated principal balances and was communicated to the Board of Education on December 17, 2014.

Note 7. Pension Plans

The State Retirement Agency is the administrator of the Maryland State Retirement and Pension System (the System). The System was established by the State Personnel and Pensions Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland to provide retirement allowances and other benefits to State employees, teachers, police, judges, legislators, and employees of participating governmental units. Responsibility for the System's administration and operation is vested in a 15 member Board of Trustees. The System is made up of two cost-sharing employer pools: the "State Pool" and the "Municipal Pool". The State Pool consists of State agencies, board of education, community colleges, and libraries. The Municipal Pool consists of participating governmental units that elected to join the System. Neither pool shares in each other's actuarial liabilities, thus participating governmental units that elect to join the System (the "Municipal Pool") share in the liabilities of the Municipal Pool only. The State Retirement Agency issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland, 120 E. Baltimore Street, Suite 1660, Baltimore, Maryland 21202-1600 or on-line at www.sra.maryland.gov.

The System is comprised of the Teachers' Retirement and Pension Systems (Teachers' Systems), Employees' Retirement and Pension Systems (Employees' Systems), State Police Retirement System, Judges' Retirement System, and the Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System (LEOPS).

Note 7. Pension Plans (continued)

The following groups of employees participate in:

Employees	Plan
Library	Teachers' Systems
Board of Education - teachers	Teachers' Systems
Board of Education - regular employees	Employees' Systems
Talbot County	Employees' Systems

Both the Employees' Systems and the Teachers' Systems (collectively the Systems) are cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans.

Basis of Accounting

The System's financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. For purposes of measuring net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the System and additions to/deductions from the System's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the System. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Teachers' and Employees' Retirement Systems and the Teachers' and Employees' Pension Systems

General Plan Policies

The Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Maryland was established on August 1, 1927 and is administered in accordance with the State Personnel and Pensions Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits to teachers in the State. In addition, on January 1, 1980, the Teachers' Pension System of the State of Maryland was established. In this regard, teachers hired on or after January 1, 1980 become members of the Teachers' Pension System, unless they elect to join an optional retirement program. Until December 31, 2004, existing members of the Teachers' Retirement System had the option of remaining in the Teachers' Retirement System or transferring to the Teachers' Pension System.

On October 1, 1941, the Employees' Retirement System was established to provide retirement allowances and other benefits to State employees, elected and appointed officials and the employees of participating governmental units. Effective January 1, 1980, the Employees' Retirement System was essentially closed to new members and the Employees' Pension system was established. Until December 31, 2004, existing members of the Employees' Retirement System had the option of remaining in the Employees' Retirement System or transferring to the Employees' Pension System.

Significant Plan Benefits and Policies

The following is a general description of the significant plan benefits and related contribution requirements for the Teachers' and Employees' Retirement Systems and the Teachers' and Employees' Pension Systems:

Note 7. Pension Plans (continued)

Teachers' and Employees' Retirement Systems

Retirement Benefits:

A member may retire with full benefits after attaining the age of 60, or after completing 30 years of creditable service regardless of age. The annual retirement allowance is equal to 1/55 of a member's average final compensation (i.e. average of the member's three highest years of annual earnable compensation) multiplied by the number of years and months of accumulated creditable service. A member may retire with reduced benefits after completing 25 years of creditable service regardless of age. Retirement allowances are adjusted each year based on the Consumer Price Index. Cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs) are applied to all allowances payable for the year, however, the method by which the COLA is computed depends upon elections made by members and is tied to member contributions.

Vested Allowance:

A member terminating employment before attaining retirement age but after completing 5 years of creditable service becomes eligible for a vested retirement allowance, provided the member lives to the age of 60 and does not withdraw his or her accumulated contributions. Members terminating employment before attaining retirement age and before completing 5 years of creditable service are refunded their accumulated contributions plus earned interest.

Employee Contributions:

Members of the Teachers' and Employees' Retirement System are required to contribute to the systems a fixed percentage of their regular salaries and wages (e.g. 7% or 5%, depending on the COLA option selected). The contributions are deducted from each member's salary and wage payment and are remitted to the systems on a regular, periodic basis.

Teachers' and Employees' Pension System

Pension Benefits:

A member may retire with full benefits after completing 30 years of eligibility service regardless of age, or at age 62 or older with specified years of eligibility service. On retirement from service, a member shall receive an annual service pension allowance. The annual pension allowance is equal to 1.2% of average compensation for the three highest consecutive years as an employee for years of creditable service accrued prior to July 1, 1998 and 1.8% of average compensation for the three highest consecutive years as an employee for years of creditable service accrued on or after July 1, 1998. Members are eligible for early service pension allowances upon attaining age 55 with at least 15 years of eligibility service.

Vested Allowance:

A member terminating employment before attaining retirement age, but after completing 5 years of eligibility service, becomes eligible for a vested pension allowance provided the member lives to age 62. Members terminating employment before attaining retirement age and before completing 5 years of eligibility service are refunded their accumulated contributions plus earned interest.

Note 7. Pension Plans (continued)

Employee Contributions:

Effective July 1, 2011, members of the Teachers' and Employees' Pension Systems are required to contribute to the systems 7% of their regular salaries and wages up to the social security wage base in the year ending June 30, 2015. The contributions are deducted from each member's salary and wage payments and are remitted to the systems on a regular, periodic basis.

For members enrolled on and after July 1, 2011, the employee contribution is 7%; vesting requires ten years of eligible service; service retirement is at age 65 with ten years of eligibility service or based on the Rule of 90 (age and service must equal 90); early service retirement is age 60 with 15 years of eligibility service; average final compensation is a five year average; and the benefit multiplier per year is 1.5%.

Teachers' and Employees' Retirement Systems and Teachers' and Employees' Pension Systems

Employer Contributions:

For the year ended June 30, 2015 total payroll, covered payroll and State on-behalf payments were as follows:

	Total Covered		On-Behalf		
		Payroll Payroll		By State	
Talbot County	\$	13,870,965	\$	11,581,689	\$ -
Board of Education		33,625,017		31,854,565	3,541,347
Library		927,734		888,739	137,962

Covered payroll refers to all compensation paid to active employees covered by either the Teachers' Systems or Employees' Systems.

During fiscal year 2015, the County reported expense of \$1,095,431 and the Board of Education reported expense of \$492,475 related to the Employees' Systems in the fund financial statements.

Board of Education - Special Funding

During a special session of the Maryland General Assembly – Teacher Pension Cost – it was determined that the State and Local school boards will share the cost of teacher retirement by phasing in a requirement for school board payment of annual normal cost over a four year period in increments of 50%, 65%, 85%, and 100%. This action outlines the payment required of each school board for fiscal years 2013 through 2016 and the additional maintenance of effort payments required by each county in the same period. The additional cost for fiscal year 2015 is determined to be \$1,019,080. State on-behalf payments are recognized as both a revenue and expense.

As a result of a first time actuarial study of the State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland, the Talbot County Board of Education was identified as one of 23 municipal corporations not having enough assets available to fund the present value of accrued benefits for participants in the retirement system. Under the rules of House Bill 1338, the original deficit amount was determined to be \$925,482 as of June 30, 1996, to be repaid over a period of 40 years. The Board was granted relief of \$210,003 (as of June 30, 1996) by HB1348 enacted in 1997 and further relief of \$210,003 (as of June 30, 1996) by HB430 which was enacted in 1998. The fiscal year 2015 payment was \$33,953. The payments reflect a pattern which increases by 5% per year for the next 21 years. (See also Note 6.)

Note 7. Pension Plans (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Because the State of Maryland pays the unfunded liability for the Teachers' Systems on behalf of the Board and Library, and the Board pays the normal cost for the Teachers' Systems, the Board and Library are not required to record their share of the unfunded pension liability for the Teachers' Systems, the State of Maryland is required to record that liability. The Board is required to record a liability for the Employees' Systems.

At June 30, 2015, the Board reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the Board. The amount recognized by the Board as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the Board were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability							
(Employees' Systems)	\$	3,978,041					
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability							
associated with the Board (Teachers' System)		30,872,861					
Total	\$	34,850,902					

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Board's proportion of the net pension liability was calculated as follows by the System(s):

- Net pension liability for the entire System was calculated. For purposes of funding the System, all
 calculations are determined on an actuarial basis and are completed through the development of rates
 based on two separate asset pools, one for employees of the State of Maryland and one for primary
 government employees.
- 2. Determined the total contributions to the System by the State and by the primary governments, inclusive of any underfunding of contributions.
- 3. Based on the number of participants at each Board of Education, calculate the difference between what each Board would have contributed if they funded at the rate of all other participating governments and what the Board actually contributed. The difference between what the Board contributed and what they would have contributed if they funded at the rate of the other participating governments, is then added to the total contribution to the System, to calculate the System's adjusted contribution.
- 4. Calculated for each participating government, their percentage of the adjusted System contribution by dividing the total adjusted System contribution into each primary government contribution. At June 30, 2014, the Board's proportion was approximately .0224156%.

Note 7. Pension Plans (continued)

At June 30, 2015, the County reported the following related to pensions:

	Board	Total County
Employer's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0224156%	0.0460127%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 3,978,041	\$ 8,165,742
Pension expense recognized by the employer (The Board includes amounts paid for Teachers' Systems)	\$ 1,623,169	\$ 1,095,431
Change in NPL factored for contributions	\$ 114,597	\$ 235,233
Deferred inflows of resources:		
Net difference between projected and actual investment		
earnings on pension plan investments	\$ (435,423)	\$ (893,794)
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ (435,423)	\$ (893,794)
Deferred outflows of resources:		
Changes in assumptions	\$ 57,545	\$ 118,124
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	512,634	1,095,431
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 570,179	\$ 1,213,555
Net pension liability at June 30, 2014	\$ 4,385,810	\$ 9,002,770
Year end June 30, 2014 contributions	(522,366)	(1,072,261)
Change in NPL factored for contributions	114,597	235,233
Net pension liability at June 30, 2015	\$ 3,978,041	\$ 8,165,742

Deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions to the Employees' Systems subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,		Board		Total County		
2016	\$	(94,470)	\$	(193,918)		
2017		(94,470)		(193,918)		
2018		(94,470)		(193,918)		
2019		(94,468)		(193,916)		

Note 7. Pension Plans (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Inflation	2.90% general, 3.40% wage
Salary increases	3.40% to 11.90%, including inflation
Discount rate	7.65%
Investment rate of return	7.65%
Mortality	RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality
	Table projected to the year 2025

Investments

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return were adopted by the Board of Trustees after considering input from the System's investment consultant(s) and actuary(s). For each major asset class that is included in the System's target asset allocation, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Public Equity	35%	4.70%
Fixed Income	10%	2.00%
Credit Opportunity	10%	3.00%
Real Return	14%	2.80%
Absolute Return	10%	5.00%
Private Equity	10%	6.30%
Real Estate	10%	4.50%
Cash	1 %	1.40%
	_	
Total	100%	

Discount rate

A single discount rate of 7.65% was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.65%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Note 7. Pension Plans (continued)

Sensitivity of the Boards Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the System's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.65%, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower or 1% point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decre			Current	1% Increase		
System			to 6.65%	Discount	to 8.65%		
County		\$	11,767,863	\$ 8,165,742	\$	5,148,512	
Board			5,732,858	3,978,041		2,508,160	

Note 8. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

Plan Description and Eligibility

The County provides post-retirement health care benefits under the Talbot County Retiree Health Plan (the "Plan"), a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the County, to retirees who meet the Maryland State Retirement System qualifications for full retirement benefits. Current County guidelines state that if the retiree has 16 or more years of state creditable service, the County will pay 90% of the health insurance cost for an individual and 85% of the health insurance cost for family coverage. If the retiree has between 5 and 16 years of state creditable service and retired directly from County service, the County reduces the portion it subsidizes by 1/16 per year. The County has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of the Plan. The Plan does not issue a separate, publicly available report.

The County also provides life insurance coverage to employees who retire from the County and who are members of the State Retirement and Pension Systems of Maryland. Coverage is limited to one times the employee's salary when they retire. The benefit is reduced to 65% of the salary at retirement at age 70 and 50% at age 75.

The Talbot County Public Schools Retiree Health Plan (the "Board of Education Plan") is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan that is administered by the Board of Education and covers retired employees of the Board of Education and their dependents. The Board of Education Plan provides for the payment of a portion or all of the health insurance premiums for eligible retired employees depending on their position that was held and length of service. The Board of Education has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of the Board of Education Plan. The Board of Education Plan does not issue a separate, publicly available report.

The Library administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan for its retirees. The plan provides healthcare insurance for eligible retirees and their spouses. Employees are eligible to participate in the plan upon retirement provided they have 10 years of service with the Library and meet the eligibility requirements of the State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland. As of July 1, 2013, the date of the actuarial valuation, 2 retirees were receiving benefits under the plan, and an estimated 13 active employees are potentially eligible to receive future benefits. Active members eligible to receive healthcare benefits are currently covered under Talbot County, Maryland's healthcare plan.

Note 8. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

Funding Policy

The County pays for the cost of post-retirement health care benefits under the Plan for eligible retirees and their dependents/family members on a pay-as-you-go basis from the general fund. Eligible retirees must pay for 10% of the cost for individual plans and 15% of the cost for family coverage. For fiscal year 2015, the County paid for coverage of 77 eligible retirees, family members, and dependents at a total cost to the County of \$571,089 and eligible retirees contributed \$137,248. The County has the authority to establish and amend the funding policy of the Plan.

Premiums and other contributions for the Board of Education's share of the cost of group programs may be paid, as determined by the Board, from the assets of the Board. Premium payments for some programs may require contributions by the participant as well as the Board. The frequency and amount of such contributions shall be established from time to time by the County. Plan members receiving benefits contribute a percentage of the monthly insurance premium. The Talbot County Public School Retiree Health Plan pays 66% of the individual premium for each insured retiree who has at least 8 years of service. Retirees with less than 8 years of service are allowed access, but must pay 100% of the published rates.

The Library pays for 66.67% of the cost of eligible retiree healthcare premiums with the retiree paying the remaining portion of the cost. For fiscal year 2015, the Library contributed \$5,493 to the plan for 2 eligible retirees.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The valuations were done to determine the funded status of the plans as well as the annual required contribution (ARC) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years. The County, Board of Education, and Library make contributions against the net OPEB obligations from the General Fund.

The Library's valuation is performed using the alternative measurement method provided for in GASB 45.

The County, Board of Education, and Library's annual OPEB cost, employer contributions, percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and net OPEB obligation were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,		nnual OPEB Cost	Employer Contribution		Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation (Asset)	
Talbot County							
2013	\$	724,609	\$	441,967	60.99%	\$	(1,919,257)
2014		513,187		2,608,194	508.23%	((4,014,264)
2015		513,187		571,089	111.28%	((4,072,166)
Board of Education							
2013	\$	5,274,000	\$	1,403,000	26.60%	\$ 1	7,858,425
2014		5,620,000		1,490,000	26.51%	2	1,988,425
2015		5,731,000		1,628,000	28.41%	2	6,091,425
<u>Library</u>							
2013	\$	113,919	\$	2,287	2.01%	\$	507,163
2014		107,925		5,301	4.91%		609,787
2015		107,925		5,493	5.09%		712,219

Note 8. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (continued)

Fiscal year 2009 was the year of implementation of GASB 45, and the County, Board of Education, and Library elected to implement prospectively.

The net OPEB obligation as of June 30, 2015 was calculated as follows:

		Board of	
	County	Education	Library
Annual required contribution (ARC)	\$ 502,987	\$ 5,804,000	\$ 115,205
Interest on net OPEB obligation	(134,348)	880,000	18,662
Adjustment to the ARC	144,548	(953,000)	(25,942)
Annual OPEB cost	513,187	5,731,000	107,925
Pay as you go	(571,089)	(1,628,000)	(5,493)
Net OPEB change	(57,902)	4,103,000	102,432
Net OPEB obligation (asset), beginning of year	(4,014,264)	21,988,425	609,787
Net OPEB obligation (asset), end of year	\$ (4,072,166)	\$ 26,091,425	\$ 712,219

Funded Status and Funding Progress

37	Date of	Actuarial	A 1			Unfunded	A1	UAAL as a
Year	Actuarial	Value of	Actuarial			Actuarial	Annual	Percentage
Ended	Valuation	Plan	Accrued	Funded		Accrued	Covered	of Covered
June 30,	Data	Assets	Liability	Ratio	Lia	bility (UAAL)	Payroll	Payroll
Talbot Cour	<u>nty, Maryland</u>							
2013	July 1, 2011	\$7,005,762	\$ 11,825,089	59.24%	\$	4,819,327	\$10,441,819	46.2%
2014	July 1, 2013	8,971,830	12,460,315	72.00%		3,488,485	11,048,309	31.6%
2015	July 1, 2013	8,941,298	12,460,315	71.76%		3,519,017	11,048,309	31.9%
D 1 453								
Board of Ed								
2013	July 1, 2013	\$ -	\$ 58,837,000	0.00%	\$	58,837,000	\$31,804,864	185.0%
2014	July 1, 2014	-	62,681,000	0.00%		62,681,000	31,677,993	197.9%
2015	July 1, 2015	-	63,986,000	0.00%		63,986,000	31,854,565	200.9%
<u>Library</u>								
2013	July 1, 2011	\$ -	\$ 1,262,817	0.00%	\$	1,262,817	\$ 604,699	208.8%
2014	July 1, 2013	-	1,347,733	0.00%		1,347,733	583,855	230.8%
2015	July 1, 2013	-	1,347,733	0.00%		1,347,733	583,855	230.8%

Note 8. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

Funded Status and Funding Progress (continued)

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the Plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of Plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the Plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the County's July 1, 2013 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 7% interest rate on investments which assumes a 3% inflation rate, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate beginning at 6.5% initially reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 4.5%. Assets are valued at their market values. The Plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level dollar amount over a 30 year period using open amortization.

In the Board of Education's June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is a blended rate of the expected long-term investment returns on plan assets and on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date, a projected salary increase of 4% per year, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 5.7% initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 4.9%. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five year period. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2015 was 24 years.

In determining its actuarial valuation of OPEB costs and liabilities, the Library used the projected unit credit cost method using certain assumptions and default values provided for under the alternative measurement method in GASB 45. The actuarial assumptions include a 4% investment rate of return and the projected annual healthcare cost trend rate is 7.6% initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5%. The UAAL is being amortized as a level dollar amount over a 30 year period.

Note 9. Deferred Compensation

The County offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all eligible County employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salaries until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

The County funds all amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, at the direction of the covered employee, through investments underwritten by the Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance Company (Mass Mutual).

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property, or rights are solely the property and rights of the plan participants and are not subject to the claims of the County's general creditors.

The County has no liability for losses under the plan but does have the duty of due care that would be required of an ordinary prudent investor. In accordance with GASB No. 32, adopted by the County in 1998, the plan's assets are not reported on the combined balance sheet of the County.

Note 10. Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenue consists of federal and state grants, agricultural taxes collected, and other revenues that have been received by the County, but not expended by June 30, 2015. Property taxes not received within the "available" period are also deferred. The property tax receivable amount is not material, and is netted in with liabilities within the government-wide and fund financial statements. Unearned revenue at June 30, 2015 consisted of the following:

		Board of			
	County	\mathbf{E}	ducation		
Federal and state grants	\$ 7,135	\$	916,572		
Other sources	 4,188,200		35,166		
	\$ 4,195,335	\$	951,738		

Note 11. Commitments and Contingencies

Primary Government

Landfills Closure and Post-closure Costs

The County has a 27.21% financial interest in Mid-Shore Regional Solid Waste Facility, which is owned and operated by Maryland Environmental Service (MES). The Landfills are located on the eastern shore and are shared by four counties. Under the Waste Disposal Service Agreement between MES and the County, in the event expenditures should exceed revenues, the County is obligated to cover the deficiency in proportion to its financial interest, however, to date additional funding from the County has not been required nor does management anticipate it.

In December 2010 the Mid-Shore I landfill located in Talbot County accepted its last trash and in January 2011 the Mid-Shore II landfill was opened for commercial business. As of June 30, 2015, total closure and post closure care costs were estimated at approximately \$22.4 million, with approximately \$6.1 million attributable to the County. It is expected that these costs will be funded from future revenues. MES has accrued and reported as a long-term liability at June 30, 2015, a portion of these costs, \$9.4 million, determined by the estimated useful life of the Landfills.

Note 11. Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

Primary Government (continued)

Similar to the post closure costs, each of the participating Counties is contingently liable for the debt related to the new facility, Mid-Shore II. Mid-Shore II was funded with project revenue bonds. As of June 30, 2015, total debt was approximately \$22.1 million, with approximately \$6.0 million attributable to the County in the event of default.

MES has satisfied its financial assurance requirements based upon the local government financial ratio tests of the project participants as of June 30, 2014. MES expects to satisfy these requirements as of June 30, 2015 using the same criteria.

Due to inflation and changes in technology, laws, and regulations, estimated closure and post closure care costs may change in the future. Financial Statements of the Landfill can be obtained from MES located at 259 Najoles Road, Millersville, MD 21108.

Legal Actions

The County believes it is probable that income tax refunds of approximately \$3,000,000 related to the *Maryland State Comptroller of the Treasury v. Bryan Wynne* case will have to be issued in the future. Maryland's personal income tax on State residents consists of a State income tax and a local tax. Residents who pay income tax to another state were allowed a credit against the State income tax, but not against the local tax. The U.S. Supreme Court determined that this taxing system was unconstitutional.

In addition, there are other various claims and suits pending against the County that arise in the normal course of the County's activities. In the opinion of legal counsel and management, the ultimate disposition of these various claims and suits will have no material adverse impact on the financial condition of the County or affect the County's ability to perform its obligations to the holders of its bonds.

Note 12. Risk Management

Primary Government

General Insurance

The County's risk financing techniques include participation in a public entity pool and the purchase of commercial insurance.

For general, property, excess and environmental liability coverage, the County is a member of the Maryland Local Government Insurance Trust (LGIT). This trust is a public entity risk pool, which is owned and directed by the local governments that subscribe to its coverages, and operates under the terms of a Trust Agreement.

Subscribers to coverage by LGIT share in the risk among participants of the pools. As a result, the County's annual premium requirements are affected by the loss experience of the various insurance pools in which it participates. Conversely, favorable performance of certain insurance pools may result in reduced premiums.

The County is fully insured for worker's compensation through commercial insurance, and employees are bonded to limit the loss to the County in the event of employees committing acts of embezzlement or theft. In addition, due to specific exclusions in the County's insurance, the County also has commercial insurance coverage for property liability at the Easton Airport. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year by major categories of risk, and amounts of settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

Note 12. Risk Management (continued)

Health Insurance

The County self-insures health insurance coverage for its active employees with United Health Care providing third party administrative services.

Board of Education

General Insurance

The Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Board participates in the Maryland Association of Boards of Education Group Insurance and Workers Compensation Pools (MABE), which provides casualty and property insurance, and workers compensation coverage. MABE operates as authorized by Section 482B of Article 84A of the Annotated Code of Maryland. The Board pays an annual premium to MABE for its insurance coverage. The agreement for formation of MABE provides that it will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies as specified in the agreement. As of June 30, 2015, MABE had total pool surplus of approximately \$20 million. It is believed that there are no outstanding claims in excess of the equity.

MABE publishes its own audited financial report based on a June 30 year-end. This report may be obtained from Maryland Association of Boards of Education Group Insurance Pool, 621 Ridgely Avenue, Suite 300, Annapolis, Maryland 21401.

Health Insurance

The Board participates in the Eastern Shore of Maryland Education Consortium Health Insurance Alliance, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for health insurance coverage. Currently, six Boards of Education and two Counties are participating in the alliance for their health insurance coverage.

The agreement for formation of the alliance provides that the pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums. These funds have been invested in the PNC Local Government Investment Pool and with Wells Fargo Advisors.

The pooling agreement allows for the pool, which is administered by Carefirst Blue Cross/Blue Shield of Maryland, to make additional assessments to make the pool self-sustaining. As of the date of this report, no outstanding claims are believed to exist that are in excess of the equity of the trust.

Note 13. Deficits

At June 30, 2015, the Sanitary District Fund and the Pool Fund had deficits in unrestricted net position of \$1,807,580 and \$191,031, respectively. These deficits are expected to be eliminated through normal operations.

Note 14. Unrestricted Net Position

The County has issued bonds and notes payable for capital assets for the Board of Education of Talbot County and Chesapeake College. Therefore, while the County's financial statements include this outstanding debt, they do not include the capital assets funded by the debt. At June 30, 2015, the outstanding balance of these bonds and notes payables was \$27,381,035 and the effect of this non-capital debt has been reflected in the unrestricted net position of the County.

Note 15. Prior Period Restatement

The County has determined to restate its Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities as of June 30, 2014. The determination was made to restate these financial statements in connection with the fiscal year 2015 implementation of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. This statement's objective is to improve the accounting and financial reporting for pensions as well as to improve the information provided by employers about financial support for pensions that are provided by other entities (see Note 7).

The following table is a summary of the effects of these changes on net position and change in net position as of June 30, 2015.

	 County		Board of Education			
		Change in		N		Change in
	Net	Net		Net		Net
	 Position	Position		Position		Position
As previously reported	\$ 84,897,641 \$	3,841,984	\$	39,803,523	\$	(6,257,682)
Adjustment to deferred financing						
outflow for contributions	1,072,261	1,072,261		522,366		522,366
Adjustment to net pension liability	(9,002,770)	(9,002,770)		(4,385,810)		(4,385,810)
As restated	\$ 76,967,132 \$	(4,088,525)	\$	35,940,079	\$	(10,121,126)

Note 16. Subsequent Events

Board of Education

On July 22, 2015, the Board approved a lease purchase of one school bus over five years. The total cost of the lease, including interest, is \$122,263, which is payable in annual installments.

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Required Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	riance With nal Budget
REVENUES					
TAXES - LOCAL					
LOCAL PROPERTY TAXES					
FF	\$ 33,588,000	\$ 33,588,00		33,996,787	\$ 408,787
Railroad and public utilities	650,000	650,00	0	777,061	127,061
Prior Years	-		-	(3,756)	(3,756)
Penalties and interest	164,500	164,50		189,757	25,257
Total property taxes	34,402,500	34,402,50		34,959,849	557,349
Less: Discounts allowed on taxes	(225,000)	(225,00	0)	(232,998)	(7,998)
Net property taxes	34,177,500	34,177,50		34,726,851	549,351
LOCAL INCOME TAXES	26,600,000	26,600,00	0	28,562,934	1,962,934
OTHER LOCAL TAXES					
Admissions and amusements	45,000	45,00		36,065	(8,935)
Recordation	5,060,000	5,060,00		5,887,703	827,703
Transfer	2,750,000	2,750,00		3,505,646	755,646
Public accommodations	1,250,000	1,250,00		1,215,271	(34,729)
Mobile manufactured home	63,000	63,00		62,161	(839)
Total other local taxes	9,168,000	9,168,00	0	10,706,846	1,538,846
Total local taxes	69,945,500	69,945,50	0	73,996,631	4,051,131
LICENSES AND PERMITS					
Beer, wine and liquor licenses	167,000	167,00	0	178,205	11,205
Alcoholic beverages fines	500	50	0	-	(500)
Traders licenses	34,000	34,00	0	36,733	2,733
Animal tags and fines	5,000	5,00	0	5,159	159
Stormwater permits	8,500	8,50	0	16,350	7,850
Flood plain permits	400	40		1,330	930
Boat ramp permits and violations	152,500	152,50	0	116,455	(36,045)
Marriage licenses	3,000	3,00	0	7,570	4,570
Plumbing permits	9,000	9,00	0	13,160	4,160
Zoning fines	-		-	650	650
Gas permits and licenses	10,000	10,00	0	12,093	2,093
Plumbing licenses	7,500	7,50		8,415	915
HVAC inspections and registrations	9,200	9,20		12,804	3,604
Health department fees	-	•	-	60	60
Electrical inspections and licenses	16,000	16,00	0	25,699	9,699
Building permits	145,000	145,00		160,649	 15,649
Total licenses and permits	567,600	567,60	0	595,332	27,732

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

	Original	Final	Actual	Variance With
INVERDO CAMEDIMENVE A L'ORMENI LES	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Final Budget
INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUES				
FROM THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT	ф	Φ	Ф 2.200	Ф 2.200
SAMHSA grant	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,200	\$ 2,200
HMEP grant	- -	52 (00	9,016	9,016
FEMA	52,600		74,362	21,762
Emergency management - DHS	25,000	25,000	100,153	75,153
Health and human services grants	-	-	1,200	1,200
Public works grants	20,000	20,000	-	(20,000)
Total Federal revenues	97,600	97,600	186,931	89,331
FROM THE STATE OF MARYLAND	4040=0	1010=0	100 (50	(0.110)
Police protection	124,079		102,672	(21,407)
Sex offender grant	16,000		14,805	(1,195)
School bus safety grant	5,000	5,000	4,500	(500)
Motor carrier - State Highway	-	-	3,791	3,791
Fire and rescue	215,000		290,184	75,184
911 grants and numbers system board	240,000	240,000	276,098	36,098
Community right to know grant	1,400	1,400	-	(1,400)
Community service	23,000	23,000	23,700	700
Health and human services grants	-	-	4,000	4,000
Circuit Court - Family Services	155,868	155,868	120,162	(35,706)
Problem solving court grant	134,768	134,768	104,718	(30,050)
Critical areas	15,000	15,000	15,000	-
Highway user revenues	318,000	318,000	415,631	97,631
Recordation	20,000	20,000	68,468	48,468
Program open space	58,500	58,500	-	(58,500)
Public landing grants	22,000	22,000	11,226	(10,774)
Tourism	40,000	40,000	55,111	15,111
DSS-Legal fees	70,000	70,000	57,417	(12,583)
Security filing fees	150		155	5
Total state revenues	1,458,765	1,458,765	1,567,638	108,873
		, ,		,
Total intergovernmental	1,556,365	1,556,365	1,754,569	198,204

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

		riginal Budget		Final <u>Budget</u>		Actual	Variance With Final Budget	
SERVICE CHARGES	1	<u>Juuget</u>		<u>Dudget</u>		Actual	1.1116	ii Dudget
GENERAL GOVERNMENT CHARGES								
Zoning fees and certificates	\$	15,300	\$	15,300	\$	66,564	\$	51,264
Subdivision applications	Ψ	20,000	Ψ	20,000	Ψ	23,050	Ψ	3,050
Administrative variance		2,700		2,700		3,800		1,100
Board of appeals		6,000		6,000		6,400		400
Site plan reviews		3,000		3,000		1,158		(1,842)
Forest conservation fees		3,000		3,000		900		(2,100)
Critical area preservation		20,000		20,000		24,600		4,600
Bed & breakfast license/home occupation		850		850		600		(250)
Short term rental fees		13,000		13,000		13,950		950
Mobile home fees		300		300		375		75
Roadside vendors and produce stand		1,500		1,500		3,100		1,600
Weed and litter enforcement		1,000		1,000		2,039		1,039
Weed control spraying		40,000		40,000		50,899		10,899
Economic development/tourism		80,000		80,000		150,304		70,304
Election filing and voter lists		750		750		1,156		406
Sheriff's fees		30,000		30,000		26,371		(3,629)
Emergency medical services		1,400,000		1,400,000		1,404,249		4,249
MIEMSS-EMS communications		125,000		125,000		125,000		-
Hazmat fees		5,000		5,000		-		(5,000)
Other charges		500		500		2,374		1,874
Total general government		1,767,900		1,767,900		1,906,889		138,989
PUBLIC SAFETY CHARGES								
Boarding of local prisoners		5,000		5,000		16,650		11,650
Weekenders fees		2,500		2,500		2,980		480
Live-in, work-out fees		3,000		3,000		2,239		(761)
Home detention program		1,500		1,500		240		(1,260)
Commissions phone		-		-		200		200
Community service fees		2,500		2,500		4,141		1,641
Total public safety charges		14,500		14,500		26,450		11,950

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	riance With
SERVICE CHARGES (continued)				
HEALTH				
Mosquito control fees	\$ 130,000	\$ 130,000	\$ 115,961	\$ (14,039)
RECREATION CHARGES				
Boat slips	65,000	65,000	65,376	376
Program fees	-	-	-	-
Other recreation	15,000	15,000	10,122	(4,878)
Total recreation	80,000	80,000	75,498	(4,502)
Total service charges	1,992,400	1,992,400	2,124,798	132,398
FINES AND FORFEITURES	- -	-	2,760	2,760
MISCELLANEOUS				
Rents	30,000	30,000	23,898	(6,102)
Other	483,135	483,135	294,009	(189, 126)
Total miscellaneous	513,135	513,135	317,907	(195,228)
INTEREST	50,000	50,000	82,007	32,007
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 74,625,000	\$ 74,625,000	\$ 78,874,004	\$ 4,249,004

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	ce With
EXPENDITURES			·	 <u>U</u>
GENERAL GOVERNMENT				
LEGISLATIVE				
County Council:				
Salaries	\$ 73,000	\$ 73,000	\$ 73,111	\$ (111)
Other operating	47,200	47,200	46,408	792
Total legislative	120,200	120,200	119,519	681
JUDICIAL				
Circuit Court:				
Salaries	150,641	151,171	140,791	10,380
Other operating	34,800	34,800	30,508	4,292
Capital outlay	10,000	20,000	20,522	(522)
Court Stenographer:				
Salaries	36,000	36,000	35,315	685
Other operating	150	150	-	150
Family Services:				
Salaries and fringe benefits	61,068	61,068	60,547	521
Other operating	94,800	94,800	59,995	34,805
Problem Solving Court:				
Salaries and fringe benefits	112,388	112,388	87,236	25,152
Other operating	22,380	22,380	17,170	5,210
Orphan's Court:				
Salaries	17,672	17,672	17,096	576
Other operating	2,225	2,225	179	2,046
State's Attorney:				
Salaries	535,824	541,924	541,831	93
Other operating	48,178	48,178	41,621	6,557
Child Support:				
Salaries and fringe benefits	-	-	4,647	(4,647)
Other operating	-	-	24	(24)
Victim Witness Program:				
Salaries	109,730	110,595	110,590	5
Other operating	 5,090	5,090	 2,255	 2,835
Total judicial	1,240,946	 1,258,441	1,170,327	88,114

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

	Original		Final				nce With
CENEDAL COMEDNIMENTS (<u>Budget</u>		<u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	<u>Fina</u>	l Budget
GENERAL GOVERNMENT (continued)							
EXECUTIVE							
County Administration:	Φ 441.0	11 0	441 211	Ф	421 020	Φ.	0.202
Salaries	\$ 441,3		,	\$	431,928	\$	9,383
Other operating	54,0		54,060		58,182		(4,122)
Capital outlay	8,0		8,000		400 110		8,000
Total executive	503,3	/1	503,371		490,110		13,261
ELECTIONS							
Board of Supervisors of Elections:	105		107 (00		155 160		20.120
Salaries and fringe benefits	195,6		195,600		175,462		20,138
Other operating	97,4	.00	97,400		110,403		(13,003)
Registration and elections			4 = 000		01 = 1 =		(0.4.4.4)
Salaries and fringe benefits	47,3		47,300		81,745		(34,445)
Other operating	4,0		4,000		3,600		400
Total elections	344,3	00	344,300		371,210		(26,910)
FINANCIAL ADMINISTRATION							
Finance Office:							
Salaries	475,0		480,464		480,077		387
Other operating	177,1	00	177,100		161,850		15,250
MD State Department of Assessments							
and Taxation	208,0	00	180,000		178,893		1,107
Liquor License Commissioners:							
Salaries	10,1		10,106		8,072		2,034
Other operating	3,6		3,600		1,354		2,246
Total financial administration	873,8	70	851,270		830,246		21,024
LAW							
County Attorney:							
Salaries	221,2		222,112		222,060		52
Other operating	42,1		42,190		33,186		9,004
Total law	263,4	02	264,302		255,246		9,056
PLANNING AND ZONING							
Planning Office:							
Salaries	400,4	12	395,412		384,040		11,372
Other operating	55,1	50	60,150		42,271		17,879
Capital outlay		-	-		-		-
Board of Appeals:							
Salaries	68,1	85	68,185		65,208		2,977
Other operating	15,6	50	15,650		11,069		4,581
Total planning and zoning	539,3	97	539,397		502,588		36,809

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance With Final Budget
GENERAL GOVERNMENT (continued)	Dudget	Duuget	Actual	Tillal Budget
GENERAL GOVERNMENT (continued) GENERAL SERVICES				
County Buildings:				
Salaries	\$ 289,268	\$ 289,268	\$ 283,757	\$ 5,511
Other operating	325,290	325,290	343,033	(17,743)
Capital outlay	69,600	49,600	35,488	14,112
Library Maintenance	133,500	133,500	137,101	(3,601)
Information Technology:	155,500	155,500	157,101	(5,001)
Salaries	193,726	194,726	194,704	22
Other operating	118,220	118,220	75,195	43.025
Capital outlay	110,220	300,500	300,619	(119)
Insurance	97,500	92,500	85,256	7,244
Total general services	1,227,104	1,503,604	1,455,153	48,451
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	1,227,101	1,505,001	1,100,100	10,101
Office of Economic Development:				
Salaries and fringe benefits	132,994	147,994	143,797	4,197
Other operating	79,000	64,000	39,376	24,624
Arts Council	12,000	12,000	12,000	21,021
Tourism:	12,000	12,000	12,000	
Salaries and fringe benefits	150,015	142,215	139,852	2,363
Other operating	352,550	360,350	459,230	(98,880)
Capital outlay	-	3,500	2,467	1,033
Historic Preservation Commission	6,000	6,000	5,912	88
Other	20,000	20,000	20,000	-
Total economic development	752,559	756,059	822,634	(66,575)
Total general government	5,865,149	6,140,944	6,017,033	123,911
		•	,	,
PUBLIC SAFETY				
SHERIFF				
Salaries	1,784,212	1,709,712	1,712,701	(2,989)
Other operating	375,460	445,460	364,618	80,842
Capital outlay	217,400	217,400	229,621	(12,221)
Total sheriff	2,377,072	2,372,572	2,306,940	65,632
MUNICIPAL INSTITUTIONS				
Detention Center:				
Salaries	1,808,563	1,808,563	1,788,115	20,448
Other operating	1,087,120	1,087,120	1,065,365	21,755
Capital outlay		6,000	11,558	(5,558)
Total municipal institutions	2,895,683	2,901,683	2,865,038	36,645

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Variance With Final Budget
PUBLIC SAFETY (continued)		Budget		<u> buuget</u>		Actual	Fillal Budget
OTHER PUBLIC SAFETY							
School Crossing Guards	\$	55,083	\$	55,083	\$	55,083	\$ -
Animal Control Program	Ψ	386,035	Ψ	386,035	Ψ	386,387	(352)
Emergency Management:		500,055		300,033		300,307	(332)
Salaries		837,484		867,484		864,713	2,771
Other operating		425,003		395,003		385,232	9,771
Capital outlay		110,000		110,000		212,322	(102,322)
Volunteer Fire Companies		1,503,499		1,614,251		1,598,790	15,461
Emergency Medical Services:		1,000,133		1,011,201		1,550,750	15,161
Salaries and fringe benefits		3,009,563		3,150,990		3,130,980	20,010
Other operating		533,339		533,339		546,142	(12,803)
Capital outlay		488,000		497,800		491,195	6,605
Hazardous Materials:		400,000		457,000		471,175	0,005
Salaries and fringe benefits		1,140		1,140		1,540	(400)
Other operating		15,150		15,150		9,061	6,089
Total other public safety		7,364,296		7,626,275		7,681,445	(55,170)
PROTECTIVE INSPECTION		7,304,290		7,020,273		7,001,443	(33,170)
Electrical Inspection:							
Salaries		5,525		5,525		5,270	255
Other operating		2,100		2,100		1,272	828
Building and Plumbing Inspection:		2,100		2,100		1,272	020
Salaries		326,403		326,403		313,040	13,363
		22,900		22,900		15,855	7,045
Other operating Total protective inspection		356,928		356,928		335,437	21,491
Total protective hispection		330,928		330,928		333,437	21,491
Total public safety		12,993,979		13,257,458		13,188,860	68,598
PUBLIC WORKS							
PUBLIC WORKS - GENERAL		257 520		200 520		201 440	7.071
Salaries		357,520		398,520		391,449	7,071
Other operating		46,022		46,022		39,164	6,858
Capital outlay		20,000		5,000		3,526	1,474
Total public works - general		423,542		449,542		434,139	15,403
PUBLIC LANDINGS AND WHARVES		124 500		124 500		110 710	1.1.001
Salaries		134,509		134,509		119,518	14,991
Other operating		48,200		48,200		38,574	9,626
Capital outlay						4,154	(4,154)
Total public landings and wharves		182,709		182,709		162,246	20,463
SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL							
Salaries and fringe benefits		82,999		82,999		82,506	493
Other operating		600,750		600,750		561,763	38,987
Total solid waste disposal		683,749		683,749		644,269	39,480

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

		Original Budget		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>		iance With
PUBLIC WORKS (continued)		<u>Buuget</u>		<u>Budget</u>		Actual	<u> ГШ</u>	iai buugei
HIGHWAYS AND STREETS								
Salaries and fringe benefits	\$	1,247,697	\$	1,247,697	\$	1,239,373	\$	8,324
Other operating	Ψ	1,114,068	Ψ	1,114,068	Ψ	1,176,873	Ψ	(62,805)
Debt service		52,100		52,100		52,213		(113)
Capital outlay		256,000		384,000		362,466		21,534
Total highways and streets		2,669,865		2,797,865		2,830,925		(33,060)
Total public works		3,959,865		4,113,865		4,071,579		42,286
HEALTH AND HOSPITALS								
Health department		1,533,850		1,533,850		1,536,249		(2,399)
School health		639,000		639,000		639,000		(2,377)
Addictions counseling		76,800		76,800		76,800		_
Senior services program		50,000		50,000		50,000		_
Mosquito control		136,500		121,500		120,481		1,019
Total health and hospitals		2,436,150		2,421,150		2,422,530		(1,380)
SOCIAL SERVICES								
Social services legal		91,250		91,250		57,417		33,833
Neighborhood Service Center		72,126		72,126		72,126		-
Delmarva Community Services		100,239		100,239		100,239		-
Senior Services		240,147		240,147		240,147		-
Social Services		12,912		12,912		12,912		-
St. Martin's Ministries		7,000		7,000		7,000		-
Senior Center bus passes		8,400		8,400		8,400		
Total social services		532,074		532,074		498,241		33,833
EDUCATION								
Board of Education:								
Operating appropriation		34,546,100		34,546,100		34,546,100		-
Teacher pensions		792,752		792,752		792,752		-
Debt Service		3,371,200		3,371,200		3,363,598		7,602
Library:								
Operating appropriation		1,111,700		1,111,700		1,111,700		-
Community College:								
Operating appropriation		1,496,117		1,496,117		1,496,117		-
Capital outlay		87,516		87,516		87,516		-
Debt Service		201,690		125,690		123,139		2,551

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

		Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	nce With Budget
EDUCATION (continued)				<u> </u>	
Chesapeake Developmental Center	\$	45,005	\$ 45,005	\$ 45,005	\$ -
Drug Abuse Resistance Education (DARE):					
Salaries and fringe benefits		81,568	84,068	85,916	(1,848)
Other operating		13,070	15,070	13,162	1,908
Total education		41,746,718	41,675,218	41,665,005	10,213
RECREATION					
Parks and Recreation:					
Salaries		136,515	136,515	96,437	40,078
Other operating		145,925	145,925	131,516	14,409
Capital outlay		65,000	70,000	49,593	20,407
Total recreation		347,440	352,440	277,546	74,894
CONSERVATION OF NATURAL RESOU	J RC]				
Agricultural Extension Service		174,341	174,341	174,314	27
Other		7,500	7,500	2,430	5,070
Weed Control:		(1,000	61.002	56.540	5 160
Salaries and fringe benefits		61,902	61,902	56,740	5,162
Other operating		26,675	26,675	9,216	17,459
Total conservation of					
natural resources		270,418	270,418	242,700	27,718
INTERGOVERNMENTAL					
Payments to Municipalities:					
Fire, rescue and ambulance fund		20,000	20,000	56,184	(36,184)
Business retention		150,000	150,000	150,000	(50,101)
Bank stock		7,535	7,535	7,535	_
Public accommodations tax		820,000	820,000	855,204	(35,204)
Total intergovernmental		997,535	997,535	1,068,923	(71,388)
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS					
Retirement and pension contributions:					
Employees retirement		785,000	715,000	725,626	(10,626)
Social security tax		615,000	615,000	618,875	(3,875)
Health insurance		2,275,000	2,187,666	2,336,625	(148,959)
Health insurance waiver		64,000	64,000	57,587	6,413

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

		Original		Final		1		riance With
		<u>Budget</u>		<u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	<u>F1</u>	inal Budget
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (continued)	Φ	20,000	Φ	20,000	ф	21 120	Ф	(11 120)
Unemployment insurance	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	\$	31,138	\$	(11,138)
Group life insurance		40,000		40,000		33,250		6,750
Disability insurance		39,000		39,000		29,899		9,101
Substance abuse testing		6,000		6,000		5,806		194
Workers' compensation		145,000		145,000		187,253		(42,253)
Employee assistance program		5,800		5,800		6,539		(739)
Employee training		-		-		1,400		(1,400)
Other operating		4,000		4,000		4,966		(966)
Total employee benefits		3,998,800		3,841,466		4,038,964		(197,498)
						101 760		•• •••
MISCELLANEOUS		115,607		122,367		101,568		20,799
DEBT SERVICE								
Principal on long-term debt		66,005		66,005		50,680		15,325
Interest on long-term debt		11,710		,		,		
interest on long-term debt		11,710		11,710		173,141		(161,431)
Total debt service		77,715		77,715		223,821		(146,106)
RESERVE FOR CONTINGENCIES		661,200		200,000		41,972		158,028
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		74,002,650		74,002,650		73,858,742		143,908
OTHER FINANCING USES		71,002,030		71,002,050		73,030,712		115,500
Transfers:								
Pool - Operating appropriation		107,950		107,950		107,950		_
Recreation - Operating appropriation		514,400		514,400		514,400		-
		,		•		,		
Total other financing uses		622,350		622,350		622,350		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER								
FINANCING USES		74,625,000		74,625,000		74,481,092		143,908
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,392,912	\$	4,392,912

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS June 30, 2015

Year Ended June 30,	Date of Actuarial Valuation Data	Actuarial Value of Plan Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Funded Ratio	Lia	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued ability (UAAL)	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
Talbot Count	ty, Maryland							
2013	July 1, 2011	\$ 7,005,762	\$ 11,825,089	59.24%	\$	4,819,327	\$ 10,441,819	46.2%
2014	July 1, 2013	8,971,830	12,460,315	72.00%		3,488,485	11,048,309	31.6%
2015	July 1, 2013	8,941,298	12,460,315	71.76%		3,519,017	11,048,309	31.9%
Board of Edu	<u>ucation</u>							
2013	July 1, 2013	\$ -	\$ 58,837,000	0.00%	\$	58,837,000	\$ 31,804,864	185.0%
2014	July 1, 2014	-	62,681,000	0.00%		62,681,000	31,677,993	197.9%
2015	July 1, 2015	-	63,986,000	0.00%		63,986,000	31,854,565	200.9%
<u>Library</u>								
2013	July 1, 2011	\$ -	\$ 1,262,817	0.00%	\$	1,262,817	\$ 604,699	208.8%
2014	July 1, 2013	-	1,347,733	0.00%		1,347,733	583,855	230.8%
2015	July 1, 2013	-	1,347,733	0.00%		1,347,733	583,855	230.8%

MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT AND PENSION SYSTEMS SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY Year Ended June 30, 2015

	2015
County's proportion of the net pension liability	0.04601%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 8,165,742
County's covered-employee payroll	\$ 11,581,689
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	70.51%
System fiduciary net position (expressed in thousands)	\$ 45,339,988
Total System pension liability (expressed in thousands)	\$ 63,086,719
System fiduciary net positions as a percentage of total System pension liability	71.87%

MARYLAND STATE RETIREMENT AND PENSION SYSTEMS SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS Year Ended June 30, 2015

	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,095,431
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 1,095,431
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$
County's covered payroll	11,581,689
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	9.46%

TALBOT COUNTY, MARYLAND NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Note 1. Budgetary Basis

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board but are not considered part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes budgetary comparison schedules for the general fund and the schedule of funding progress for other post employment benefits. The budgetary information is prepared and adopted on a basis that is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

Note 2. Schedule of Funding Progress - Other Post-Employment Benefits

Effective January 2009, the County increased its contribution percentage for post-employment benefits from 66.66% to 90% for eligible individual plans and 85% for family coverage.

The information in this schedule is intended to help users assess the County's OPEB Plan's status on a going-concern basis, assess progress made in accumulating assets to pay benefits when due, and make comparisons with other public employers.

Note 3. Pensions

Change in Benefit Terms

There were no significant benefit changes during the year.

Changes in Assumptions

Adjustments to the roll-forward liabilities were made to reflect the following assumption changes in the 2014 valuation:

- 1. Investment return assumption changed from 7.70% to 7.65%
- 2. Inflation assumption changed from 2.95% to 2.90%

Method and Assumptions used in Calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions

Actuarial Entry age normal

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 24 years for State system

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market; 20% collar

Inflation 2.90% general, 3.40% wage

Salary increases 3.40% to 11.90%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.65%

Retirement age Experienced-based table of rates that are

specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for 2012 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2006 -

2010

Mortality RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality

Table projected to the year 2025

Other Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>		ariance with inal Budget
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental - State	\$	885,000	\$ 885,000	\$ 368,625	\$	(516,375)
Other grants		-	-	5,400		5,400
Interest		_	-	7,515		7,515
Total revenues		885,000	885,000	381,540		(503,460)
EXPENDITURES						
General government		600,000	600,000	3,112		596,888
Public safety		7,716,300	7,716,300	7,039,084		677,216
Public works		1,451,452	1,451,452	726,168		725,284
Education		1,344,250	1,344,250	393,624		950,626
Recreation		475,100	475,100	181,014		294,086
Total expenditures		11,587,102	11,587,102	8,343,002		3,244,100
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES	5)					
Designated fund balance		3,540,232	3,540,232	-		(3,540,232)
Note issued - Motorola		6,861,870	6,861,870	6,716,277		(145,593)
Note issued - DNR		-	-	33,932		33,932
Transfer from developmental impact		300,000	300,000	300,000		_
Total other financing sources (uses)		10,702,102	10,702,102	7,050,209		(3,651,893)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$ -	\$ (911,253)	\$	(911,253)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DEVELOPMENTAL IMPACT FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	riance with
REVENUES				
Licenses and permits:				
Impact fees:				
General government	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000	\$ 64,445	\$ 14,445
Public works	37,000	37,000	416,507	379,507
Education				
Public schools	75,000	75,000	80,782	5,782
Library	15,000	15,000	15,153	153
Community College	4,000	4,000	3,208	(792)
Recreation	19,000	19,000	21,957	2,957
Interest	2,000	2,000	1,665	(335)
Total revenues	202,000	202,000	603,717	401,717
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers:				
Capital projects	(300,000)	(300,000)	(300,000)	-
Appropriated fund balance	98,000	98,000	-	(98,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(202,000)	(202,000)	(300,000)	(98,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 303,717	\$ 303,717

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GRANTS FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original Final				Variance with			
		<u>Budget</u> <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fi	nal Budget		
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental - Federal	\$	1,561,061	\$	1,561,061	\$	2,524,931	\$	963,870
Intergovernmental - State		1,871,575		1,871,575		883,012		(988,563)
Miscellaneous		115,000		115,000		164,316		49,316
Contribution		3,500		3,500		32,774		29,274
Total revenues		3,551,136		3,551,136		3,605,033		53,897
EXPENDITURES								
General government		147,190		147,190		330,595		(183,405)
Public safety		123,700		123,700		49,521		74,179
Public works		1,956,500		1,956,500		1,035,730		920,770
Health and hospitals		1,225,000		1,225,000		1,993,595		(768, 595)
Social services		93,946		93,946		161,185		(67,239)
Education		4,800		4,800		1,611		3,189
Recreation		-		-		31,507		(31,507)
Total expenditures		3,551,136		3,551,136		3,603,744		(52,608)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,289	\$	1,289

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL TALBOT FAMILY NETWORK For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	Actual	 iance with
REVENUES	<u> </u>	20050	1101001	 <u> 2005</u>
Intergovernmental - State	\$ 270,750	\$ 270,750	\$ 276,945	\$ 6,195
Interest	-	-	157	157
Total revenues	270,750	270,750	277,102	6,352
EXPENDITURES				
Social services	270,750	270,750	276,945	(6,195)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 157	\$ 157

TALBOT COUNTY, MARYLAND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

ENTERPRISE FUND - RECREATION FACILITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Hog Neck Golf Course							
	Revised			Variance with				
	Final Budget		<u>Actual</u>	Final Budget				
OPERATING REVENUES								
Program fees and admissions	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -				
Room rents	-		-	-				
Ice revenues	-		-	-				
Pro shop and concessions	280,000		230,166	(49,834)				
Cart rentals	55,000		31,041	(23,959)				
Green fees	880,000		681,570	(198,430)				
Other operating	4,000		19,162	15,162				
Total operating revenues	1,219,000		961,939	(257,061)				
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Salaries and related expenses	592,010		631,204	(39,194)				
Professional fees	13,000		8,467	4,533				
Office	25,600		25,334	266				
Insurance	5,000		4,689	311				
Repairs and maintenance	173,500		152,843	20,657				
Utilities	61,000		54,992	6,008				
Supplies and equipment	75,000		65,381	9,619				
Lessons and programs	4,000		-	4,000				
Pro shop and concessions	112,000		162,159	(50,159)				
Other operating	34,600		22,838	11,762				
Total operating expenses	1,095,710		1,127,907	(32,197)				
Operating income (loss) before depreciation	123,290		(165,968)	(289,258)				
Depreciation	-		157,251	(157,251)				
Net operating income (loss)	123,290		(323,219)	(446,509)				
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)								
Transfers from general fund	50,000		50,000	-				
Gain on disposal of capital assets	-		4,500	4,500				
Contributions	-		-	-				
Interest expense	(173,290)		(26,118)	147,172				
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)	(123,290)		28,382	151,672				
Change in net position	\$ -	\$	(294,837)	\$ (294,837)				
OTHER BUDGETED EXPENSES								
Capital outlay	\$ -							
Total other budgeted expenses	-	- -						
Budgeted net income (loss)	\$ -							

	Turbot Community Court						001	iibilica Totals		
	Revised			Variance with		Revised			Var	iance with
Fi	nal Budget		Actual	Final Budget	Fi	nal Budget		<u>Actual</u>	Fin	al Budget
			·							
\$	178,000	\$	132,873	\$ (45,127)	\$	178,000	\$	132,873	\$	(45,127)
	45,000		62,241	17,241		45,000		62,241		17,241
	184,000		233,563	49,563		184,000		233,563		49,563
	29,000		39,608	10,608		309,000		269,774		(39,226)
	· -		-	-		55,000		31,041		(23,959)
	-		_	-		880,000		681,570		(198,430)
	4,800		14,846	10,046		8,800		34,008		25,208
	440,800		483,131	42,331		1,659,800		1,445,070		(214,730)
	308,850		338,565	(29,715)		900,860		969,769		(68,909)
	12,500		13,492	(992)		25,500		21,959		3,541
	22,500		23,758	(1,258)		48,100		49,092		(992)
	12,000		11,824	176		17,000		16,513		487
	69,000		74,375	(5,375)		242,500		227,218		15,282
	141,200		135,673	5,527		202,200		190,665		11,535
	5,000		4,947	53		80,000		70,328		9,672
	90,000		85,617	4,383		94,000		85,617		8,383
	25,000		24,922	78		137,000		187,081		(50,081)
	11,200		14,214	(3,014)		45,800		37,052		8,748
	697,250		727,387	(30,137)		1,792,960		1,855,294		(62,334)
	(256,450)		(244,256)	12,194		(133,160)		(410,224)		(277,064)
	-		536,598	(536,598)				693,849		(693,849)
	(256,450)		(780,854)	(524,404)		(133,160)		(1,104,073)		(970,913)
	464,400		464,400			514,400		514,400		
	404,400		404,400	-		314,400		4,500		4,500
	-		101,185	101,185		-		101,185		101,185
	(189,450)		(72,483)	116,967		(362,740)		(98,601)		264,139
	274,950		493,102	218,152		151,660		521,484		369,824
\$	18,500	\$	(287,752)		\$	18,500	\$		\$	(601,089)
Ψ	18,500	Ψ	(287,732)	\$ (300,232)	Ψ	10,500	Ψ	(382,389)	Ψ	(001,009)
Φ.	(10.700)				ф	(10.500)				
\$	(18,500)				\$	(18,500)				
	(18,500)					(18,500)	-			
\$	-				\$	-	•			

Combined Totals

Talbot Community Center

TALBOT COUNTY, MARYLAND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

ENTERPRISE FUND - SANITARY DISTRICT

Royal Oak District

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

St. Michaels District

~	• 111	iciacis Disti	ict			11	Uya	I Oak Disti	ΙCτ	
Revised Final Budget		<u>Actual</u>						<u>Actual</u>		riance With nal Budget
\$ 075.505	¢	057 211	¢	(18 384)	Ф	230,000	Ф	243 604	¢	13,604
	Ψ		φ		φ	,	φ	,	Ψ	116,686
24,000		57,000		33,000		J0,000 -		212,000		110,000
_		_		_		_		_		_
47,680		1,596		(46,084)		2,500		190		(2,310)
1 047 275		1 016 607		(20, 669)		229 500		456 490		127.090
1,047,275		1,016,607		(30,668)		328,500		456,480		127,980
245 270		254 565		(0.105)		56 440		54.025		1.605
										1,605
				` '						(169)
				, ,						(312)
										872
				,						(8,358)
										(35,038)
18,500		28,873		(10,373)		2,000		5,701		(3,701)
593 975		703 795		(109 820)		137 840		182 941		(45,101)
2,2,,,,,		702,752		(103,020)		157,010		102,511		(12,101)
453,300		312,812		(140,488)		190,660		273,539		82,879
1,500		603,345		(601,845)		87,160		140,049		(52,889)
		(290,533)		(742,333)		103,500		133,490		29,990
JES										
-		,				-				287,629
				,						(395)
(42,150)	(20,611)		21,539		(21,000)		(16,923)		4,077
(37.150	`	11 693		48 843		(19.500)		271 811		291,311
(37,130		11,055		40,043		(17,500)		271,011		271,311
\$ 414,650	\$	(278,840)	\$	(693,490)	\$	84,000	\$	405,301	\$	321,301
NSES										
\$ (414,650))				\$	(84,000)				
	_						-			
(414,650	<u>)</u>					(84,000)	-			
\$ -					\$	-				
	Revised Final Budget \$ 975,595 24,000 47,680 1,047,275 345,370 4,850 13,500 172,000 39,055 18,500 593,975 453,300 1,500 451,800 JES \$ (37,150) \$ 414,650 NSES \$ (414,650)	Revised Final Budget \$ 975,595 \$ 24,000	Revised Final Budget \$ 975,595 \$ 957,211 24,000 57,800	Final Budget Actual Final Budget \$ 975,595 \$ 957,211 \$ 24,000 57,800 \$ 7,800 \$	Revised Final Budget Actual Variance With Final Budget \$ 975,595 \$ 957,211 \$ (18,384) 24,000 57,800 33,800 - - - 47,680 1,596 (46,084) 1,047,275 1,016,607 (30,668) 345,370 354,565 (9,195) 700 1,018 (318) 4,850 4,930 (80) 13,500 9,164 4,336 172,000 179,729 (7,729) 39,055 125,516 (86,461) 18,500 28,873 (10,373) 593,975 703,795 (109,820) 453,300 312,812 (140,488) 1,500 603,345 (601,845) 451,800 (290,533) (742,333) JES - 30,000 30,000 5,000 2,304 (2,696) (42,150) (20,611) 21,539 (37,150) 11,693 48,843 \$ 414,650	Revised Final Budget Actual Variance With Final Budget Final Final Budget Final Final Budget Final Fin	Revised Final Budget Actual Variance With Final Budget Revised Final Budget \$ 975,595 \$ 957,211 \$ (18,384) \$ 230,000 24,000 \$ 57,800 \$ 33,800 \$ 96,000 - - - - - 47,680 \$ 1,596 (46,084) \$ 2,500 1,047,275 \$ 1,016,607 (30,668) \$ 328,500 345,370 \$ 354,565 (9,195) \$ 56,440 700 \$ 1,018 (318) \$ 150 4,850 4,930 (80) \$ 1,400 13,500 9,164 4,336 \$ 1,600 172,000 \$ 179,729 \$ (7,729) \$ 61,150 39,055 \$ 125,516 \$ (86,461) \$ 15,100 18,500 \$ 28,873 \$ (10,373) \$ 2,000 453,300 \$ 312,812 \$ (140,488) \$ 190,660 451,800 \$ (290,533) \$ (742,333) \$ 103,500 JES - \$ 30,000 \$ 3,000 \$ 3,000 \$ 3,000 \$ 3,000 <td< td=""><td>Revised Final Budget Actual Variance With Final Budget Revised Final Budget \$ 975,595 \$ 957,211 \$ (18,384) \$ 230,000 \$ 24,000 \$ 57,800 33,800 96,000 \$ 24,000 \$ 7,800 33,800 96,000 \$ 24,000 \$ 7,800 33,800 96,000 \$ 2,500 47,680 1,596 (46,084) 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 1,047,275 1,016,607 (30,668) 328,500 \$ 328,500 345,370 354,565 (9,195) 56,440 700 1,018 (318) 150 4,850 4,930 (80) 1,400 13,500 9,164 4,336 1,600 172,000 179,729 (7,729) 61,150 39,055 125,516 (86,461) 15,100 18,500 28,873 (10,373) 2,000 453,300 312,812 (140,488) 190,660 451,800 (290,533) (742,333) 103,500 JES - 30,000 - - <tr< td=""><td>Revised Final Budget Actual Variance With Final Budget Revised Final Budget Actual \$ 975,595 \$ 957,211 \$ (18,384) \$ 230,000 \$ 243,604 24,000 57,800 33,800 96,000 212,686 - - - - - - 47,680 1,596 (46,084) 2,500 190 1,047,275 1,016,607 (30,668) 328,500 456,480 345,370 354,565 (9,195) 56,440 54,835 700 1,018 (318) 150 319 4,850 4,930 (80) 1,400 1,712 13,500 9,164 4,336 1,600 728 172,000 179,729 (7,729) 61,150 69,508 38,055 125,516 (86,461) 15,100 50,138 18,500 28,873 (10,373) 2,000 5,701 453,300 312,812 (140,488) 190,660 273,539 1,500</td><td>Revised Final Budget Actual Variance With Final Budget Revised Final Budget Actual Variance Final Budget \$ 975,595 \$ 957,211 \$ (18,384) \$ 230,000 \$ 243,604 \$ 24,000 \$ 7,800 33,800 96,000 \$ 212,686 \$ 24,000 \$ 7,800 33,800 96,000 \$ 212,686 \$ 243,604 \$ 24,000 \$ 243,604 \$ 243,</td></tr<></td></td<>	Revised Final Budget Actual Variance With Final Budget Revised Final Budget \$ 975,595 \$ 957,211 \$ (18,384) \$ 230,000 \$ 24,000 \$ 57,800 33,800 96,000 \$ 24,000 \$ 7,800 33,800 96,000 \$ 24,000 \$ 7,800 33,800 96,000 \$ 2,500 47,680 1,596 (46,084) 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 1,047,275 1,016,607 (30,668) 328,500 \$ 328,500 345,370 354,565 (9,195) 56,440 700 1,018 (318) 150 4,850 4,930 (80) 1,400 13,500 9,164 4,336 1,600 172,000 179,729 (7,729) 61,150 39,055 125,516 (86,461) 15,100 18,500 28,873 (10,373) 2,000 453,300 312,812 (140,488) 190,660 451,800 (290,533) (742,333) 103,500 JES - 30,000 - - <tr< td=""><td>Revised Final Budget Actual Variance With Final Budget Revised Final Budget Actual \$ 975,595 \$ 957,211 \$ (18,384) \$ 230,000 \$ 243,604 24,000 57,800 33,800 96,000 212,686 - - - - - - 47,680 1,596 (46,084) 2,500 190 1,047,275 1,016,607 (30,668) 328,500 456,480 345,370 354,565 (9,195) 56,440 54,835 700 1,018 (318) 150 319 4,850 4,930 (80) 1,400 1,712 13,500 9,164 4,336 1,600 728 172,000 179,729 (7,729) 61,150 69,508 38,055 125,516 (86,461) 15,100 50,138 18,500 28,873 (10,373) 2,000 5,701 453,300 312,812 (140,488) 190,660 273,539 1,500</td><td>Revised Final Budget Actual Variance With Final Budget Revised Final Budget Actual Variance Final Budget \$ 975,595 \$ 957,211 \$ (18,384) \$ 230,000 \$ 243,604 \$ 24,000 \$ 7,800 33,800 96,000 \$ 212,686 \$ 24,000 \$ 7,800 33,800 96,000 \$ 212,686 \$ 243,604 \$ 24,000 \$ 243,604 \$ 243,</td></tr<>	Revised Final Budget Actual Variance With Final Budget Revised Final Budget Actual \$ 975,595 \$ 957,211 \$ (18,384) \$ 230,000 \$ 243,604 24,000 57,800 33,800 96,000 212,686 - - - - - - 47,680 1,596 (46,084) 2,500 190 1,047,275 1,016,607 (30,668) 328,500 456,480 345,370 354,565 (9,195) 56,440 54,835 700 1,018 (318) 150 319 4,850 4,930 (80) 1,400 1,712 13,500 9,164 4,336 1,600 728 172,000 179,729 (7,729) 61,150 69,508 38,055 125,516 (86,461) 15,100 50,138 18,500 28,873 (10,373) 2,000 5,701 453,300 312,812 (140,488) 190,660 273,539 1,500	Revised Final Budget Actual Variance With Final Budget Revised Final Budget Actual Variance Final Budget \$ 975,595 \$ 957,211 \$ (18,384) \$ 230,000 \$ 243,604 \$ 24,000 \$ 7,800 33,800 96,000 \$ 212,686 \$ 24,000 \$ 7,800 33,800 96,000 \$ 212,686 \$ 243,604 \$ 24,000 \$ 243,604 \$ 243,

 T	ilgł	ıman Distric	et			ct				
Revised aal Budget		<u>Actual</u>		ance With		Revised nal Budget		<u>Actual</u>		riance With
\$ 235,000 4,470	\$	231,012	\$	(3,988) (4,470)	\$	106,500	\$	108,075 12,000	\$	1,575 12,000
19,000		20,355		1,355		- - 6 000		- 151		- (5.840)
 10,000				(9,357)		6,000				(5,849)
 268,470		252,010		(16,460)		112,500		120,226		7,726
143,820 50		134,888 223		8,932 (173)		27,870 100		26,296 127		1,574 (27)
3,450 3,200		2,786 1,302		664 1,898		1,050 850		1,071 285		(21) 565
57,250 25,400		77,414 83,149		(20,164) (57,749)		23,530 11,300		22,620 10,904		910 396
 -		901		(901)		1,400		1,825		(425)
 233,170		300,663		(67,493)		66,100		63,128		2,972
35,300		(48,653)		(83,953)		46,400		57,098		10,698
 1,800		154,323		(152,523)		3,150		139,414		(136,264)
 33,500		(202,976)		(236,476)		43,250		(82,316)		(125,566)
-		-		-		-		-		-
 3,000 (6,500)		995 (5,908)		(2,005) 592		1,800 (9,050)		502 (7,165)		(1,298) 1,885
 (3,500)		(4,913)		(1,413)		(7,250)		(6,663)		587
\$ 30,000	\$	(207,889)	\$	(237,889)	\$	36,000	\$	(88,979)	\$	(124,979)
\$ (30,000)					\$	(36,000)	_			
 (30,000)						(36,000)				
\$ -					\$	-				

TALBOT COUNTY, MARYLAND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

ENTERPRISE FUND - SANITARY DISTRICT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015 (Continued)

		Bio-sol	ids	Utilization	Faci	ility	Onsite Sewage Disposal							
		Revised al Budget		<u>Actual</u>		riance With nal Budget		Revised nal Budget		<u>Actual</u>		iance With		
OPERATING REVENUES Sewer service charges	\$	225,000	\$	276,554	\$	51,554	\$	_	\$		\$			
Sewer connection charges	Ф	223,000	Ф	270,334	Ф	51,554	Ф	-	Ф	-	Ф	-		
Residential benefit charges		_		_		_		_		_		_		
Wind/solar renewable energy		125,000		119,447		(5,553)		_		_		_		
Miscellaneous		-		· -		-		-		-		-		
Total operating revenues		350,000		396,001		46,001		-		-				
OPERATING EXPENSES														
Salaries and related expenses		137,160		137,908		(748)		46,882		41,443		5,439		
Professional fees		1,100		134		966		2,118		215		1,903		
Office		1,900		4,802		(2,902)		-		-		-		
Insurance		5,850		6,019		(169)		-		-		-		
Contracted services		58,400		95,401		(37,001)		831,000		597,126		233,874		
Repairs and maintenance		8,750		18,028		(9,278)		-		20, 600		(20, (00)		
Other operating		3,000		239		2,761		-		39,600		(39,600)		
Total operating expenses		216,160		262,531		(46,371)		880,000		678,384		201,616		
Operating income (loss)														
before depreciation		133,840		133,470		(370)		(880,000)		(678,384)		201,616		
Depreciation		58,840		209,693		(150,853)		-		-				
Net operating income (loss)		75,000		(76,223)		(151,223)		(880,000)		(678,384)		201,616		
NON-OPERATING REVENU (EXPENSES)	ES													
Intergovernmental revenues		_		_		_		880,000		709,049		(170,951)		
Interest income		_		457		457		-		700,040		(170,551)		
Interest expense		(75,000)		(4,335)		70,665		_		_		_		
		(11,111)		(1,)		,								
Net non-operating														
revenues (expenses)		(75,000)		(3,878)		71,122		880,000		709,049		(170,951)		
Change in net position	\$	_	\$	(80,101)	\$	(80,101)	\$	_	\$	30,665	\$	30,665		
Change in het position	Ф		φ	(60,101)	φ	(60,101)	ф		φ	30,003	φ	30,003		
OTHER BUDGETED EXPEN	ISES													
Debt service	\$	-					\$	-						
Total other budgeted														
expenses		-						-						
Budgeted net income (loss)	\$	_					\$	-						

	Ma	arti	ngham Dist	rict		Combined Totals													
	Revised al Budget		<u>Actual</u>		riance With	<u>Fi</u>	Revised nal Budget		<u>Actual</u>		riance With inal Budget								
\$	195,704	\$	198,854	\$	3,150	\$	1,967,799	\$	2,015,310	\$	47,511								
	-		-		-		124,470		282,486		158,016								
	-		-		-		_		-		-		-		19,000		20,355		1,355
	-		-		-		125,000		119,447		(5,553)								
	22		12		(10)		66,202		2,592		(63,610)								
	195,726		198,866		3,140		2,302,471		2,440,190		137,719								
	110,180		101,075		9,105		867,722		851,010		16,712								
	400		163		237		4,618		2,199		2,419								
	1,350		1,654		(304)		14,000		16,955		(2,955)								
	150		166		(16)		25,150		17,664		7,486								
	34,850		56,050		(21,200)		1,238,180		1,097,848		140,332								
	18,225		31,908		(13,683)		117,830		319,643		(201,813)								
	2,150		2,477		(327)		27,050		79,616		(52,566)								
	167,305		193,493		(26,188)		2,294,550		2,384,935		(90,385)								
	28,421		5,373		(23,048)		7,921		55,255		47,334								
	4,495		5,519		(1,024)		156,945		1,252,343		(1,095,398)								
	23,926		(146)		(24,072)		(149,024)		(1,197,088)		(1,048,064)								
	_		_		_		880,000		1,026,678		146,678								
	74		15		(59)		11,374		5,378		(5,996)								
	(24,000)		(18,641)		5,359		(177,700)		(73,583)		104,117								
	(22,026)		(19.626)		5 200		712 (74		050 472		244 700								
	(23,926)		(18,626)		5,300		713,674		958,473		244,799								
\$	-	\$	(18,772)	\$	(18,772)	\$	564,650	\$	(238,615)	\$	(803,265)								
Φ.						Φ.	(5(4,650)												
\$	-	•				\$	(564,650)												
	-	•					(564,650)	•											
\$	-					\$	-	ı											

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES BUDGET AND ACTUAL ENTERPRISE FUND - EASTON AIRPORT For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Revised		A atrial	Variance With
OPERATING REVENUES		Final Budget		<u>Actual</u>	Final Budget
	\$	357,503	\$	321,641	\$ (35,862)
Charges - operations Charges - fuel facility	Ф	2,468,175	Ф	2,078,863	(389,312)
Charges - hargars		562,925		575,058	12,133
Other operating		20,000		17,096	(2,904)
Other operating		20,000		17,090	(2,904)
Total operating revenues		3,408,603		2,992,658	(415,945)
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Salaries and related expenses		338,979		342,014	(3,035)
Cost of sales - fuel		2,272,213		1,957,123	315,090
Professional fees		72,000		38,705	33,295
Office		20,900		21,674	(774)
Insurance		13,000		15,386	(2,386)
Repairs and maintenance		102,250		109,647	(7,397)
Utilities		52,900		53,306	(406)
Supplies and equipment		400		208	192
Other operating		8,475		13,528	(5,053)
Total operating expenses		2,881,117		2,551,591	329,526
Operating income (loss)					
before depreciation		527,486		441,067	(86,419)
Depreciation		226,681		1,861,511	(1,634,830)
Net operating income (loss)		300,805		(1,420,444)	(1,721,249)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Intergovernmental revenues		79,568		1,970,786	1,891,218
Interest income		750		817	67
Interest expense		(54,780)		(51,048)	3,732
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)		25,538		1,920,555	1,895,017
Change in net position	\$	326,343	\$	500,111	\$ 173,768
OTHER BUDGETED EXPENSES					
Debt service	\$	(195,252)			
Capital outlay		(131,091)			
Total other budgeted expenses		(326,343)			
Budgeted net income (loss)	\$	-			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES BUDGET AND ACTUAL ENTERPRISE FUND - POOL For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Revised al Budget		Actual	Variance With Final Budget	
OPERATING REVENUES	 				<u>-</u>
Admissions	\$ 48,000	\$	44,873	\$	(3,127)
Other operating	47,050		63,633		16,583
Total operating revenues	95,050		108,506		13,456
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Salaries and related expenses	133,690		101,358		32,332
Professional fees	2,550		1,985		565
Office	1,620		276		1,344
Insurance	1,600		1,519		81
Repairs and maintenance	19,400		24,196		(4,796)
Utilities	14,565		10,373		4,192
Supplies and equipment	10,375		24,003		(13,628)
Other operating	4,400		7,347		(2,947)
Total operating expenses	188,200		171,057		17,143
Operating income (loss) before depreciation	(93,150)		(62,551)		30,599
Depreciation	-		78,373		(78,373)
Net operating income (loss)	(93,150)		(140,924)		(47,774)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES					
Transfer from general fund	107,950		107,950		-
Total non-operating revenues	107,950		107,950		
Change in net position	\$ 14,800	\$	(32,974)	\$	(47,774)
OTHER BUDGETED EXPENSES					
Capital outlay	\$ (14,800)	_			
Total other budgeted expenses	(14,800)	•			
Budgeted net income (loss)	\$ -	1			

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2015

	Special Revenue Funds											
						Talbot	Total Other					
	De	velopmental				Family	Governmental					
		<u>Impact</u>		<u>Grants</u>		Network		<u>Funds</u>				
ASSETS												
Cash and short-term investments	\$	1,114,667	\$	20	\$	11,779	\$	1,126,466				
Cash and short-term investments -												
earned reinvestment		-		-		94,396		94,396				
Receivables:												
Accounts receivable		-		962		451		1,413				
Intergovernmental:				040.660				0.40, 660				
Federal		-		948,669		-		948,669				
State		-		384,461		-		384,461				
Total Assets	\$	1,114,667	\$	1,334,112	\$	106,626	\$	2,555,405				
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES												
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	-	\$	583,716	\$	5,095	\$	588,811				
Due to other funds		-		549,402		-		549,402				
Unearned revenue		-		200,994		7,135		208,129				
Total Liabilities		-		1,334,112		12,230		1,346,342				
FUND BALANCES												
Restricted for: Social Services		_		_		94,396		94,396				
Committed for: Capital Projects		676,717		-		, -		676,717				
Assigned for: Future Budget		437,950		-		-		437,950				
Total Fund Balances		1,114,667		-		94,396		1,209,063				
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	1,114,667	\$	1,334,112	\$	106,626	\$	2,555,405				

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Special Revenue Funds												
	De	evelopmental Impact		Grants	Talbot Family <u>Grants</u> <u>Network</u>			otal Other overnmental Funds					
REVENUES													
Intergovernmental													
Federal	\$	-	\$	2,524,931	\$	-	\$	2,524,931					
State		-		883,012	276,	945		1,159,957					
Licenses and permits		602,052		-		-		602,052					
Miscellaneous		-		197,090		-		197,090					
Interest		1,665		-		157		1,822					
Total revenues		603,717		3,605,033	277,	102		4,485,852					
EXPENDITURES													
General government		-		330,595		-		330,595					
Public safety		-		49,521		-		49,521					
Public works		-		1,035,730		-		1,035,730					
Health and hospitals		-		1,993,595		-		1,993,595					
Social services		-		161,185	276,	945		438,130					
Education		-		1,611		-		1,611					
Recreation		-		31,507		-		31,507					
Total Expenditures		-		3,603,744	276,	945		3,880,689					
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		603,717		1,289		157		605,163					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in (out) to other funds:													
Capital projects fund		(300,000)		-		-		(300,000)					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(300,000)		-		-		(300,000)					
Net change in fund balances		303,717		1,289		157		305,163					
Fund balances (deficit) at beginning of year		810,950		(1,289)	94,	239		903,900					
Fund balances at end of year	\$	1,114,667	\$	-	\$ 94,	396	\$	1,209,063					

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -AS REQUIRED BY THE GOC FOR LMB OFFICES ON BEHALF OF THE CHILDREN'S CABINET Year Ended June 30, 2015

REVENUES

Intergovernmental:

Community partnership	\$ 276,945
Interest	157
Total revenues	277,102
EXPENDITURES	
Social services	
Community partnership programs:	
After school program	59,319
Healthy families	82,424
Voluntary family services	43,991
Kids on the block	10,000
Substance abuse	10,000

EXPENDITURES	
Social services	
Community partnership programs:	
After school program	59,319
Healthy families	82,424
Voluntary family services	43,991
Kids on the block	10,000
Substance abuse	10,000
Total Community partnership programs	205,734
Non-community partnership programs:	
Administration	61,654
School climate	9,557
Total non-community partnership programs	71,211
Total Expenditures	276,945
Net change in fund balances	\$ 157

TALBOT COUNTY, MARYLAND NOTES TO OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Note 1. Budgetary Basis

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules that are not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board nor are they considered part of the basic financial statements. Such information is included for purposes of additional analysis. The budgetary information contained in this section is prepared and adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Such statements and schedules include:

Budgetary Comparison Schedules:

Capital Projects Fund
Developmental Impact Fund

Grants Fund

Talbot Family Network

Recreation Facilities

Sanitary District

Easton Airport

Pool Fund

Combining Balance Sheet - Other Governmental Funds

Combining Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Other Governmental Funds

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - as Required by the GOC for LMB

Offices on Behalf of the Children's Cabinet

STATISTICAL SECTION

The Statistical Section presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the preceding sections says about the County's overall financial health. They differ from financial statements in that they usually cover more than one year and may present non-accounting data. For this reason, they are unaudited.

Schedules 1-4 reflect **financial trends** data to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Schedules 5-11 reflect **revenue capacity** and help the reader assess the County's most significant local revenue sources.

Schedules 12-15 reflect **debt capacity** and help the reader to assess the affordability of the County's current level of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Schedules 16-17 offer **demographic and economic information** to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place.

Schedules 18-20 contain **operating information** to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the services the County provides.

Unless otherwise noted, the source for all data presented is the Talbot County Finance Department.

Schedule 1 Talbot County, Maryland Net Position by Component (accrual basis of accounting)

		Fiscal Year												
	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014*</u>	<u>2015</u>				
Governmental activities														
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 38,317,480	\$ 43,541,925	\$ 50,706,906	\$ 60,070,294	\$ 75,347,678	\$ 77,628,434	\$ 78,931,013	\$ 80,387,586	\$ 80,625,199	\$ 80,132,665				
Restricted Unrestricted	43,576,637	53,678,457	48,711,869	40,028,210	14,736,372	547,778 1,031,005	287,350 (2,611,189)	144,869 523,202	94,239 (3,752,306)	94,396 2,973,933				
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 81,894,117	\$ 97,220,382	\$ 99,418,775	\$100,098,504	\$ 90,084,050	\$ 79,207,217	\$ 76,607,174	\$ 81,055,657	\$ 76,967,132	\$ 83,200,994				
Business-type activities														
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 36,450,814	\$ 40,239,226	\$ 51,317,665	\$ 53,100,037	\$ 54,672,754	\$ 57,872,067	\$ 55,881,195	\$ 54,021,693	\$ 51,985,231	\$ 52,050,922				
Unrestricted	408,598	1,819,349	940,871	(2,028,817)	(399,540)	(310,795)	152,157	(140,916)	(101,952)	(521,710)				
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 36,859,412	\$ 42,058,575	\$ 52,258,536	\$ 51,071,220	\$ 54,273,214	\$ 57,561,272	\$ 56,033,352	\$ 53,880,777	\$ 51,883,279	\$ 51,529,212				
Primary government														
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 74,768,294	\$ 83,781,151	\$102,024,571	\$113,170,331	\$130,020,432	\$135,500,501	\$134,812,208	\$134,409,279	\$132,610,430	\$132,183,587				
Restricted						547,778	287,350	144,869	94,239	94,396				
Unrestricted	43,985,235	55,497,806	49,652,740	37,999,393	14,336,832	720,210	(2,459,032)	382,286	(3,854,258)	2,452,223				
Total primary government net position	\$118,753,529	\$139,278,957	\$151,677,311	\$151,169,724	\$144,357,264	\$136,768,489	\$132,640,526	\$134,936,434	\$128,850,411	\$134,730,206				

^{*} FY 2014 net position was restated due to the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board's Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.

Schedule 2 Talbot County, Maryland Changes in Net Position (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year										
	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	
Expenses											
Governmental activities:											
General government	\$ 5,615,463	\$ 5,447,411		\$ 10,151,451				\$ 9,358,236		\$ 10,360,176	
Public safety	10,921,003	11,161,287	12,911,154	13,731,318	13,185,294	13,657,735	12,854,721	14,018,219	16,071,849	14,798,173	
Public works	4,981,242	4,637,883	4,085,559	4,831,967	4,249,569	4,334,793	4,601,524	4,509,239	3,788,820	5,919,975	
Health and hospitals	1,531,391	1,880,034	1,964,816	2,338,752	2,410,440	3,120,074	3,576,751	3,829,281	4,099,374	4,394,559	
Social services	1,814,939	1,402,948	1,404,799	1,484,690	1,499,755	1,224,920	1,147,850	838,625	857,752	936,371	
Education	31,966,292	39,858,261	45,950,955	46,271,163	39,811,132	39,715,193	37,597,612	38,491,514	41,640,092	39,518,549	
Recreation	1,275,345	2,577,757	894,668	885,695	864,772	748,414	738,616	642,770	632,538	541,540	
Conservation of natural resources	244,923	295,659	274,430	302,516	269,891	255,489	226,264	218,361	252,375	242,700	
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Interest on long-term debt	113,108	100,461	86,132	71,418	55,936	23,388	15,904	14,456	13,439	173,141	
Total governmental activities expenses	58,463,706	67,361,701	76,049,490	80,068,970	71,865,058	73,263,655	70,282,309	71,920,701	76,907,358	76,885,184	
Business-type activities:											
Recreation facilities	2,494,818	3,217,842	3,825,521	3,258,076	2,958,425	3,162,507	2,582,398	2,624,390	2,652,143	2,647,744	
Sanitary district	1,485,046	1,649,537	2,910,842	3,396,151	2,759,881	2,952,404	3,353,238	3,354,872	3,430,264	3,710,861	
Airport	3,438,045	3,468,909	4,089,080	4,280,559	3,855,297	4,712,248	4,655,128	4,903,460	4,837,671	4,464,150	
Pool	350,962	343,182	397,365	397,202	329,445	267,306	233,239	257,766	215,301	249,430	
Total business-type activities expenses	7,768,871	8,679,470	11,222,808	11,331,988	9,903,048	11,094,465	10,824,003	11,140,488	11,135,379	11,072,185	
Total primary government expenses	\$ 66,232,577	\$ 76,041,171	\$ 87,272,298	\$ 91,400,958	\$ 81,768,106	\$ 84,358,120	\$ 81,106,312	\$ 83,061,189	\$ 88,042,737	\$ 87,957,369	
Program Revenues											
Governmental activities:											
Charges for services	A 2252 155		A 2200 (74	A 2220 040	A 2002 510	A 2122.251	A 2002 F05	A 2 400 452	A 2201550	A 2.7.0.12.5	
General government	\$ 2,252,476		\$ 2,298,674		\$ 2,083,519		\$ 2,392,795	\$ 2,400,453	\$ 2,384,760		
Public safety	586,274	568,421	565,415	487,375	318,213	465,453	213,574	111,437	17,709	26,450	
Public works	408,874	1,089,966	321,330	233,621	152,197	30,693	162,353	30,938	228,548	416,507	
Health and hospitals	57,058	63,159	75,854	89,123	89,939	70,199	118,979	130,705	133,248	115,961	
Education	631,900	532,531	292,956	189,303	267,153	112,872	115,776	80,295	151,045	99,143	
Recreation	150,279	135,440	124,690	133,934	144,521	75,602	101,816	102,867	99,968	97,455	
Operating/Capital grants and contributions	8,397,525	10,045,423	10,108,796	9,192,985	3,134,627	5,877,037	6,067,814	8,217,559	5,640,620	5,813,482	
Total governmental activities program revenues	12,484,386	14,729,894	13,787,715	12,565,389	6,190,169	8,765,107	9,173,107	11,074,254	8,655,898	9,138,424	

	Fiscal Year										
	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	
Program Revenues (continued)											
Business-type activities:											
Charges for services											
Recreation facilities	1,247,469	1,698,087	1,726,905	1,475,498	1,446,815	1,473,218	1,637,646	1,490,032	1,417,840	1,445,070	
Sanitary district	1,061,865	1,151,340	1,803,762	2,100,885	2,045,673	2,103,019	2,318,164	2,166,256	2,328,288	2,440,190	
Easton airport	2,904,517	2,824,353	3,075,162	2,898,388	2,519,061	3,015,851	3,397,868	3,216,518	3,351,214	2,992,658	
Pool	93,161	87,769	79,302	77,082	87,317	113,324	133,023	116,353	109,084	108,506	
Operating/Capital grants and contributions	4,895,190	6,416,909	7,269,502	2,297,603	5,282,059	6,431,135	1,219,494	1,453,759	1,315,605	3,098,649	
Total business-type activities program revenues	10,202,202	12,178,458	13,954,633	8,849,456	11,380,925	13,136,547	8,706,195	8,442,918	8,522,031	10,085,073	
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 22,686,588	\$ 26,908,352	\$ 27,742,348	\$ 21,414,845	\$ 17,571,094	\$ 21,901,654	<u>\$ 17,879,302</u>	\$ 19,517,172	<u>\$ 17,177,929</u>	\$ 19,223,497	
Net (Expense)/Revenue											
Governmental activities	\$ (45,979,320)	\$ (52,631,807)	\$ (62,261,775)	\$ (67,503,581)	\$ (65,674,889)	\$ (64,498,548)	\$ (61,109,202)	\$ (60,846,447)	\$ (68,251,460)	\$ (67,746,760)	
Business-type activities	2,433,331	3,498,988	2,731,825	(2,482,532)	1,477,877	2,042,082	(2,117,808)	(2,697,570)	(2,613,348)	(987,112)	
Total primary government net expense	\$ (43,545,989)	<u>\$ (49,132,819)</u>	\$ (59,529,950)	\$ (69,986,113)	\$ (64,197,012)	\$ (62,456,466)	\$ (63,227,010)	\$ (63,544,017)	\$ (70,864,808)	\$ (68,733,872)	
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Posi	tion										
Governmental activities:											
Property taxes	\$ 23,824,569	\$ 25,051,218	\$ 26,371,828	\$ 27,436,368	\$ 28,324,937	\$ 29,154,652	\$ 30,002,020	\$ 32,741,855	\$ 33,660,872	\$ 34,726,851	
Local income tax	23,825,934	28,794,974	31,626,307	31,635,555	19,260,503	18,551,894	20,269,343	23,140,754	27,108,102	28,562,934	
Other local taxes	13,647,096	12,002,501	9,949,967	7,097,837	6,831,278	6,792,369	8,449,480	9,727,044	9,522,629	10,706,846	
Interest	1,870,166	3,049,507	3,405,782	2,470,720	980,562	221,952	166,317	105,007	94,004	91,344	
Miscellaneous	324,881	622,980	456,406	739,625	1,927,226	136,104	197,427	115,471	2,306,687	514,997	
Transfers in (out)	(2,951,227)	(1,563,108)	(7,350,122)	(1,196,795)	(1,664,071)	(1,235,256)	(575,428)	(535,201)	(598,850)	(622,350)	
Total governmental activities	60,541,419	67,958,072	64,460,168	68,183,310	55,660,435	53,621,715	58,509,159	65,294,930	72,093,444	73,980,622	
Business-type activities:											
Interest	145,109	139,807	115,854	98,421	60,046	10,720	14,460	7,333	6,500	6,195	
Miscellaneous	12,008	(2,740)	2,160	-	-	-	-	2,461	10,500	4,500	
Transfers in (out)	2,951,227	1,563,108	7,350,122	1,196,795	1,664,071	1,235,256	575,428	535,201	598,850	622,350	
Total business-type activities	3,108,344	1,700,175	7,468,136	1,295,216	1,724,117	1,245,976	589,888	544,995	615,850	633,045	
Total primary government	\$ 63,649,763	\$ 69,658,247	\$ 71,928,304	\$ 69,478,526	\$ 57,384,552	\$ 54,867,691	\$ 59,099,047	\$ 65,839,925	\$ 72,709,294	\$ 74,613,667	
Prior Period Restatement*	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$</u> -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (7,930,509)	\$ -	
Change in Net Position											
Governmental activities	\$ 14,562,099	\$ 15,326,265	\$ 2,198,393	\$ 679,729	\$ (10,014,454)	\$ (10,876,833)	\$ (2,600,043)	\$ 4,448,483	\$ (4,088,525)	\$ 6,233,862	
Business-type activities	5,541,675	5,199,163	10,199,961	(1,187,316)	3,201,994	3,288,058	(1,527,920)	(2,152,575)	(1,997,498)	(354,067)	
Total primary government	\$ 20,103,774	\$ 20,525,428	\$ 12,398,354	\$ (507,587)	\$ (6,812,460)	\$ (7,588,775)	\$ (4,127,963)	\$ 2,295,908	\$ (6,086,023)	\$ 5,879,795	

^{*} FY 2014 net position was restated due to the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board's Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.

Schedule 3
Talbot County, Maryland
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds,
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year									
	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011*</u>	<u>2012*</u>	<u>2013*</u>	<u>2014*</u>	<u>2015*</u>
General Fund										
Reserved	\$ 42,293	\$ 2,509,615	\$ 913,869	\$ 966,200	\$ 105,269	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved										
Designated	7,285,867	15,812,496	15,353,614	17,643,743	15,947,750	-	-	-	-	-
Undesignated	25,387,252	23,095,026	25,439,870	22,625,265	16,992,681	-	-	-	-	-
Non spendable										
Prepaid	-	-	-	-	-	56,271	94,005	143,711	74,482	205,551
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	7,000,000	-	-	-	-
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	1,350,000	1,487,600	761,814	-	1,290,000
Unassigned						15,517,033	15,305,808	18,617,745	20,772,381	23,744,224
Total General Fund	\$ 32,715,412	\$ 41,417,137	\$ 41,707,353	\$ 41,235,208	\$ 33,045,700	\$ 23,923,304	\$ 16,887,413	\$ 19,523,270	\$ 20,846,863	\$ 25,239,775
All Other Governmental Funds										
Reserved	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved										
Designated - Capital Fund	8,428,417	7,613,828	32,119,063	22,890,931	20,893,889	-	-	-	-	-
Designated - Special Revenue Funds	2,859,426	4,839,284	24,295	2,391,733	2,805,745	-	-	-	-	-
Undesignated - Special Revenue Funds	63,711	337,033	801,305	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	547,778	287,350	144,869	94,239	94,396
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	16,971,966	10,501,167	10,118,592	10,628,689	9,883,203
Assigned						1,000,000	1,997,000	910,000	300,000	437,950
Unassigned	-		-				(1,289)	(1,289)	(1,289)	
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 11,351,554	\$ 12,790,145	\$ 32,944,663	\$ 25,282,664	\$ 23,699,634	\$ 18,519,744	\$ 12,784,228	\$ 11,172,172	\$ 11,021,639	\$ 10,415,549
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 44,066,966	\$ 54,207,282	\$ 74,652,016	\$ 66,517,872	\$ 56,745,334	\$ 42,443,048	\$ 29,671,641	\$ 30,695,442	\$ 31,868,502	\$ 35,655,324

^{*}Prior year amounts have not been restated for the implementation of GASB 54 in FY 2011.

Schedule 4 Talbot County, Maryland Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds, Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

(modified accrual basis of accounting)	πης) Fiscal Year									
	<u>2006</u>	2007	<u>2008</u>	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
Revenues										
Property tax	\$ 23,824,569	\$ 25,051,218	\$ 26,371,828	\$ 27,436,368	\$ 28,324,937	\$ 29,154,652	\$ 30,002,020	\$ 32,741,855	\$ 33,660,872	\$ 34,726,851
Income tax	23,825,934	28,794,974	31,626,307	31,635,555	19,260,503	18,551,894	20,269,343	23,140,754	27,108,102	28,562,934
Other local taxes	13,647,096	12,002,501	9,949,967	7,097,837	6,831,278	6,792,369	8,449,480	9,727,044	9,522,629	10,706,846
Licenses and permits	2,163,301	2,634,811	1,451,225	1,031,899	1,079,221	754,521	921,714	709,104	1,064,650	1,197,384
Intergovernmental:										
Federal	897,727	1,166,795	986,313	1,440,141	862,601	3,204,079	3,255,988	2,458,706	2,611,375	2,711,862
State	7,499,800	8,878,628	9,122,483	7,752,844	2,272,026	2,672,958	2,811,826	2,618,853	2,980,645	3,096,220
Contributions/Cost Sharing								1,500,000	-	-
Other Grants								6,268	48,600	5,400
Service charges	1,918,108	2,035,151	2,220,939	2,336,814	1,967,453	2,129,649	2,178,232	2,135,969	1,939,522	2,124,798
Fines and forfeitures	5,452	14,509	6,755	3,691	8,868	3,900	5,347	5,354	11,106	2,760
Miscellaneous	324,881	622,980	456,406	739,625	1,927,226	136,104	197,427	115,471	2,306,687	514,997
Interest Income	1,870,166	3,049,507	3,405,782	2,470,720	980,562	221,952	166,317	105,007	94,004	91,344
Total revenues	75,977,034	84,251,074	85,598,005	81,945,494	63,514,675	63,622,078	68,257,694	75,264,385	81,348,192	83,741,396
					,					
Expenditures	5 594 206	5 101 172	5.050.766	12 000 101	5 704 020	0.000.022	0.064.501	5 046 071	6.070.660	6 250 740
General Government	5,584,396	5,191,173	5,958,766	12,998,191	5,704,039	8,000,023	8,964,591	5,846,871	6,070,668	6,350,740
Public Safety	9,157,464	9,994,797	11,246,960	11,633,072	11,048,315	11,736,551	10,525,791	12,240,008	13,799,168	20,277,465
Public Works	6,126,343	5,528,800	6,371,000	6,148,333	3,563,248	4,592,005	4,554,963	5,059,652	5,182,051	5,781,264
Debt service interest - Public Works									4,375	4,555
Debt service principal - Public Works	1.50<.050	1.052.022	2 0 62 022	2 221 740	2 404 100	2112011	2 550 401	2 022 021	43,339	47,658
Health and hospitals	1,526,270	1,872,922	3,963,933	2,331,749	2,404,180	3,113,814	3,570,491	3,823,021	4,093,114	4,416,125
Social services	1,778,837	1,401,182	1,390,590	1,468,953	1,484,019	1,209,401	1,033,099	838,625	857,752	936,371
Education	31,029,594	38,998,222	44,676,973	44,485,803	38,135,444	38,808,462	36,421,420	37,384,195	40,601,847	38,573,503
Debt service interest - Educ	901,243	891,193	1,273,144	1,751,927	1,701,468	1,393,224	1,253,516	1,184,643	1,115,569	1,022,369
Debt service principal - Educ	988,345	1,124,548	1,162,079	2,027,389	2,138,863	2,278,475	2,143,416	2,233,937	2,298,447	2,464,368
Recreation	1,104,324	2,992,661	2,497,017	1,279,319	491,376	329,191	286,009	550,994	389,354	490,067
Conservation of natural resources	244,923	295,659	274,430	313,771	269,891	255,489	226,264	218,361	252,375	242,700
Employee Benefits	2,579,628	2,748,331	2,644,213	2,926,325	3,116,961	3,460,899	10,461,176	3,247,384	5,695,880	4,038,964
Miscellaneous	209,365	94,132	233,696	122,362	130,043	216,666	77,239	95,150	79,206	101,568
Intergovernmental	701,132	860,102	860,442	750,180	722,861	761,613	820,446	822,434	874,438	1,068,923
Debt service interest	113,108	100,461	86,132	71,418	55,936	23,388	15,904	14,456	13,439	173,141
Debt service principal	306,022	318,022	333,097	345,390	363,245	381,392	59,651	48,355	48,645	50,680
Contingencies	66,850	135,445	157,807	228,661	306,253	440,569	39,697	97,297	214,355	41,972
Total expenditures	62,417,844	72,547,650	83,130,279	88,882,843	71,636,142	77,001,162	80,453,673	73,705,383	81,634,022	86,082,433
Excess of revenues over (under)										
expenditures	13,559,190	11,703,424	2,467,726	(6,937,349)	(8,121,467)	(13,379,084)	(12,195,979)	1,559,002	(285,830)	(2,341,037)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Proceeds from long-term debt	2,325,000	-	25,020,000	-	13,000	12,281,271	-	-	2,057,740	6,750,209
Payment to refunded debt escrow agent	(2,361,732)	-	-	-	-	(12,650,858)	-	-	-	-
Bond premium	-	-	307,130	-	-	681,641	-	-	-	-
Transfers in (out)										
Pools	(119,526)	(148,960)	(152,776)	(144,014)	(79,561)	(164,281)	(100,216)	(142,231)	(113,850)	(107,950)
Recreation	(2,831,701)	(1,414,148)	(7,197,346)	(1,052,781)	(1,584,510)	(1,070,975)	(475,212)	(392,970)	(485,000)	(514,400)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,987,959)	(1,563,108)	17,977,008	(1,196,795)	(1,651,071)	(923,202)	(575,428)	(535,201)	1,458,890	6,127,859
Net change in fund balances	\$ 10,571,231	\$ 10,140,316			\$ (9,772,538)	\$(14,302,286)			\$ 1,173,060	
					121					

Schedule 5
Talbot County, Maryland
Debt Service as a Percentage of Non Capital Expenditures
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Lust Ten Lisear Tears	Fiscal Year											
	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>		
Total expenditures	62,417,844	72,547,650	83,130,279	88,882,843	71,636,142	77,001,162	80,453,673	73,705,383	81,634,022	86,082,433		
Less Capital Outlay Expenditures	4,381,951	6,447,135	8,684,330	11,186,721	2,281,158	5,990,743	4,978,811	3,716,763	3,862,623	10,214,790		
Non-Capital Expenditures	58,035,893	66,100,515	74,445,949	77,696,122	69,354,984	71,010,419	75,474,862	69,988,620	77,771,399	75,867,643		
Debt Service Expenditures* Principal Interest	1,294,367 1,014,351	1,442,570 991,654	1,495,176 1,359,276	2,372,779 1,823,345	2,502,108 1,757,404	2,659,867 1,416,612	2,203,067 1,269,420	2,282,292 1,199,099	2,390,431 1,133,383	2,562,706 1,200,065		
Total Debt Service Expenditures	2,308,718	2,434,224	2,854,452	4,196,124	4,259,512	4,076,479	3,472,487	3,481,391	3,523,814	3,762,771		
Debt service as a percentage of Non-capital expenditures	3.98%	3.68%	3.83%	5.40%	6.14%	5.74%	4.60%	4.97%	4.53%	4.96%		

^{*} Note - Debt Service Expenditures include Debt Service in Public Works, Education and Debt Service categories of expenditures. See Schedule 4 for Debt Service detail by function.

Schedule 6 Talbot County, Maryland Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property, Last Ten Fiscal Years

Public Utility
Real Property ^a
Personal Property ^b

Fiscal Year	Assessed Value			x Rate ^c	A	eighted verage x Rate ^d		Assessed Value		Estimated arket Value	Ta	x Rate ^c	1	Total Estimated Market Value
2015	\$ 8,494,000,738	\$ 8,494,000,738	\$	0.527	\$	0.481	\$	62,229,920	\$	62,229,920	\$	1.318	\$	8,556,230,658
2014	8,812,185,090	8,812,185,090		0.512		0.466		56,604,950		56,604,950		1.280		8,868,790,040
2013	9,278,557,414	9,278,557,414		0.491		0.447		59,473,730		59,473,730		1.228		9,338,031,144
2012	9,710,928,300	9,710,928,300		0.448		0.405		59,151,090		59,151,090		1.120		9,770,079,390
2011	10,093,360,351	10,093,360,351		0.432		0.389		58,123,220		58,123,220		1.080		10,151,483,571
2010	10,076,574,525	10,076,574,525		0.432		0.389		56,285,760		56,285,760		1.080		10,132,860,285
2009	9,079,721,565	9,079,721,565		0.449		0.407		54,920,220		54,920,220		1.123		9,134,641,785
2008	7,849,685,172	7,849,685,172		0.475		0.434		54,664,610		54,664,610		1.188		7,904,349,782
2007	6,664,737,183	6,664,737,183		0.500		0.464		55,889,230		55,889,230		1.250		6,720,626,413
2006	5,802,305,273	5,802,305,273		0.520		0.488		50,485,530		50,485,530		1.300		5,852,790,803

Source: State of Maryland, Department of Assessments and Taxation

Notes:

^a Real Property is reassessed every three years. Real Property is assessed at market value.

^b Public Utility Personal Property is assessed at market value.

^c Per \$100 of value. Direct tax rate for properties located in the unincorporated areas of the County

^d Per \$100 of value. Weighted Average tax rate for all properties in the County.

Schedule 7
Talbot County, Maryland
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates,
Last Ten Years
(rate per \$100 of assessed value)

	Talbot County Direct Real Property Tax RateFiscal							Ov	erlapping	Real Prop	erty Tax Rate	S	 		Tota	al		
Year Ending June 30	Unincorporated Area of County		Oxford	Queen Anne	St. Michaels	Trappe	Weighted Average Tax Rate	Easton	Oxford	Queen Anne	St. Michaels	Trappe	incorporated ea of County	Easton	Oxford	Queen Anne	St. Michaels	Trappe
2015	\$ 0.527	0.395	0.410	0.466	0.400	0.430	0.481	0.520	0.2783	0.180	0.450	0.290	\$ 0.527	0.915	0.6883	0.646	0.850	0.720
2014	\$ 0.512	0.380	0.396	0.452	0.386	0.425	0.466	0.520	0.2438	0.180	0.450	0.290	\$ 0.512	0.900	0.6398	0.632	0.836	0.715
2013	\$ 0.491	0.361	0.377	0.433	0.367	0.406	0.447	0.520	0.2438	0.180	0.520	0.290	\$ 0.491	0.881	0.6208	0.613	0.887	0.696
2012	\$ 0.448	0.319	0.335	0.391	0.325	0.364	0.405	0.520	0.220	0.180	0.580	0.290	\$ 0.448	0.839	0.5550	0.571	0.905	0.654
2011	\$ 0.432	0.302	0.318	0.374	0.308	0.347	0.389	0.520	0.2306	0.180	0.640	0.290	\$ 0.432	0.822	0.5486	0.554	0.948	0.637
2010	\$ 0.432	0.303	0.319	0.375	0.309	0.348	0.389	0.520	0.2438	0.180	0.640	0.300	\$ 0.432	0.823	0.5628	0.555	0.949	0.648
2009	\$ 0.449	0.321	0.337	0.393	0.327	0.368	0.407	0.520	0.256	0.180	0.640	0.300	\$ 0.449	0.841	0.5930	0.573	0.967	0.668
2008	\$ 0.475	0.349	0.365	0.420	0.355	0.395	0.434	0.520	0.280	0.180	0.640	0.300	\$ 0.475	0.869	0.6450	0.600	0.995	0.695
2007	\$ 0.500	0.385	0.400	0.450	0.390	0.430	0.464	0.480	0.290	0.180	0.640	0.300	\$ 0.500	0.865	0.6900	0.630	1.030	0.730
2006	\$ 0.520	0.415	0.450	0.480	0.440	0.480	0.488	0.430	0.300	0.180	0.640	0.300	\$ 0.520	0.845	0.7500	0.660	1.080	0.780

Source: Talbot County Finance Office and State of Maryland, Department of Assessments and Taxation

Notes

Real property is assessed at full cash value.

Section 614 of the Talbot County Charter states that "revenues derived from taxes on properties existing on the County real property tax rolls at the commencement of the County fiscal year shall not increase, compared with the previous year, by more than two percent, or by the Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers (CPI-U) percentage of change for the latest calendar year, determined by the U.S. Department of Labor, whichever is the lesser."

Schedule 8 Talbot County, Maryland Principal Property Tax Payers, Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	Fiscal Year 2015					Fiscal Year 2006			
<u>Taxpayer</u>		Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	_	Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	
William Hill Manor, Inc.	\$	15,175,400	1	0.18%	\$	16,098,736	1	0.28%	
RDC Inn at Perry Cabin LLC		14,767,700	2	0.17%		15,075,866	2	0.26%	
Easton Shoppes Business Trust		13,733,267	3	0.16%		12,955,166	3	0.22%	
Lowe's Home Centers, Inc.		11,923,900	4	0.14%					
Individual		10,649,000	5	0.13%		7,686,522	6	0.13%	
Remco Properties, LLC		10,213,867	6	0.12%					
Target Corporation		10,108,500	7	0.12%					
Wal Mart Real Estate Business Trust		9,407,900	8	0.11%		7,550,200	8	0.13%	
Tred Avon LLC		8,666,800	9	0.10%					
Individual		8,517,300	10	0.10%					
Eastern Shore Retirement Assoc.						11,338,166	4	0.20%	
Hampden Investment Properties LLC						8,619,800	5	0.15%	
Cal-Mar Associates						7,682,933	7	0.13%	
T. I. Properties, LLC						7,498,800	9	0.13%	
Easton Marketplace LLC						7,045,432	10	0.12%	
Total	\$	113,163,634		1.33%	\$	101,551,621		1.75%	

Source: Talbot County Finance Office

Schedule 9 Talbot County, Maryland Property Tax Levies and Collections, Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Т	axes Levied		Collected Fiscal Year			ections/(Refunds/ Adjustments)		Total Collec	tions to Date
Fiscal Year	1	for the Fiscal Year		Amount	Percentage of Levy	i	n Subsequent Years		Amount	Percentage of Levy
2015	<u> </u>	34,024,027	<u> </u>	33.996.787	99.92%	\$	-	\$	33.996.787	99.92%
2014	Ψ	33,071,077	Ψ	33,026,089	99.86%	Ψ	(3,756)	Ψ	33,022,333	99.85%
2013		32,194,472		32,120,054	99.77%		(10,659)		32,109,395	99.74%
2012		29,426,822		29,384,626	99.86%		(8,652)		29,375,974	99.83%
2011		28,628,850		28,599,021	99.90%		17,892		28,616,913	99.96%
2010		27,801,093		27,801,093	100.00%		(17,417)		27,783,676	99.94%
2009		26,909,600		26,898,002	99.96%		(31,611)		26,866,391	99.84%
2008		25,789,640		25,775,727	99.95%		2,593		25,778,320	99.96%
2007		24,484,233		24,452,320	99.87%		(4,651)		24,447,669	99.85%
2006		23,255,337		23,233,396	99.91%		(775)		23,232,621	99.90%

Source: Talbot County Finance Office

Note: The information in this schedule relates to the County's own property tax levies, and does not

include those it collects on behalf of other governments.

Schedule 10 Talbot County, Maryland Income Tax Rates Last Ten Tax Years

State Income Tax Rates*

Tax Year	\$1 to \$1,000 Net Taxable Income	\$1,001 to \$2,000 Net Taxable Income	\$2,001 to \$3,000 Net Taxable Income	In excess of \$3,000 Net Taxable Income	\$3,001 to \$100,000 Net Taxable Income	\$100,001 to \$125,000 Net Taxable Income	\$125,001 to \$150,000 Net Taxable Income	\$150,001 to \$250,000 Net Taxable Income	In excess of \$250,000 Net Taxable Income
2014	2.00%	3.00%	4.00%	N/A	4.75%	5.00%	5.25%	5.50%	5.75%
2013	2.00%	3.00%	4.00%	N/A	4.75%	5.00%	5.25%	5.50%	5.75%
2012	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	4.75%	5.00%	5.25%	5.50%	5.75%
2011	2.00%	3.00%	4.00%	N/A					
2010	2.00%	3.00%	4.00%	N/A					
2009	2.00%	3.00%	4.00%	N/A					
2008	2.00%	3.00%	4.00%	N/A					
2007	2.00%	3.00%	4.00%	4.75%					
2006	2.00%	3.00%	4.00%	4.75%					
2005	2.00%	3.00%	4.00%	4.75%					

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State	Income	I av	K ates*

Tax Year	\$3,001 to \$150,000 Net Taxable Income	\$150,001 to \$300,000 Net Taxable Income	\$300,001 to \$500,000 Net Taxable Income	\$500,001 to \$1,000,000 Net Taxable Income	In excess of \$1,000,000 Net Taxable Income	Talbot County Income Tax Direct Rate
2014	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2.40%
2013	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2.40%
2012	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	2.25%
2011	4.75%	5.00%	5.25%	5.50%	5.50%	2.25%
2010	4.75%	5.00%	5.25%	5.50%	6.25%	2.25%
2009	4.75%	5.00%	5.25%	5.50%	6.25%	2.25%
2008	4.75%	5.00%	5.25%	5.50%	6.25%	2.25%
2007						2.25%
2006						2.25%
2005						2.25%

Source: Revenue Administration Division, State of Maryland Comptroller's Office.

Notes:

*Individual Filing Status

The current maximum allowed local income tax rate is 3.2%.

Schedule 11 Talbot County, Maryland Income Tax Filers Summary Information Last Ten Tax Years

Tax Year	Number of Taxable Returns	Maryland Adjusted Gross Income	Net Taxable Income	Net State Income Tax	Local Income Tax	Total Tax Liability	Talbot County Income Tax Direct Rate
2013	14,331	\$ 1,386,024,598	\$ 1,111,304,912	\$ 50,085,415	\$ 26,353,729	\$ 76,439,144	2.40%
2012	14,370	1,394,066,465	1,124,865,958	51,652,571	25,013,073	76,665,644	2.25%
2011	14,068	1,285,429,925	1,014,019,704	45,374,930	22,534,206	67,909,136	2.25%
2010	13,970	1,231,712,157	966,801,287	43,848,608	21,476,332	65,324,940	2.25%
2009	13,615	1,152,941,209	892,490,578	41,524,166	19,813,516	61,337,682	2.25%
2008	14,129	1,275,092,494	997,801,625	45,438,942	22,225,752	67,664,694	2.25%
2007	15,098	1,637,948,218	1,327,023,177	55,858,849	29,601,486	85,460,335	2.25%
2006	14,912	1,479,509,503	1,198,242,460	50,575,137	26,704,974	77,280,111	2.25%
2005	14,598	1,291,510,360	1,044,209,152	45,179,814	23,253,365	68,433,179	2.25%
2004	13,838	1,019,237,035	814,647,762	35,470,358	18,097,797	53,568,155	2.25%

Source: Revenue Administration Division, State of Maryland Comptroller's Office.

Notes:

See Schedule 12 for detailed breakout of adjusted gross income.

Talbot County Income Tax Direct Rate is a percentage of Maryland taxable income.

Schedule 12 Talbot County, Maryland Income Tax Filers, Net Taxable Income, and Liability by Adjusted Gross Income Level Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	Tax Year 2013												
	Number of	Percentage		Net Taxable	Percentage		Local Tax	Percentage of					
	Taxable Returns	of Total	Income		of Total		Liability	Total					
Adjusted Gross Income Level													
\$500,000 and higher	232	1.6%	\$	354,114,837	31.9%	\$	8,498,756	32.2%					
\$250,000 - 499,999	496	3.5%		149,434,826	13.4%		3,586,434	13.6%					
\$100,000 - 249,999	2,373	16.6%		286,453,365	25.8%		6,874,880	26.1%					
\$50,000 - 99,999	3,666	25.6%		191,863,848	17.3%		4,604,722	17.5%					
\$25,000 - 49,999	4,107	28.7%		97,984,506	8.8%		2,178,816	8.3%					
\$5,000 - 24,999	3,385	23.6%		31,344,344	2.8%		607,578	2.3%					
Under \$5,000	72	0.5%		109,186	0.0%		2,539	0.0%					
Totals	14,331	100.0%	\$	1,111,304,912	100.0%	\$	26,353,725	100.0%					

		Tax Year 2004									
	Number of	Percentage]	Net Taxable	Percentage		Local Tax	Percentage of			
	Taxable Returns	of Total	Income		of Total		Liability	Total			
Adjusted Gross Income Level											
\$200,000 and higher	725	5.2%	\$	356,640,520	43.8%	\$	8,024,409	44.3%			
\$100,000 - 199,999	1,333	9.6%		144,528,302	17.7%		3,251,889	18.0%			
\$50,000 - 99,999	3,351	24.2%		176,712,519	21.7%		3,976,035	22.0%			
\$25,000 - 49,999	3,949	28.5%		95,799,980	11.8%		2,104,013	11.6%			
\$5,000 - 24,999	4,344	31.4%		40,732,840	5.0%		736,604	4.1%			
Under \$5,000	136	1.0%		233,601	0.0%		4,847	0.0%			
Totals	13,838	100%	\$	814,647,762	100%	\$	18,097,797	100%			

Source: Revenue Administration Division, State of Maryland Comptroller's Office.

Schedule 13 Talbot County, Maryland Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type, Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Governmental Activities	Busine Activit				
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	General Obligation Bonds	Capital Leases	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Debt Per Capita
2015	35,367,806	9,641,102	193,364	45,202,272	1.90%	1,200.81
2014	31,257,626	10,503,339	48,875	41,809,840	1.76%	1,110.69
2013	31,667,641	11,114,740	95,555	42,877,936	1.85%	1,130.42
2012	34,027,257	11,969,066	159,691	46,156,014	2.01%	1,213.35
2011	36,307,648	12,809,338	210,316	49,327,302	2.33%	1,297.23
2010	39,141,954	13,596,277	70,269	52,808,500	2.55%	1,397.72
2009	41,656,842	13,582,399	129,153	55,368,394	2.70%	1,526.90
2008	44,076,728	14,074,978	180,211	58,331,917	2.76%	1,615.31
2007	20,283,936	13,541,483	273,950	34,099,369	1.67%	945.18
2006	21,757,660	8,262,807	281,747	30,302,214	1.55%	840.26

Sources: Talbot County Finance Office and Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce

Notes:

2015 percentages calculated using 2014 personal income data, which is the most recent available.

2015 debt per capita is calculated using 2014 population estimate, which is the most recent available.

See Schedule 17 for population and personal income data.

Schedule 14 Talbot County, Maryland Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding, Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	General Obligation	Total Taxable	Percentage of Total Taxable		General Obligation Debt Per
Year	Bonds ^a	Assessable Base ^b	Assessable Base	Population ^c	Capita
2015	45,008,908	8,556,230,658	0.53%	*	1,195.68
2014	41,760,965	8,868,790,040	0.47%	37,643	1,109.40
2013	42,782,381	9,338,031,144	0.46%	37,931	1,127.90
2012	45,996,323	9,770,079,390	0.47%	38,040	1,209.16
2011	49,116,986	10,151,483,571	0.48%	38,025	1,291.70
2010	52,738,231	10,132,860,285	0.52%	37,782	1,395.86
2009	55,239,241	9,134,641,785	0.60%	36,262	1,523.34
2008	58,151,706	7,904,349,782	0.74%	36,112	1,610.32
2007	33,825,419	6,720,626,413	0.50%	36,077	937.59
2006	30,020,467	5,852,790,803	0.51%	36,063	832.45

Sources:

^a Talbot County Finance Office

^b State of Maryland, Department of Assessments and Taxation

^c U.S. Census Bureau.

st Information not yet available; 2015 debt per capita is calculated using 2014 population estimate data.

Schedule 15 Talbot County, Maryland Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2015

Governmental Unit	Total Assessed Valuation of Real Property ^a	% of Assessed Valuation to County Total	Pro Rata Share of County General Obligation Bonded Debt	Municipal Debt utstanding ^b	Estimated Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt		
Easton	2,040,359,754	24.02%	8,495,767	\$ 6,955,000	\$	15,450,767	
Oxford	360,309,900	4.24%	1,500,279	-		1,500,279	
Queen Anne	7,909,667	0.09%	32,935	-		32,935	
St. Michaels	284,205,611	3.35%	1,183,392	-		1,183,392	
Trappe	85,781,500	1.01%	357,182	277,856		635,038	
Unincorporated	5,715,434,306	<u>67.29%</u>	23,798,252	 		23,798,252	
Total	8,494,000,738	100%	35,367,806	\$ 7,232,856	\$	42,600,662	

Sources:

^a State of Maryland, Department of Assessments and Taxation

^b Municipal Town Clerks

Schedule 16
Talbot County, Maryland
Legal Debt Margin Information,
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(dollars in thousands)

	Fiscal Year															
		<u>2006</u>		2007		2008		2009		<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>		<u>2015</u>
Taxable Assessable Base *	\$	5,500,025	\$	6,353,469	\$	7,508,763	\$	8,695,733	\$	9,633,030	\$ 10,093,360	\$ 9,710,928	\$ 9,278,557	\$ 8,812,185	\$	8,494,001
Debt Limit, 15% of Assessable Base		825,004		953,020		1,126,314		1,304,360		1,444,955	1,514,004	1,456,639	1,391,784	1,321,828		1,274,100
Amount of Debt Applicable to Limit																
General Obligation Bonds		30,020		20,284		43,777		41,373		38,873	35,404	33,201	31,668	31,258		35,368
Legal Debt Margin	\$	794,984	\$	932,736	\$	1,082,537	\$	1,262,987	\$	1,406,082	\$ 1,478,600	\$ 1,423,438	\$ 1,360,116	\$ 1,290,570	\$	1,238,732
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		3.64%		2.13%		3.89%		3.17%		2.69%	2.34%	2.28%	2.28%	2.36%		2.78%

Source:

Note:

Section 622 of the Talbot County Charter limits the County's outstanding general obligation long-term debts to no more than 15 percent of the assessable property tax

^{*} State of Maryland, Department of Assessments and Taxation

Schedule 17 Talbot County, Maryland Demographic and Economic Statistics, Last Ten Fiscal Years

<u>Year</u>	Population ^a	Personal Income ^b (thousands of dollars)	Per Capita Personal Income ^b	Public School Enrollment ^c	Unemployment Rate ^d
2015	*	*	*	4,630	5.2%
2014	37,643	2,375,672	63,111	4,537	6.1%
2013	37,931	2,318,765	61,131	4,570	7.6%
2012	38,040	2,297,444	60,395	4,547	7.3%
2011	38,025	2,118,791	55,721	4,504	7.2%
2010	37,782	2,072,002	54,701	4,495	7.8%
2009	36,262	2,049,065	56,507	4,419	7.4%
2008	36,112	2,110,997	58,457	4,396	4.4%
2007	36,077	2,041,855	56,597	4,398	3.5%
2006	36,063	1,961,009	54,377	4,482	3.5%

Sources:

^a U.S. Census Bureau.

^b Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce.

^c Maryland State Department of Education.

^d Maryland Department of Labor, Licensing and Regulation.

^{*} Information not yet available.

Schedule 18 Talbot County, Maryland Principal Private Employers, Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		CY 2014	ļ	CY 2005				
			Percentage of Total County			Percentage of Total County		
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment		
Univ. of MD/Shore Medical Systems	1,641	1	9.50%	1,700	1	9.80%		
Easton Memorial Hospital				1,200	2	6.92%		
Harim USA	408	2	2.36%					
Genesis Healthcare/The Pines	250	3	1.45%	186	10	1.07%		
William Hill Manor	220	4	1.27%	200	7	1.15%		
Wal-Mart	205	5	1.19%	320	4	1.84%		
Quality Health Strategies	180	6	1.04%					
Shore Bancshares	177	7	1.02%					
Chesapeake Building Components	156	8	0.90%	200	8	1.15%		
Target	150	9	0.87%					
Wildlife International	150	10	0.87%					
Allen Family Foods				700	3	4.04%		
Cadmus Prof. Communications				265	5	1.53%		
Chesapeake Publishing				200	9	1.15%		
Lowes				215	6	1.24%		
	3,537		20.47%	5,186		29.90%		

Source: Maryland Department of Business and Economic Development

Schedule 19
Talbot County, Maryland
Full-time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function,
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Full-time Equivalent Employees as of June 30,									
Function/Program	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
General Government	60.9	65.8	66.7	68.4	66.0	63.0	60.3	61.1	63.8	65.8
Public Safety	123.3	128.7	139.6	151.1	151.3	152.0	146.7	151.2	156.3	161.7
Public Works	36.5	39.9	44.7	48.3	50.5	46.0	42.5	41.2	40.8	41.9
Social Services	5.0	4.0	4.8	4.0	3.4	3.0	0.8	-	-	-
Recreation	47.8	51.1	52.4	51.8	46.0	34.0	32.8	33.0	35.1	35.9
Airport	5.1	5.0	5.0	4.9	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.1	5.1	5.0
Total	278.6	294.5	313.3	328.5	322.2	303.0	288.1	291.6	301.1	310.3

Sources: Talbot County Finance Office.

Notes:

A full-time employee is scheduled to work 260 days per year (52 weeks x 5 days per week). At eight hours per day, 2,080 hours are scheduled per year (including vacation and sick leave). Full-time-equivalent employment is calculated by dividing total labor hours by 2,080.

Schedule 20 Talbot County, Maryland Operating Indicators by Function, Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
Function/Program										
General Government										
Building Permits issued	1,034	626	529	388	316	308	267	261	245	239
Value of new construction (000's)	62,002	76,505	58,812	36,505	31,116	36,974	27,067	28,540	24,379	28,289
Public Safety										
Detention Center										
Avg. daily population	101	106	106	90	92	104	85	81	72	63
Bookings	850	764	989	821	807	771	1,020	954	880	804
9-1-1 Calls Answered										
Fire	1,409	1,462	1,557	1,427	1,724	1,705	1,975	2,034	1,917	2,112
Emergency Medical Services	4,525	4,767	4,330	4,334	4,408	4,330	4,458	4,551	4,358	4,774
Sheriff	15,053	10,939	12,592	14,891	15,191	13,627	13,923	12,165	13,139	13,397
Other Police	6,682	6,578	7,289	7,755	7,399	7,383	8,367	11,533	12,040	11,184
Education										
Students	4,482	4,398	4,396	4,419	4,495	4,504	4,547	4,570	4,537	4,630
Teachers Instructional	295	300	301	308	304	316	312	321	321	321
Recreation Facilities										
Boat ramp permits	4,482	3,635	6,673	6,288	6,848	6,724	6,689	6,443	6,185	6,034
Golf rounds	40,080	43,110	30,140	33,670	22,781	27,969	31,467	28,439	29,057	26,889
Public Works										
Centerline miles of road maintained	370	372	372	372	372	372	374	374	374	374
Wastewater treated (mgd)	0.490	0.561	0.450	0.415	0.558	0.481	0.477	0.483	0.460	0.363
Airport										
Based aircraft	158	170	185	147	143	146	146	176	220	216
Gallons of fuel sold	817,497	809,242	690,904	679,857	614,612	646,268	633,071	581,342	642,726	648,140

Sources: Talbot County Finance Office, applicable County Departments, and Maryland State Board of Education.

Schedule 21 Talbot County, Maryland Capital Asset Statistics by Function, Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year									
	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	2008	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
Function/Program										
Public Safety										
Detention center capacity	140	140	140	140	140	140	145	145	145	145
Fire stations	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Emergency Medical Services Stations	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Education										
Elementary Schools	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Middle Schools	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
High Schools	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Public Libraries	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2
Recreation Facilities										
Community Center/Ice Rink	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Golf Course (27 holes)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
County Parks	11	13	13	13	17	17	17	19	19	19
Park acreage	190	632	632	672	672	672	672	693	693	693
Public Landings & Wharves	29	29	29	29	29	30	30	30	30	30
Boat Slips	113	113	113	113	117	117	136	136	136	136
Public Pools	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Public Works										
Centerline miles of county roads	370	372	372	372	372	372	374	374	374	374
Bridges	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Wastewater Treatment Plants	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Miles of mains	33	33	38	38	38	38	38	38	40	40
Pump stations	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Airport										
Number of Runways	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

Sources: Talbot County Finance Office and applicable County Departments.